



Australian Capital Territory

Competition Policy Reform Act 1996 No 21

Republication No 1

Republication date: 25 January 2002

Last amendment made by Act 2001 No 71

Amendments incorporated to 14 September 2001

Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel

About this republication

The republished law

This is a republication of the *Competition Policy Reform Act 1996* as in force on 25 January 2002. It includes any amendment, repeal or expiry affecting the republished law to 14 September 2001 and any amendment made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 (Editorial changes).

The legislation history and amendment history of the republished law are set out in endnotes 3 and 4.

Kinds of republications

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws (see the ACT legislation register at www.legislation.act.gov.au):

- authorised republications to which the *Legislation Act 2001* applies
- unauthorised republications.

The status of this republication appears on the bottom of each page.

Editorial changes

The *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel to make editorial amendments and other changes of a formal nature when preparing a law for republication. Editorial changes do not change the effect of the law, but have effect as if they had been made by an Act commencing on the republication date (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 115 and s 117). The changes are made if the Parliamentary Counsel considers they are desirable to bring the law into line, or more closely into line, with current legislative drafting practice.

This republication includes amendments made under part 11.3 (see endnote 1).

Uncommenced provisions and amendments

If a provision of the republished law has not commenced or is affected by an uncommenced amendment, the symbol **U** appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the uncommenced provision or amendment appears only in the last endnote.

Modifications

If a provision of the republished law is affected by a current modification, the symbol **M** appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the modifying provision appears in the endnotes. For the legal status of modifications, see *Legislation Act 2001*, section 95.

Penalties

The value of a penalty unit for an offence against this republished law at the republication date—

- (a) if the person charged is an individual—\$100; or
- (b) if the person charged is a corporation—\$500.

Amendments incorporated to
14 September 2001



Australian Capital Territory

Competition Policy Reform Act 1996

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Amendments incorporated to
14 September 2001



Australian Capital Territory

Competition Policy Reform Act 1996

An Act to apply certain laws of the Commonwealth relating to competition policy as laws of the Australian Capital Territory, and for other purposes

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of Act

This Act is the *Competition Policy Reform Act 1996*.

2 Dictionary

The dictionary at the end of this Act is part of this Act.

Note 1 The dictionary at the end of this Act defines certain words and expressions used in this Act and includes references (*signpost definitions*) to other words and expressions defined elsewhere in this Act or in other legislation.

For example, the signpost definition ‘*officer*, for the Commonwealth—see the Trade Practices Act, section 150A.’ means that the expression ‘officer’ is defined in that section and the definition applies to this Act.

Note 2 A definition in the dictionary (including a signpost definition) applies to the entire Act unless the definition, or another provision of the Act, provides otherwise or the contrary intention otherwise appears (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 155 and s 156 (1)).

3 Words and expressions defined in Trade Practices Act

A word or expression defined in the Trade Practices Act has the same meaning in this Act.

Part 2 Competition Code

4 Competition Code text

- (1) The Competition Code text consists of—
 - (a) the schedule version of part 4; and
 - (b) the remaining provisions of the Trade Practices Act (except sections 2A, 5, 6 and 172), so far as they would relate to the schedule version if the schedule version were substituted for that Act, part 4.

Note A reference to a provision of an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under the provision, including regulations (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 104).

- (2) For the purpose of forming part of the Competition Code text—
 - (a) the provisions referred to in subsection (1) (b) and (c) are to be modified as necessary to fit in with the schedule version of part 4; and
 - (b) in particular, references to corporations are to include references to persons who are not corporations.

5 Application of Competition Code

- (1) The Competition Code text, as in force for the time being, applies as a law of the Australian Capital Territory.
- (2) This section has effect subject to section 6.

6 Future modifications of Competition Code text

- (1) A modification made by a Commonwealth law to the Competition Code text—
 - (a) does not apply under section 5 before the end of 2 months after the day of the making of the modification unless the Minister, by writing, declares that it applies from an earlier day; and

- (b) does not apply under that section at all if the Minister, by writing, declares that it is to be excluded from the operation of the section.

Note Power given under an Act to make a statutory instrument (including a declaration) includes power to amend or repeal the instrument (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 46 (1)).

- (2) A declaration under subsection (1) is a notifiable instrument.

Note 1 A notifiable instrument must be notified under the *Legislation Act 2001*.

Note 2 An amendment or repeal of a declaration is also a notifiable instrument (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 46 (2)).

- (3) A declaration under subsection (1) (a)—

- (a) cannot declare a day that is earlier than—

(i) the day of notification of the declaration under the *Legislation Act 2001*; or

(ii) the day the modification of the text commences; and

- (b) if it does appoint a day not allowed under paragraph (b)—is taken to declare the day of notification of the declaration or the day the modification of the text commences, whichever is the later.

- (4) For this section, the day a modification to the Competition Code text commences is the day the Commonwealth Act making the modification receives the royal assent or the regulation making the modification is notified in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette*.

7 Interpretation of Competition Code

- (1) The *Acts Interpretation Act 1901* (Cwlth) applies as a law of this jurisdiction to—

(a) the Competition Code of this jurisdiction; and

(b) any instrument under that code.

- (2) For subsection (1), the Commonwealth Act mentioned in that subsection applies as if—
 - (a) the statutory provisions in the Competition Code of this jurisdiction were a Commonwealth Act; and
 - (b) the regulations in the Competition Code of this jurisdiction or instruments mentioned in that subsection were regulations or instruments under a Commonwealth Act.
- (3) The *Interpretation Act 1967* does not apply to—
 - (a) the Competition Code of the Territory; or
 - (b) any instrument under that code.

8 Application of Competition Code

- (1) The Competition Code of this jurisdiction applies to and in relation to—
 - (a) persons carrying on business within this jurisdiction; or
 - (b) bodies corporate incorporated or registered under the law of this jurisdiction; or
 - (c) persons ordinarily resident in this jurisdiction; or
 - (d) persons otherwise connected with this jurisdiction.
- (2) Subject to subsection (1), the Competition Code of this jurisdiction extends to conduct, and other acts, matters and things, occurring or existing outside or partly outside this jurisdiction (whether within or outside Australia).
- (3) Where a claim under section 82 of the Competition Code of this jurisdiction is made in a proceeding, a person is not entitled to rely at a hearing in respect of that proceeding on conduct to which a provision of the code extends occurring outside Australia except with the consent in writing of the Commonwealth Minister.
- (4) A person other than the Commonwealth Minister or the commission is not entitled to make an application to the court for an order under

the Competition Code of this jurisdiction, section 87 (1) or (1A) in a proceeding in respect of conduct to which a provision of the code extends occurring outside Australia except with the consent in writing of the Commonwealth Minister.

- (5) The Commonwealth Minister is required to give a consent under subsection (3) or (4) in respect of a proceeding unless, in the opinion of the Commonwealth Minister—
- (a) the law of the country in which the conduct concerned was engaged in required or specifically authorised the engaging in of the conduct; and
 - (b) it is not in the national interest that the consent be given.
- (6) In this section:

Commonwealth Minister means a Minister of State for the Commonwealth administering the Trade Practices Act, part 4.

9 Special provisions

The references in the Competition Code of this or another participating jurisdiction, sections 45 and 45B to the ***commencement of this section*** are taken to be references to the commencement of the provision of the law of that jurisdiction that provides that the Competition Code text as in force for the time being applies as a law of that jurisdiction.

Part 3 Citing the Competition Code

10 Citation of Competition Code of this jurisdiction

The Competition Code text applying as a law of this jurisdiction may be cited as the Competition Code of the Australian Capital Territory.

11 References to Competition Code

- (1) The object of this section is to help ensure that the Competition Code of this jurisdiction can operate, in appropriate circumstances, as if that code, together with the Competition Code of each other participating jurisdiction, constituted a single national Competition Code applying throughout the participating jurisdictions.
- (2) A reference in any instrument to the Competition Code is a reference to the Competition Codes of any or all of the participating jurisdictions.
- (3) Subsection (2) has effect except so far as the contrary intention appears in the instrument or the context of the reference otherwise requires.

12 References to Competition Codes of other jurisdictions

- (1) This section has effect for an Act, a law of this jurisdiction or an instrument under an Act or such a law.
- (2) If a law of a participating jurisdiction other than this jurisdiction provides that the Competition Code text as in force for the time being applies as a law of that jurisdiction, the Competition Code of that jurisdiction is the Competition Code text, applying as a law of that jurisdiction.

Part 4 Application of Competition Codes to Crown

13 Application law of this jurisdiction

The application law of this jurisdiction binds (so far as the legislative power of Parliament permits) the Crown in right of this jurisdiction and of each other jurisdiction, so far as the Crown carries on a business, either directly or by an authority of the jurisdiction concerned.

14 Application law of other jurisdictions

The application law of each participating jurisdiction other than this jurisdiction binds the Crown in right of this jurisdiction, so far as the Crown carries on a business, either directly or by an authority of this jurisdiction.

15 Activities that are not business

- (1) For sections 13 and 14, the following do not amount to carrying on a business:
 - (a) imposing or collecting—
 - (i) taxes; or
 - (ii) levies; or
 - (iii) fees for licences;
 - (b) granting, refusing to grant, revoking, suspending or varying licences (whether or not they are subject to conditions);
 - (c) a transaction involving—
 - (i) only persons who are all acting for the Crown in the same right (and none of whom is an authority of a State); or
 - (ii) only persons who are all acting for the same authority of a State; or

- (iii) only the Crown in right of a State and 1 or more non-commercial authorities of that State; or
 - (iv) only non-commercial authorities of the same State;
- (d) the acquisition of primary products by a government body under legislation, unless the acquisition occurs because—
 - (i) the body chooses to acquire the products; or
 - (ii) the body has not exercised a discretion that it has under the legislation that would allow it not to acquire the products.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not limit the things that do not amount to carrying on a business for sections 13 and 14.
- (3) In this section:
 - acquisition of primary products by a government body under legislation* includes vesting of ownership of primary products in a government body by legislation.
 - government body* means a State or an authority of a State.
 - licence* means a licence that allows the licensee to supply goods or services.
 - primary products* means—
 - (a) agricultural or horticultural produce; or
 - (b) crops, whether on or attached to the land or not; or
 - (c) animals (whether dead or alive); or
 - (d) the bodily produce (including natural increase) of animals.
- (4) For this section, an authority of a State is **non-commercial** if—
 - (a) it is constituted by only 1 person; and
 - (b) it is neither a trading corporation nor a financial corporation.

16 Crown not liable to pecuniary penalty or prosecution

- (1) Nothing in the application law of this jurisdiction makes the Crown in any capacity liable to a pecuniary penalty or to be prosecuted for an offence.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), nothing in the application law of a participating jurisdiction makes the Crown in right of this jurisdiction liable to a pecuniary penalty or to be prosecuted for an offence.
- (3) The protection in subsection (1) or (2) does not apply to an authority of any jurisdiction.

17 Pt 4 overrides the prerogative

If, because of this part, a provision of the law of another participating jurisdiction binds the Crown in right of this jurisdiction, the Crown in that right is subject to that provision despite any prerogative right or privilege.

Part 5

National administration and enforcement of Competition Codes

Division 5.1—Preliminary

18 Object of pt 5

The object of this part is to help ensure that the Competition Codes of the participating jurisdictions are administered on a uniform basis, in the same way as if those Codes constituted a single law of the Commonwealth.

Division 5.2—Conferral of functions

19 Conferral of functions and powers on certain bodies

- (1) The authorities and officers of the Commonwealth referred to in the Competition Code of this jurisdiction, including (but not limited to) the commission, the tribunal and the council, have the functions and powers conferred or expressed to be conferred on them respectively under the Competition Code of this jurisdiction.
- (2) In addition to the powers mentioned in subsection (1), the authorities and officers referred to in that subsection have power to do all things necessary or convenient to be done in connection with the performance of the functions and exercise of the powers referred to in that subsection.

20 Conferral of other functions and powers for law in this jurisdiction

The commission and the tribunal have power to do acts in this jurisdiction in the performance or exercise of any function or power expressed to be conferred on them respectively by the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction.

Division 5.3—Jurisdiction of courts

21 Jurisdiction of Federal Court

Jurisdiction is conferred on the Federal Court with respect to all civil and criminal matters arising under the Competition Code of this jurisdiction.

22 Jurisdiction of courts of this jurisdiction

Subject to section 23, the courts of this jurisdiction do not have jurisdiction with respect to the matters referred to in section 21.

23 Exercise of jurisdiction under cross-vesting provisions

This part does not affect the operation of any law of this jurisdiction relating to cross-vesting of jurisdiction.

Division 5.4—Offences

24 Object

- (1) The object of this division is to further the object of this part by providing—
 - (a) for an offence against the Competition Code of this jurisdiction to be treated as if it were an offence against a law of the Commonwealth; and
 - (b) for an offence against the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction to be treated in this jurisdiction as if it were an offence against a law of the Commonwealth.
- (2) The purposes for which an offence is to be treated as mentioned in subsection (1) include, for example (but without limitation)—
 - (a) the investigation and prosecution of offences; and
 - (b) the arrest, custody, bail, trial and conviction of offenders or persons charged with offences; and

- (c) proceedings relating to a matter referred to in paragraph (a) or (b); and
- (d) appeals and review relating to criminal proceedings and to proceedings of the kind referred to in paragraph (c); and
- (e) the sentencing, punishment and release of persons convicted of offences; and
- (f) fines, penalties and forfeitures; and
- (g) liability to make reparation in connection with offences; and
- (h) proceeds of crime; and
- (i) spent convictions.

25 Application of Commonwealth laws to offences against Competition Code of this jurisdiction

- (1) The Commonwealth laws apply as laws of this jurisdiction in relation to an offence against the Competition Code of this jurisdiction as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth and not a law of this jurisdiction.
- (2) For a law of this jurisdiction, an offence against the Competition Code of this jurisdiction—
 - (a) is taken to be an offence against the laws of the Commonwealth, in the same way as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth; and
 - (b) is taken not to be an offence against the laws of this jurisdiction.
- (3) Subsection (2) has effect for a law of this jurisdiction except as prescribed by regulations under this Act.

26 Application of Commonwealth laws to offences against Competition Codes of other jurisdictions

- (1) The Commonwealth laws apply as laws of this jurisdiction in relation to an offence against the Competition Code of another

participating jurisdiction as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth and not a law of that other jurisdiction.

- (2) For a law of this jurisdiction, an offence against the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction—
 - (a) is taken to be an offence against the laws of the Commonwealth, in the same way as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth; and
 - (b) is taken not to be an offence against the laws of that jurisdiction.
- (3) Subsection (2) has effect for a law of this jurisdiction except as prescribed by regulations under this Act.
- (4) This section does not require, prohibit, empower, authorise or otherwise provide for, the doing of an act outside this jurisdiction.

27 Functions and powers conferred on Commonwealth officers and authorities

- (1) A Commonwealth law applying because of section 25 that confers on a Commonwealth officer or authority a function or power in relation to an offence against the Trade Practices Act also confers on the officer or authority the same function or power in relation to an offence against the corresponding provision of the Competition Code of this jurisdiction.
- (2) A Commonwealth law applying because of section 26 that confers on a Commonwealth officer or authority a function or power in relation to an offence against the Trade Practices Act also confers on the officer or authority the same function or power in relation to an offence against the corresponding provision of the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction.
- (3) The function or power referred to in subsection (2) may only be performed or exercised in this jurisdiction.
- (4) In performing a function or exercising a power conferred by subsection (1) or (2), the Commonwealth officer or authority must

act as nearly as practicable as the officer or authority would act in performing or exercising the same function or power in relation to an offence against the corresponding provision of the Trade Practices Act.

28 Restriction of functions and powers of officers and authorities of this jurisdiction

Where, under this division, a function or power is conferred on a Commonwealth officer or authority, that function or power may not be performed or exercised by an officer or authority of this jurisdiction.

Division 5.5—Administrative law

29 Meaning of *Commonwealth administrative laws*

In this division:

Commonwealth administrative laws means the following:

- (a) the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975* (Cwlth), other than part 4A (Appeals and references of questions of law to the Federal Court of Australia);
- (b) the *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (Cwlth);
- (c) the *Ombudsman Act 1976* (Cwlth);
- (d) the *Privacy Act 1988* (Cwlth).

Note A reference to a Cwlth Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under that Act, including regulations (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 104).

30 Application of Commonwealth administrative laws to Competition Code of this jurisdiction

- (1) The Commonwealth administrative laws apply as laws of this jurisdiction to any matter arising in relation to the Competition Code of this jurisdiction as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth and not a law of this jurisdiction.

- (2) For a law of this jurisdiction, a matter arising in relation to the Competition Code of this jurisdiction—
 - (a) is taken to be a matter arising in relation to laws of the Commonwealth in the same way as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth; and
 - (b) is taken not to be a matter arising in relation to laws of this jurisdiction.
- (3) Subsection (2) has effect for a law of this jurisdiction except as prescribed by regulations under this Act.

31 Application of Commonwealth administrative laws to Competition Codes of other jurisdictions

- (1) The Commonwealth administrative laws apply as laws of this jurisdiction to any matter arising in relation to the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth and not a law of that jurisdiction.
- (2) For a law of this jurisdiction, a matter arising in relation to the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction—
 - (a) is taken to be a matter arising in relation to laws of the Commonwealth in the same way as if that code were a law of the Commonwealth; and
 - (b) is taken not to be a matter arising in relation to laws of that jurisdiction.
- (3) Subsection (2) has effect for a law of this jurisdiction except as prescribed by regulations under this Act.
- (4) This section does not require, prohibit, empower, authorise or otherwise provide for, the doing of an act outside this jurisdiction.

32 Functions and powers conferred on Commonwealth officers and authorities

- (1) A Commonwealth administrative law applying because of section 30 that confers on a Commonwealth officer or authority a

function or power also confers on the officer or authority the same function or power in relation to a matter arising in relation to the Competition Code of this jurisdiction.

- (2) A Commonwealth administrative law applying because of section 31 that confers on a Commonwealth officer or authority a function or power also confers on the officer or authority the same function or power in relation to a matter arising in relation to the Competition Code of another participating jurisdiction.
- (3) The function or power referred to in subsection (2) may only be performed or exercised in this jurisdiction.
- (4) In performing a function or exercising a power conferred by subsection (1) or (2), the Commonwealth officer or authority must act as nearly as practicable as the officer or authority would act in performing or exercising the same function or power under the Commonwealth administrative law.

33 Restriction of functions and powers of officers and authorities of this jurisdiction

Where, under this division, a function or power is conferred on a Commonwealth officer or authority, that function or power may not be performed or exercised by an officer or authority of this jurisdiction.

33A Construction of references to Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act (Cwlth), pt 4A

For sections 30 and 31, a reference in a provision of the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975* (Cwlth) (as that provision applies as a law of this jurisdiction) to part 4A (Appeals and references of questions of law to the Federal Court of Australia) of that Act, or any provision of that part, is a reference to the part or provision of that part as it has effect as a law of the Commonwealth.

Part 6 Miscellaneous

34 No doubling-up of liabilities

(1) If—

- (a) an act or omission is an offence against the Competition Code of this jurisdiction and is also an offence against the Trade Practices Act or an application law of another participating jurisdiction; and
- (b) the offender has been punished for the offence under the Trade Practices Act or the application law of the other jurisdiction;

the offender is not liable to be punished for the offence against the Competition Code of this jurisdiction.

- (2) If a person has been ordered to pay a pecuniary penalty under the Trade Practices Act or the application law of another participating jurisdiction, the person is not liable to a pecuniary penalty under the Competition Code of this jurisdiction in respect of the same conduct.

35 Things done for multiple purposes

The validity of an authorisation, notification or any other thing given or done for the Competition Code of this jurisdiction is not affected only because it was given or done also for the Trade Practices Act or the Competition Code of 1 or more other jurisdictions.

36 Reference in Commonwealth law to a provision of another law

For section 25, 26, 30 or 31, a reference in a Commonwealth law to a provision of that or another Commonwealth law is taken to be a reference to that provision as applying because of that section.

37 Fees and other money

- (1) All fees, taxes, penalties (including pecuniary penalties referred to in the Competition Code, section 76), fines and other money that, under the application law of this jurisdiction, are authorised or directed to be payable by or imposed on any person must be paid to the Commonwealth.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to amounts recovered for loss or damage as referred to in the Competition Code, section 82 or 87 and other amounts prescribed by the regulations under this Act.
- (3) This subsection imposes the fees (including fees that are taxes) that the regulations in the Competition Code of this jurisdiction prescribe.

38 Regulation-making power

The Executive may make regulations for this Act.

Note Regulations must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the *Legislation Act 2001*.

39 Regulations for exceptions under Trade Practices Act, s 51 or code

Without limiting any other power to make regulations under any other Act, regulations may be made under this Act specifically authorising a specified thing to be done in this jurisdiction and referring expressly to the Trade Practices Act or the Competition Code.

Part 7 Transitional rules

40 Definitions for pt 7

In this part:

code means the Competition Code of this jurisdiction.

cut-off date means 19 August 1994.

existing contract means a contract that was made before the operative date.

operative date means the date of commencement of parts 2 to 6 of this Act.

41 Existing contracts

- (1) For the purposes of deciding whether a person has contravened the code, part 4 at any time after the operative date—
 - (a) existing contracts made before the cut-off date, and things done to give effect to those contracts, are to be disregarded;
 - (b) if an existing contract made before the cut-off date is varied on or after the cut-off date, things done to give effect to the varied contract are not to be disregarded under paragraph (a) unless they would have been disregarded under the contract as in force immediately before the cut-off date; and
 - (c) regard can be had to existing contracts made on or after the cut-off date and to things done to give effect to those contracts.
- (2) The Code, part 4 does not make unenforceable a provision of an existing contract made before the cut-off date, unless it was unenforceable immediately before the operative date.
- (3) The Code, part 4 can make unenforceable a provision of an existing contract made on or after the cut-off date.

Dictionary

(see s 2)

application law means—

- (a) a law of a participating jurisdiction that applies the Competition Code, either with or without modifications, as a law of the participating jurisdiction; or
- (b) the Competition Code, applying as a law of the participating jurisdiction, either with or without modifications.

Note A reference to an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under the Act, including regulations (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 104).

commission means the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission established by the Trade Practices Act, section 6A, and includes a member of the commission or a division of the commission performing functions of the commission.

Competition Code means (according to the context)—

- (a) the Competition Code text; or
- (b) the Competition Code text, applying as a law of a participating jurisdiction, either with or without modifications.

Competition Code text means the text described in section 4.

Conduct Code Agreement means the Conduct Code Agreement made on 11 April 1995 between the Commonwealth, the State of New South Wales, the State of Victoria, the State of Queensland, the State of Western Australia, the State of South Australia, the State of Tasmania, the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory of Australia, as in force for the time being.

council means the National Competition Council established by the Trade Practices Act, section 29A.

instrument means any document whatever, including—

- (a) an Act or an instrument made under an Act; or
- (b) a law of this jurisdiction or an instrument made under such a law; or
- (c) an award or other industrial determination or order, or an industrial agreement; or
- (d) any other order (whether executive, judicial or otherwise); or
- (e) a notice, certificate or licence; or
- (f) an agreement; or
- (g) an application made, information or complaint laid, affidavit sworn, or warrant issued, for any purpose; or
- (h) an indictment, presentment, summons or writ; or
- (i) any other pleading in, or process issued in connection with, a legal or other proceeding.

jurisdiction means a State.

law, in relation to a Territory, means a law of, or in force in, that Territory.

month means a period commencing at the beginning of a day of 1 of the 12 months of the year and ending immediately before the beginning of the corresponding day of the next month or, if there is no such corresponding day, ending at the expiration of the next month.

officer, of the Commonwealth—see the Trade Practices Act, section 150A.

participating jurisdiction means a jurisdiction that is a party to the Conduct Code Agreement and applies the Competition Code as a law of the jurisdiction, either with or without modifications.

schedule version of part 4 means the text that is set out in the Trade Practices Act, schedule.

State includes a Territory.

Territory means the Australian Capital Territory or the Northern Territory of Australia.

this jurisdiction means the Australian Capital Territory.

Trade Practices Act means the *Trade Practices Act 1974* (Cwlth).

tribunal means the Australian Competition tribunal referred to in the Trade Practices Act, and includes a member of the tribunal or a division of the tribunal performing functions of the tribunal.

Endnotes

1 About the endnotes

Endnotes

1 About the endnotes

Amending and modifying laws are annotated in the legislation history and the amendment history. Current modifications are not included in the republished law but are set out in the endnotes.

Not all editorial amendments made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 are annotated in the amendment history. Full details of any amendments can be obtained from the Parliamentary Counsel's Office.

Uncommenced amending laws are listed in the legislation history and the amendment history. These details are underlined. Uncommenced provisions and amendments are not included in the republished law but are set out in the last endnotes.

If all the provisions of the law have been renumbered, a table of renumbered provisions gives details of previous and current numbering.

The endnotes also include a table of earlier republications.

If the republished law includes penalties, current information about penalty unit values appears on the republication inside front cover.

2 Abbreviation key

am = amended	ord = ordinance
amdt = amendment	orig = original
ch = chapter	p = page
cl = clause	par = paragraph
def = definition	pres = present
dict = dictionary	prev = previous
disallowed = disallowed by the Legislative Assembly	(prev...) = previously
div = division	prov = provision
exp = expires/expired	pt = part
Gaz = Gazette	r = rule/subrule
hdg = heading	reg = regulation/subregulation
ins = inserted/added	renum = renumbered
LA = Legislation Act 2001	reloc = relocated
LR = legislation register	R[X] = Republication No
LRA = Legislation (Republication) Act 1996	s = section/subsection
mod = modified / modification	sch = schedule
No = number	sdiv = subdivision
o = order	sub = substituted
om = omitted/repealed	SL = Subordinate Law
	<u>underlining</u> = whole or part not commenced

3 Legislation history

Competition Policy Reform Act 1996 No 21

notified 4 June 1996 (Gaz 1996 No S101)
 ss 1-3 and 40-45 commenced 4 June 1996 (s 2 (1))
 remainder (ss4-39) commenced 20 July 1996 s 2 (2))

Legislation (Consequential Amendments) Act 2001 No 44 pt 71

notified 26 July 2001 (Gaz 2001 No 30)
 s 1, s 2 commenced 26 July 2001 (IA s 10B)
 amdt 1.787, amdt 1.789 commenced 14 September 2001 (amdt 1.787,
 amdt 1.789)
 pt 71 remainder commenced 12 September 2001 (s 2 and Gaz 2001
 No S65)

Jurisdiction of Courts Legislation Amendment Act 2001 No 71 sch 1 pt 1

notified LR 14 September 2001
 commenced 14 September 2001 (s 2)

4 Amendment history

Name of Act

s 1 sub 2001 No 71 amdt 1.1

Dictionary

s 2 sub 2001 No 71 amdt 1.1

Words and expressions defined in Trade Practices Act

s 3
 defs reloc to dict 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
 am 2001 No 71 amdt 1.4
 def **modifications** om 2001 No 71 amdt 1.2
 def **officer** om 2001 No 71 amdt 1.2

Competition Code text

s 4 am 2001 No 44 amdt 1.785

Future modifications of Competition Code text

s 6 sub 2001 No 44 amdt 1.786

Preliminary

div 5.1 hdg (prev pt 5 div 1 hdg) renum R1 LA

Conferral of functions

div 5.2 hdg (prev pt 5 div 2 hdg) renum R1 LA

Endnotes

4 Amendment history

Jurisdiction of courts

div 5.3 hdg (prev pt 5 div 3 hdg) renum R1 LA

Offences

div 5.4 hdg (prev pt 5 div 4 hdg) renum R1 LA

Administrative law

div 5.5 hdg (prev pt 5 div 5 hdg) renum R1 LA

Meaning of *Commonwealth administrative laws*

s 29 def ***Commonwealth administrative laws*** sub 2001 No 44
amdt 1.787
am 2001 No 71 amdt 1.5

Construction of references to Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act (Cwlth), pt 4A

s 33A ins 2001 No 71 amdt 1.6

Regulation-making power

s 38 sub 2001 No 44 amdt 1.788

Section 51 exceptions

s 42 om 2001 No 71 amdt 1.7

Temporary exemption from pecuniary penalties

s 43 om 2001 No 71 amdt 1.7

Advance authorisations

s 44 om 2001 No 71 amdt 1.7

Regulations relating to savings and transitional matters

s 45 om 2001 No 71 amdt 1.7

Dictionary

dict ins 2001 No 71 amdt 1.8
def ***application law*** sub 2001 No 44 amdt 1.789
reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***commission*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***Competition Code*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***Competition Code text*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***Conduct Code Agreement*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***council*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***instrument*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***jurisdiction*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***law*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***month*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***officer*** ins 2001 No 71 amdt 1.8
def ***participating jurisdiction*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***schedule version of part IV*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
def ***State*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3

def ***Territory*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
 def ***this jurisdiction*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
 def ***Trade Practices Act*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3
 def ***tribunal*** reloc from s 3 2001 No 71 amdt 1.3

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