### 2005

# THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Dr Deb Foskey)

# **Court Procedures (Protection of Public Participation) Amendment Bill 2005**

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# **Court Procedures (Protection of Public Participation) Amendment Bill 2005**

# A Bill for

An Act to amend the Court Procedures Act 2004

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

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1	1	Name of Act
2		This Act is the Court Procedures (Protection of Public Participation) Amendment Act 2005.
4	2	Commencement
5		This Act commences on the day after its notification day.
6 7		<i>Note</i> The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
8	3	Legislation amended
9		This Act amends the Court Procedures Act 2004.
0	4	New part 4A
U		
11		insert
	Part 4A	
11	Part 4A	Protection of public participation
11		Protection of public participation
12	Division	Protection of public participation  4A.1 Preliminary
12	Division	Protection of public participation  4A.1 Preliminary  Objects of pt 4A
11 12 13 14 15 6 7	Division	Protection of public participation  1 4A.1 Preliminary  Objects of pt 4A  The objects of this part are—  (a) encouraging public participation, and dissuading people from bringing or maintaining proceedings for improper purposes, by
12 13 14 15 16	Division	Protection of public participation  1 4A.1 Preliminary  Objects of pt 4A  The objects of this part are—  (a) encouraging public participation, and dissuading people from bringing or maintaining proceedings for improper purposes, by providing—
111 22 33 44 55 66 77 18	Division	Protection of public participation  1 4A.1 Preliminary  Objects of pt 4A  The objects of this part are—  (a) encouraging public participation, and dissuading people from bringing or maintaining proceedings for improper purposes, by providing—  (i) an opportunity, at or before the trial of a proceeding, for a
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Division	Protection of public participation  1 4A.1 Preliminary  Objects of pt 4A  The objects of this part are—  (a) encouraging public participation, and dissuading people from bringing or maintaining proceedings for improper purposes, by providing—
111 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19	Division	Protection of public participation  1 4A.1 Preliminary  Objects of pt 4A  The objects of this part are—  (a) encouraging public participation, and dissuading people from bringing or maintaining proceedings for improper purposes, by providing—  (i) an opportunity, at or before the trial of a proceeding, for a defendant to claim that, and for the court to consider

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1		(ii) a way in which a proceeding that is brought or
2		maintained for an improper purpose can be summarily
3		dismissed; and
4		(iii) a way in which people who are subject to a proceeding
5		that is brought or maintained for an improper purpose can
6		obtain reimbursement for all reasonable costs and
7		expenses incurred as a result; and
8		(iv) a way in which punitive or exemplary damages can be
9		imposed in relation to a proceeding that is brought or
10		maintained for an improper purpose; and
11		(b) preserving the right of access to the courts for all proceedings
12		that are not brought or maintained for an improper purpose;
13		and
14		(c) consistently with the Human Rights Act 2004, section 15,
15		section 16 and section 17 (a), better protecting the following
16		rights:
17		(i) the right of peaceful assembly and to freedom of
18		association;
19		(ii) the right to freedom of expression;
20		(iii) the right to take part directly in the conduct of public
21		affairs.
22	37B	Definitions for pt 4A
23		claim means any claim for relief in a proceeding.
24		costs, of a defendant in relation to a proceeding, includes all of the
25		reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the defendant in relation
26		to the proceeding (including in taking action under this part).
27		defendant means a person against whom a proceeding is brought or
28		maintained.

1		<b>government</b> means the Territory, the Commonwealth, a State, another Territory or a local government of a State.
3		government entity includes—
4		(a) an instrumentality, officer or employee of the government; and
5 6		(b) a contractor or anyone else who exercises a function on behalf of the government; and
7		(c) any entity funded by government; and
8		(d) an entity appointed or established by government or from which advice is requested by government.
10		<i>improper purpose</i> —see section 37C.
11 12		<i>plaintiff</i> means a person who brings or maintains a proceeding against a defendant.
13 14		<b>proceeding</b> means any proceeding brought in a court other than a prosecution for an offence, and includes a claim in a proceeding.
15		public participation—see section 37D.
16	37C	Improper purpose
17		A proceeding is brought or maintained for an <i>improper purpose</i> if—
18 19		(a) the publication or conduct in relation to which the proceeding is brought is public participation; and
20 21		(b) the plaintiff could have no reasonable expectation that the
<b>~</b> I		proceeding would succeed; and
22		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		proceeding would succeed; and
22 23		proceeding would succeed; and  (c) a purpose for bringing the proceeding is—  (i) to discourage the defendant or anyone else from engaging

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1 2		(iii) to penalise the defendant for engaging in public participation.
3	37D	Public participation
4 5 6 7		<b>Public participation</b> is a publication or conduct aimed at influencing public opinion or promoting or furthering lawful action by the public or by any government entity in relation to an issue of public interest, but does not include a publication or conduct—
8		(a) in relation to which a prosecution has been started; or
9		(b) that is a breach of a territory law; or
10		(c) that contravenes an order of a court; or
11		(d) that intentionally or recklessly causes physical injury; or
12 13		(e) that intentionally or recklessly causes damage to or destruction of property; or
14		(f) that is trespass to land; or
15		(g) by way of advertising for commercial goods or services; or
16 17 18		(h) that a court otherwise considers to be unlawful or unwarranted interference by the defendant with someone's rights or property.
19 20	Division	1 4A.2 Proceedings brought for improper purposes
21	37E	Application for summary dismissal
22 23 24 25	(1)	If a defendant in a proceeding in a court considers that the proceeding was brought or is being maintained for an improper purpose, the defendant may apply to the court for an order dismissing the proceeding.

1 2 3		(2)	The application must be made within 60 days after the day the originating process (however described) for the proceeding is served on the defendant.
4		(3)	The court must deal with the application as soon as practicable.
5 6		(4)	Unless the court orders otherwise, no further steps may be taken in the proceeding until the application has been heard and decided.
7 8		This section does not prevent a court from granting an injunction before the rights of the parties under this part are decided.	
9 10	37F		Orders available to defendant on application for summary dismissal
11 12 13 14 15		(1)	On an application under section 37E by a defendant in a proceeding, the court may make an order dismissing the proceeding if the defendant satisfies the court, on the balance of probabilities, that, when viewed objectively, the proceeding was brought or is being maintained for an improper purpose.
16 17		(2)	If the court makes an order dismissing the proceeding, the court may also make either or both of the following orders:
18 19			(a) an order that the plaintiff pay the defendant's costs in relation to the proceeding;
20 21			(b) an order that the plaintiff pay the defendant punitive or exemplary damages.
22 23 24 25 26		(3)	If the court does not make an order dismissing the proceeding but the defendant satisfies the court there is a realistic possibility that, when viewed objectively, the proceeding was brought or is being maintained for an improper purpose, the court may make either or both of the following orders:
27 28			(a) an order, on the conditions the court considers appropriate, that the plaintiff provide as security an amount to cover the costs

1			and damages to which the defendant may become entitled under this part;		
3 4 5			(b) an order that the proceeding must not be settled or discontinued without the approval of the court and on the conditions the court considers appropriate.		
6 7	37G		Order available to defendant on settlement or discontinuance etc of proceeding		
8 9		(1)	This section applies if an order is made under section 37F (3) in a proceeding.		
10 11 12 13		(2)	On an application for approval of the settlement or discontinuance of the proceeding, the court may, despite any agreement to the contrary between the plaintiff and defendant, order the plaintiff to pay the defendant's costs in relation to the proceeding.		
14		(3)	If—		
15 16			(a) the defendant applies for the proceeding to be dismissed for want of prosecution; and		
17 18 19			(b) the plaintiff does not satisfy the court, on the balance of probabilities, that, when viewed objectively, the proceeding was not brought or maintained for an improper purpose; and		
20			(c) the court dismisses the proceeding for want of prosecution;		
21 22			the court may order the plaintiff to pay the defendant's costs in relation to the proceeding.		
23	37H		Orders available to defendant at trial of proceeding		
24 25 26		(1)	A defendant who has obtained an order under section 37F (3) in a proceeding may, at the trial of the proceeding, obtain either or both of the orders mentioned in section 37F (2) if—		
27 28			(a) the defendant alleges at the trial that the proceeding was brought or is being maintained for an improper purpose; and		

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1 2			(b)	the proceeding is discontinued by the plaintiff or is dismissed; and
3 4 5			(c)	the plaintiff does not satisfy the court on the balance of probabilities that, when viewed objectively, the proceeding was not brought or maintained for an improper purpose.
6 7 8		(2)	a pr	efendant who has not obtained an order under section 37F (3) in roceeding may, at the trial of the proceeding, obtain either or a of the orders mentioned in section 37F (2) if—
9 10 11 12 13			(a)	at least 60 days before the date set for the start of the hearing of the proceeding (or, with the court's leave, any shorter period before that date), the defendant gives the plaintiff written notice that the defendant intends to seek an order under this subsection; and
14 15 16			(b)	the defendant satisfies the court there is a realistic possibility that, when viewed objectively, the proceeding was brought or maintained for an improper purpose; and
17 18			(c)	the proceeding is discontinued by the plaintiff or is dismissed; and
19 20 21			(d)	the plaintiff does not satisfy the court on the balance of probabilities that, when viewed objectively, the proceeding was not brought or maintained for an improper purpose.
22	37I		Par	ties may present any evidence and argument
23 24 25 26 27		(1)	proc abou imp	defendant in a proceeding seeks an order under this part in the reeding, the parties may present evidence and make arguments at whether the proceeding was brought or maintained for an roper purpose, whether or not the evidence or arguments relate claim made by the plaintiff in the proceeding.
28 29		(2)		s section does not limit any other rights the parties may have to ent evidence and make arguments.

## 37J Disposing of security

If a court makes an order under this part that the plaintiff in a proceeding pay the defendant's costs in relation to the proceeding, the order may provide for the costs to be paid out of any security provided by the plaintiff under an order made under section 37F (3) (a) in the proceeding.

### **Endnotes**

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#### 1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 2005.

#### 2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on

2005.

## 3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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