



Australian Capital Territory

Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018

A2018-47

Republication No 3

Effective: 3 March 2020

Republication date: 3 March 2020

Last amendment made by [A2019-42](#)

About this republication

The republished law

This is a republication of the *Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018* (including any amendment made under the [Legislation Act 2001](#), part 11.3 (Editorial changes)) as in force on 3 March 2020. It also includes any commencement, amendment, repeal or expiry affecting this republished law to 3 March 2020.

The legislation history and amendment history of the republished law are set out in endnotes 3 and 4.

Kinds of republications

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws (see the ACT legislation register at www.legislation.act.gov.au):

- authorised republications to which the [Legislation Act 2001](#) applies
- unauthorised republications.

The status of this republication appears on the bottom of each page.

Editorial changes

The [Legislation Act 2001](#), part 11.3 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel to make editorial amendments and other changes of a formal nature when preparing a law for republication. Editorial changes do not change the effect of the law, but have effect as if they had been made by an Act commencing on the republication date (see [Legislation Act 2001](#), s 115 and s 117). The changes are made if the Parliamentary Counsel considers they are desirable to bring the law into line, or more closely into line, with current legislative drafting practice.

This republication includes amendments made under part 11.3 (see endnote 1).

Uncommenced provisions and amendments

If a provision of the republished law has not commenced, the symbol **U** appears immediately before the provision heading. Any uncommenced amendments that affect this republished law are accessible on the ACT legislation register (www.legislation.act.gov.au). For more information, see the home page for this law on the register.

Modifications

If a provision of the republished law is affected by a current modification, the symbol **M** appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the modifying provision appears in the endnotes. For the legal status of modifications, see the [Legislation Act 2001](#), section 95.

Penalties

At the republication date, the value of a penalty unit for an offence against this law is \$160 for an individual and \$810 for a corporation (see [Legislation Act 2001](#), s 133).



Australian Capital Territory

Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018

Contents

		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Name of Act	2
3	Dictionary	2
4	Notes	2
5	Offences against Act—application of Criminal Code etc	2
6	Object of Act	3
Part 2	Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund	
7	Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund—establishment	4
8	PSWC fund directorate	4
9	PSWC fund banking accounts	4
10	Payment of public sector workers compensation appropriations	4
11	Appropriation of certain amounts for PSWC fund	5
R3 03/03/20	Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018 Effective: 03/03/20	contents 1

Contents

	Page
12 Payments from PSWC fund banking accounts	5
13 Closure of PSWC fund banking accounts	6
14 Investment of amounts in PSWC fund banking accounts	6
15 Returns on amounts appropriated for PSWC fund	7
16 Determination of amounts to be contributed to PSWC fund	8
17 PSWC fund management guidelines	8
 Part 3 Administration	
18 Appointment of PSWC commissioner	10
19 Functions of PSWC commissioner	10
20 Delegation by PSWC commissioner	11
21 Arrangements for staff	11
22 Power to engage consultants and contractors including claims manager	11
23 Claims manager's functions	12
24 PSWC Fund Advisory Committee—establishment	13
25 Functions of advisory committee	13
26 Membership of advisory committee	14
27 Quorum for advisory committee meetings	14
28 Use and disclosure of protected information	15
29 Protection from liability	17
 Dictionary	 18
 Endnotes	
1 About the endnotes	20
2 Abbreviation key	20
3 Legislation history	21
4 Amendment history	21
5 Earlier republications	22
6 Expired transitional or validating provisions	22



Australian Capital Territory

Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018

An Act to provide for the management of funds dedicated to meeting the workers compensation liabilities of the Territory, and for other purposes

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of Act

This Act is the *Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018*.

3 Dictionary

The dictionary at the end of this Act is part of this Act.

Note 1 The dictionary at the end of this Act defines certain terms used in this Act, and includes references (*signpost definitions*) to other terms defined elsewhere in this Act.

For example, the signpost definition '*PSWC fund*—see section 7.' means that the term 'PSWC fund' is defined in that section.

Note 2 A definition in the dictionary (including a signpost definition) applies to the entire Act unless the definition, or another provision of the Act, provides otherwise or the contrary intention otherwise appears (see [Legislation Act](#), s 155 and s 156 (1)).

4 Notes

A note included in this Act is explanatory and is not part of this Act.

Note See the [Legislation Act](#), s 127 (1), (4) and (5) for the legal status of notes.

5 Offences against Act—application of Criminal Code etc

Other legislation applies in relation to offences against this Act.

Note 1 *Criminal Code*

The [Criminal Code](#), ch 2 applies to all offences against this Act (see Code, pt 2.1).

The chapter sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility (including burdens of proof and general defences), and defines terms used for offences to which the Code applies (eg *conduct*, *intention*, *recklessness* and *strict liability*).

Note 2 *Penalty units*

The [Legislation Act](#), s 133 deals with the meaning of offence penalties that are expressed in penalty units.

6 Object of Act

The main object of this Act is to establish financial and prudential governance in relation to the Territory's obligations as a self-insured licensee under the [SRC Act](#).

Part 2 Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund

7 **Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund— establishment**

The Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund (the *PSWC fund*) is established.

8 **PSWC fund directorate**

The Treasurer must, under the *Financial Management Act 1996*, dictionary, definition of *directorate*, paragraph (b), establish and keep a directorate for the PSWC fund (the *PSWC fund directorate*).

9 **PSWC fund banking accounts**

- (1) The director-general must open and keep 1 or more banking accounts (a *PSWC fund banking account*) solely for the management of the PSWC fund.
- (2) A PSWC fund banking account is a directorate banking account of the PSWC fund directorate.

10 **Payment of public sector workers compensation appropriations**

An amount appropriated by a public sector workers compensation appropriation must be paid into a PSWC fund banking account.

11 Appropriation of certain amounts for PSWC fund

The following amounts, whether received or receivable before or after the commencement of this Act, are appropriated for the purposes of the PSWC fund and must be paid into a PSWC fund banking account:

- (a) an amount received from the Commonwealth or Comcare in relation to a licence granted to the Territory under the [SRC Act](#), section 103;
- (b) an amount held by the Australian Capital Territory Insurance Authority in relation to workers compensation liabilities under the [SRC Act](#);
- (c) premium amounts;
- (d) the returns on money held in the account;
- (e) money required to be paid into the fund under this Act or any other Act;
- (f) all other money received by the PSWC commissioner for payment into the PSWC fund.

12 Payments from PSWC fund banking accounts

The following amounts only are to be paid out of a PSWC fund banking account:

- (a) all payments required to be made by the Territory under the [SRC Act](#);
- (b) the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the Territory or the claims manager in the management of a workers compensation claim against the Territory under the [SRC Act](#);
- (c) the reasonable costs of remuneration, allowances, office accommodation and similar costs of the PSWC commissioner in exercising the commissioner's functions under this Act;

- (d) reasonable costs related to meetings of the advisory committee;
- (e) in accordance with the guidelines—any refund of premium amounts paid into the fund.

13 Closure of PSWC fund banking accounts

If a PSWC fund banking account is closed, the balance of money in the account must be paid into another PSWC fund banking account.

14 Investment of amounts in PSWC fund banking accounts

- (1) An amount in a PSWC fund banking account that is not immediately needed for a purpose mentioned in section 12 may be invested—
 - (a) by the Treasurer, for the PSWC fund banking account, in an investment mentioned in the [Financial Management Act 1996](#), section 38 (1) (a) to (e); or
 - (b) in any investment prescribed by a PSWC fund investment guideline under section 17.
- (2) For subsection (1) (a), the investment must be consistent with any investment prescribed by a PSWC fund investment guideline.
- (3) Transfers between the territory banking account and PSWC fund banking accounts to facilitate investment may be made without appropriation.
- (4) Returns received by the Territory for the investment of amounts from a PSWC fund banking account must be paid into a PSWC fund banking account.
- (5) Any fees or expenses reasonably incurred in making or managing an investment of an amount from a PSWC fund banking account may be deducted from the investment.

- (6) Returns that must be paid into a PSWC fund banking account under subsection (4) may be paid into the account directly or through the territory banking account.
- (7) If returns to be paid to a PSWC fund banking account are paid into the territory banking account under subsection (6), the returns may be paid to the PSWC fund banking account from the territory banking account without further appropriation.

15 Returns on amounts appropriated for PSWC fund

- (1) A public sector workers compensation appropriation, whether made before or after the commencement of this Act, is taken to be an appropriation of—
 - (a) the amount stated in the appropriation; and
 - (b) any returns received on the investment of the amount, or any part of it, under this Act.
- (2) Returns received by the Territory on an investment under this Act of an amount from a public sector workers compensation appropriation must be applied for the purposes for which the amount invested was appropriated.
- (3) Any fees or expenses reasonably incurred in making or managing an investment of an amount from a public sector workers compensation appropriation may be deducted from the investment.

16 Determination of amounts to be contributed to PSWC fund

- (1) Before the beginning of each financial year, or any other period determined by the PSWC commissioner (the *contribution period*), the PSWC commissioner must determine, in writing, the amount needed to be paid by the Territory into the PSWC fund in the contribution period (the *premium amount*)—
 - (a) to fully fund the present and likely future liabilities of the Territory under the [SRC Act](#) in relation to a particular injury, loss or damage suffered by, or in relation to the death of, some or all of its employees under the [SRC Act](#) during the contribution period; and
 - (b) to meet the payments needed to be made from the PSWC fund (other than under the [SRC Act](#)) during the contribution period; and
 - (c) to provide for any other matters the PSWC commissioner should, in all the circumstances, prudently make provision for in relation to liabilities of the Territory under the [SRC Act](#).
- (2) The premium amount must be an amount that the PSWC commissioner reasonably believes will result in the acceptable funding ratio for the PSWC fund consistent with the guidelines.
- (3) In determining the premium amount, the PSWC commissioner must take into account actuarial advice for the contribution period.

17 PSWC fund management guidelines

- (1) The Treasurer may make guidelines in relation to the PSWC fund including provision about—
 - (a) investment under section 14; and
 - (b) the acceptable funding ratio for the fund and the period of time in which the fund must return to an acceptable funding ratio if the fund is in deficit.

- (2) The Minister may make guidelines in relation to the PSWC fund including provision about—
- (a) how the PSWC commissioner must determine the premium amount; and
 - (b) how premium amounts must be paid to the fund; and
 - (c) reporting requirements; and
 - (d) financial and governance requirements that must be met by any contracted claims manager.
- (3) A guideline is a notifiable instrument.

Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the [Legislation Act](#).

Part 3 Administration

18 Appointment of PSWC commissioner

- (1) The Minister must appoint a public servant as Public Sector Workers Compensation Commissioner (the *PSWC commissioner*).

Note 1 For the making of appointments (including acting appointments), see the [Legislation Act](#), pt 19.3.

Note 2 In particular, an appointment may be made by naming a person or nominating the occupant of a position (see [Legislation Act](#), s 207).

- (2) The PSWC commissioner must be appointed for not longer than 3 years.

Note A person may be reappointed to a position if the person is eligible to be appointed to the position (see [Legislation Act](#), s 208 and dict, pt 1, def *appoint*).

19 Functions of PSWC commissioner

The PSWC commissioner has the following functions:

- (a) managing the PSWC fund;
- (b) advising the Minister about the administration, efficiency and effectiveness of the PSWC fund;
- (c) in relation to a licence granted to the Territory under the [SRC Act](#), section 103—
 - (i) managing the Territory's liability under the [SRC Act](#); and
 - (ii) managing claims under the [SRC Act](#);
- (d) any other function given to the PSWC commissioner under this Act or another territory law.

Note A provision of a law that gives an entity (including a person) a function also gives the entity powers necessary and convenient to exercise the function (see [Legislation Act](#), s 196 and dict, pt 1, def *entity*).

20 Delegation by PSWC commissioner

- (1) The PSWC commissioner may delegate the PSWC commissioner's functions under section 19 to an authorised person.

Note For the making of delegations and the exercise of delegated functions, see the [Legislation Act](#), pt 19.4.

- (2) A delegate may subdelegate to an authorised person a function delegated under subsection (1) if the subdelegation is authorised, in writing, by the PSWC commissioner.

- (3) In this section:

authorised person means—

- (a) a public employee; or
- (b) a person prescribed by regulation.

Note ***Public employee***—see the [Legislation Act](#), dictionary, pt 1.

21 Arrangements for staff

The PSWC commissioner may arrange with the head of service to use the services of a public servant or Territory facilities.

Note The head of service may delegate powers in relation to the management of public servants to a public servant or another person (see [Public Sector Management Act 1994](#), s 18).

22 Power to engage consultants and contractors including claims manager

- (1) The PSWC commissioner may engage the consultants and contractors that may be necessary or convenient to exercise the PSWC commissioner's functions.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the PSWC commissioner may engage an entity (a ***claims manager***) to manage injuries in relation to which claims may be, or have been, made against the Territory under the [SRC Act](#).

- (3) However, the PSWC commissioner must not engage an entity under subsection (2) unless satisfied that the entity has the experience and expertise necessary to exercise the functions of a claims manager.
- (4) The conditions of a consultant's or contractor's engagement are the conditions agreed between the PSWC commissioner and the consultant or contractor.
- (5) To remove any doubt, this section does not give the PSWC commissioner the power to enter into a contract of employment.

23 Claims manager's functions

- (1) This section applies if the PSWC commissioner engages a claims manager.
- (2) In managing claims, including individual claims, a claims manager may do the following in accordance with any guideline:
 - (a) investigate claims;
 - (b) assess the Territory's liability in relation to claims under the [SRC Act](#), including initial liability and ongoing liability;
 - (c) calculate benefits and authorise payments under the [SRC Act](#);
 - (d) pay an amount in relation to a provisional liability medical cost;
 - (e) pay an amount in relation to a claim;
 - (f) manage claims data;
 - (g) manage disputes in relation to claims made against the Territory under the [SRC Act](#);
 - (h) anything prescribed by regulation.

- (3) A claims manager may also exercise any other function given to the claims manager under this Act or any other territory law.

Note 1 A reference to an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under the Act, including any regulation (see [Legislation Act](#), s 104).

Note 2 A provision of a law that gives an entity (including a person) a function also gives the entity powers necessary and convenient to exercise the function (see [Legislation Act](#), s 196 and dict, pt 1, def *entity*).

24 PSWC Fund Advisory Committee—establishment

The PSWC Fund Advisory Committee (the *advisory committee*) is established.

25 Functions of advisory committee

- (1) The advisory committee has the following functions:
- (a) to keep informed of the operations of the PSWC fund to provide the advice mentioned in paragraph (c);
 - (b) to assist in meeting the Territory's liabilities under the [SRC Act](#) by providing advice about claims management in relation to injured employees of the Territory;
 - (c) if the Minister or the PSWC commissioner asks for advice in relation to the PSWC fund—to provide the advice requested.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is not a function of the advisory committee to provide advice about the investment of amounts in a PSWC fund banking account.
- (3) The advisory committee may exercise any other function given to it under this Act or any other territory law.

Note A provision of a law that gives an entity (including a person) a function also gives the entity powers necessary and convenient to exercise the function (see [Legislation Act](#), s 196 and dict, pt 1, def *entity*).

26 Membership of advisory committee

- (1) The advisory committee consists of—
- (a) the PSWC commissioner; and
 - (b) 3 members appointed by the Minister to represent the interests of workers; and
 - (c) 2 members appointed by the Minister to represent the interests of public sector bodies and territory instrumentalities.

Note 1 For the making of appointments (including acting appointments), see the [Legislation Act](#), pt 19.3.

Note 2 In particular, an appointment may be made by naming a person or nominating the occupant of a position (see [Legislation Act](#), s 207).

Note 3 Certain Ministerial appointments require consultation with an Assembly committee and are disallowable (see [Legislation Act](#), div 19.3.3).

- (2) An appointment under subsection (1) must not be for longer than 3 years.

Note A person may be reappointed to a position if the person is eligible to be appointed to the position (see [Legislation Act](#), s 208 and dict, pt 1, def *appoint*).

27 Quorum for advisory committee meetings

Business may be carried on at an advisory committee meeting only if the members present include—

- (a) the PSWC commissioner; and
- (b) 1 member mentioned in section 26 (1) (b); and
- (c) 1 member mentioned in section 26 (1) (c); and
- (d) at least 1 other member mentioned in section 26 (1) (b) or (c).

28 Use and disclosure of protected information

- (1) An information holder commits an offence if—
- (a) the information holder uses information; and
 - (b) the information is protected information about someone else; and
 - (c) the information holder is reckless about whether the information is protected information about someone else.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units, imprisonment for 6 months or both.

- (2) An information holder commits an offence if—
- (a) the information holder does something that discloses information; and
 - (b) the information is protected information about someone else; and
 - (c) the information holder is reckless about whether—
 - (i) the information is protected information about someone else; and
 - (ii) doing the thing would result in the information being disclosed to someone else.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units, imprisonment for 6 months or both.

- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply if the information holder uses or discloses protected information about someone else (the ***protected person***)—
- (a) under this Act or another law applying in the ACT; or
 - (b) in relation to the exercise of a function, as an information holder, under this Act or another law applying in the ACT; or

- (c) in a court proceeding; or
- (d) with the protected person's consent.

Note The defendant has an evidential burden in relation to the matters mentioned in s (3) (see [Criminal Code](#), s 58).

- (4) An information holder need not disclose protected information to a court, or produce a document containing protected information to a court, unless it is necessary to do so for this Act or another law applying in the ACT.
- (5) In this section:

court includes a tribunal, authority or person having power to require the production of documents or the answering of questions.

disclose includes—

- (a) communicate; or
- (b) publish.

information means information, whether true or not, in any form and includes an opinion and advice.

information holder means—

- (a) a person who is or has been—
 - (i) the PSWC commissioner; or
 - (ii) the claims manager; or
 - (iii) a member of the advisory committee; or
- (b) anyone else who exercises or has exercised a function under this Act.

produce includes allow access to.

protected information means information about a person that is disclosed to, or obtained by, an information holder because of the exercise of a function under this Act by the information holder or someone else.

use, in relation to information, includes make a record of the information.

29 Protection from liability

- (1) The Commissioner is not civilly liable for conduct engaged in honestly and without recklessness—
 - (a) in the exercise of a function under this Act; or
 - (b) in the reasonable belief that the conduct was in the exercise of a function under this Act.
- (2) Any civil liability that would, apart from this section, attach to the Commissioner attaches instead to the Territory.
- (3) In this section:

conduct means an act or omission to do an act.

Dictionary

(see s 3)

Note 1 The [Legislation Act](#) contains definitions and other provisions relevant to this Act.

Note 2 For example, the [Legislation Act](#), dict, pt 1 defines the following terms:

- ACT
- authorised deposit-taking institution
- Commonwealth
- director-general (see s 163)
- entity
- financial year
- head of service
- in relation to
- public employee
- public sector body
- public servant
- State
- territory instrumentality
- territory law
- the Territory
- Treasurer.

advisory committee—see section 24.

Australian Capital Territory Insurance Authority means the Australian Capital Territory Insurance Authority established under the [Insurance Authority Act 2005](#), section 7.

claims manager—see section 22 (2).

Comcare means the body corporate established under the [SRC Act](#), section 68.

employee—see the [SRC Act](#), section 5.

guidelines means guidelines made under section 17.

premium amount—see section 16.

PSWC commissioner—see section 18.

PSWC fund—see section 7.

PSWC fund banking account—see section 9.

PSWC fund directorate means the directorate established under section 8.

public sector workers compensation appropriation means an appropriation to the PSWC fund directorate declared by the Act by which it is made to be for public sector workers compensation.

returns, in relation to an investment—see the [Financial Management Act 1996](#), dictionary.

SRC Act means the [Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988](#) (Cwlth).

Endnotes

1 About the endnotes

Endnotes

1 About the endnotes

Amending and modifying laws are annotated in the legislation history and the amendment history. Current modifications are not included in the republished law but are set out in the endnotes.

Not all editorial amendments made under the [Legislation Act 2001](#), part 11.3 are annotated in the amendment history. Full details of any amendments can be obtained from the Parliamentary Counsel's Office.

Uncommenced amending laws are not included in the republished law. The details of these laws are underlined in the legislation history. Uncommenced expiries are underlined in the legislation history and amendment history.

If all the provisions of the law have been renumbered, a table of renumbered provisions gives details of previous and current numbering.

The endnotes also include a table of earlier republications.

2 Abbreviation key

A = Act	NI = Notifiable instrument
AF = Approved form	o = order
am = amended	om = omitted/repealed
amdt = amendment	ord = ordinance
AR = Assembly resolution	orig = original
ch = chapter	par = paragraph/subparagraph
CN = Commencement notice	pres = present
def = definition	prev = previous
DI = Disallowable instrument	(prev...) = previously
dict = dictionary	pt = part
disallowed = disallowed by the Legislative Assembly	r = rule/subrule
div = division	reloc = relocated
exp = expires/expired	renum = renumbered
Gaz = gazette	R[X] = Republication No
hdg = heading	RI = reissue
IA = Interpretation Act 1967	s = section/subsection
ins = inserted/added	sch = schedule
LA = Legislation Act 2001	sdiv = subdivision
LR = legislation register	SL = Subordinate law
LRA = Legislation (Republication) Act 1996	sub = substituted
mod = modified/modification	<u>underlining</u> = whole or part not commenced or to be expired

3 Legislation history

Public Sector Workers Compensation Fund Act 2018 A2018-47

notified LR 4 December 2018

s 1, s 2 commenced 4 December 2018 (LA s 75 (1))

remainder commenced 1 March 2019 (s 2 (1) and [CN2019-2](#))

as amended by

[Statute Law Amendment Act 2019 A2019-42 sch 1 pt 1.6](#)

notified 31 October 2019

s 1, s 2 commenced 31 October 2019 (LA s 75 (1))

sch 1 pt 1.6 commenced 3 March 2020 (s 2 (3))

4 Amendment history

Commencement

s 2 om LA s 89 (4)

Appropriation of certain amounts for PSWC fund

s 11 am [A2019-42](#) amdt 1.42

Investment of amounts in PSWC fund banking accounts

s 14 am [A2019-42](#) amdts 1.43-1.49; ss, pars renum R3 LA

Returns on amounts appropriated for PSWC fund

s 15 hdg sub [A2019-42](#) amdt 1.50

s 15 am [A2019-42](#) amdts 1.51-1.53

Transitional—engagement of claims manager

s 30 exp 1 March 2020 (s 30 (3))

Consequential amendments

pt 4 hdg om LA s 89 (3)

Legislation amended—sch 1

s 31 om LA s 89 (3)

Financial Management Act 1996—Consequential amendments

sch 1 om LA s 89 (3)

Dictionary

dict def *returns* ins [A2019-42](#) amdt 1.54

Endnotes

5 Earlier republishing

5 Earlier republishing

Some earlier republishing were not numbered. The number in column 1 refers to the publication order.

Since 12 September 2001 every authorised republishing has been published in electronic pdf format on the ACT legislation register. A selection of authorised republishing have also been published in printed format. These republishing are marked with an asterisk (*) in column 1. Electronic and printed versions of an authorised republishing are identical.

Republishing No and date	Effective	Last amendment made by	Republishing for
R1 1 Mar 2019	1 Mar 2019– 1 Mar 2020	not amended	new Act
R2 2 Mar 2020	2 Mar 2020– 2 Mar 2020	not amended	expiry of transitional provision (s 30)

6 Expired transitional or validating provisions

This Act may be affected by transitional or validating provisions that have expired. The expiry does not affect any continuing operation of the provisions (see [Legislation Act 2001](#), s 88 (1)).

Expired provisions are removed from the republished law when the expiry takes effect and are listed in the amendment history using the abbreviation ‘exp’ followed by the date of the expiry.

To find the expired provisions see the version of this Act before the expiry took effect. The ACT legislation register has point-in-time versions of this Act.