# THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Mr Brendan Smyth)

# Adventure Activities (Liability) Bill 2002

### **Contents**

		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
3	Dictionary	2
4	Notes	2
5	Meaning of adventure activity	2
6	Meaning of serious injury	3
Part 2	Purpose, application and objects	
7	Purpose of Act	4
8	Application of Act	4

9	Principal objects of Act	Page 4
Part 3	Adventure activity operators	
10	Application for approval as operator	6
11	Approval as operator	6
12	Form of approval	7
13	When approval takes effect	7
14	Term of approval	8
15	Variation of approval	8
16	Cancellation of approval	9
Part 4	Damages in relation to death or serious injury	
Division	4.1 Key concepts	
17	Definitions for pt 4	11
18	Assessment of degree of impairment for pt 4	11
Division	4.2 Actions for damages	
19	Entitlement to damages	13
Division	4.3 Assessment of degree of injuries	
20	Entitlement to bring proceedings	13
21	Request for assessment	14
22	Refusal to assess if injury not stabilised	14
23	Consequence of unreasonable refusal to submit to medical examination	15
24	What is serious injury?	15
25	Time for making assessment	15
26	Consequences of failing to give notice of assessment	16
27	Admissibility of medical reports or other documents	16
28	Entitlement to bring proceedings for damages	17
29	Awards of damages	18
30	No insurer	19
Part 5	Miscellaneous	
31	Review of decisions	20

contents 2 Adventure Activities (Liability) Bill 2002

			Contents
			Page
32	Notific	ation of decisions	20
33	Deterr	nination of fees	20
34	Appro	ved forms	21
35	Regula	ation-making power	21
Sched	lule 1	Approved adventure activities	22
Dictio	nary		23

# THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Mr Brendan Smyth)

# Adventure Activities (Liability) Bill 2002

#### A Bill for

An Act to regulate compensation payable in relation to the death or injury of people taking part in certain adventure activities

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

1	Part 1	Preliminary
	Part 1	Preliminary
		,

Commencement

2	1	Name of Act
3		This Act is the Adventure Activities (Liability) Act 2002.

5 This Act commences on the day after its notification day.

#### 6 3 Dictionary

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- 7 The dictionary at the end of this Act is part of this Act.
- Note 1 The dictionary at the end of this Act defines certain words and expressions used in this Act, and includes references (signpost definitions) to other words and expressions defined elsewhere in this Act.
- Note 2 A definition in the dictionary (including a signpost definition) applies to the entire Act unless the definition, or another provision of the Act, provides otherwise or the contrary intention otherwise appears (see Legislation Act 2001, s 155 and s 156 (1)).

#### 16 4 Notes

- A note included in this Act is explanatory and is not part of this Act.
- Note See Legislation Act 2001, s 127 (1), (4) and (5) for the legal status of notes.

#### 20 5 Meaning of adventure activity

- In this Act:
- 22 adventure activity means an approved adventure activity conducted 23 by, or under the control of, an approved operator in the normal 24 course of the operator's business in the ACT.

^	Maanina af	!	!!
1 <b>b</b>	Meaning of	serious	injury

- 2 In this Act:
- 3 serious injury means—
- (a) a serious long-term impairment or loss of a body function; or
- (b) permanent serious disfigurement; or
- 6 (c) severe long-term mental or severe long-term behavioural disturbance or disorder; or
- 8 (d) loss of a foetus.

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#### Purpose, application and Part 2 objects

<b>7</b>	Pur	pose	of Act

The purpose of this Act is to regulate the compensation for people to 4 whom this Act applies. 5

#### 8 **Application of Act** 6

- This Act applies in relation to people who die or suffer injury 7 because of voluntarily taking part in an adventure activity that 8 involves inherent risk of injury to people taking part, particularly if the physical or environmental challenge, or the element of risk, form part of the enjoyment of the activity.
- (2) Also, this Act applies to any adventure contract, despite anything to 12 the contrary in any other Act or law. 13
  - (3) In this section:

adventure contract means a contract under which an approved operator supplies goods or services to someone in relation to the operator's approved adventure activity.

#### **Principal objects of Act** 9

The principal objects of this Act are—

- (a) to improve the safety of people taking part in adventure activities by approving operators of the activities; and
- (b) to minimise the financial burden on ACT businesses by regulating the costs of compensation for injuries to people who take part in adventure activities; and
- (c) to reduce the social and economic costs to the ACT community of compensation for injuries to people who take part in adventure activities; and

page 4

(d) to entitle proceedings to be brought for compensation in relation to taking part in adventure activities only in relation to death or serious injury.

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## Part 3 Adventure activity operators

#### 2 10 Application for approval as operator

- 3 (1) A person may apply to the Minister for approval as an operator.
- 4 (2) The application must—
  - (a) be in writing; and
- 6 (b) state the adventure activities for which the applicant wishes to be approved; and
  - (c) be accompanied by the information (if any) prescribed under the regulations.
  - Note 1 A fee may be determined under s 33 (Determination of fees) for this section.
- 12 Note 2 If a form is approved under s 34 (Approved forms) for this section, the form must be used.

#### 14 11 Approval as operator

- 15 (1) This section applies if a person applies for approval as an operator under section 10.
- 17 (2) The Minister must, within 1 month after receiving the application—
- (a) approve the person as an operator; or
- (b) in writing, refuse to approve the person as an operator.
- 20 (3) The Minister may approve a person as an operator only if the adventure activity the person operates, or proposes to operate, is in schedule 1 or is prescribed under the regulations.
  - (4) In deciding whether to approve a person as an operator, the Minister must consider—
    - (a) the nature of the adventure activity operated, or proposed to be operated, by the applicant; and

Adventure Activities (Liability) Bill 2002

1	(b) whether the adventure activity involves an inherent risk of
2	injury to people taking part in the activity from, but not limited
3	to—
4	(i) the forces of nature; or
5	(ii) the behaviour of animals; or
6 7	(iii) the terrain, location or environment where the activity is to take place; or
8	(iv) the physical ability of the people taking part in the activity; or
10	(v) the equipment used to take part in the activity; and
11 12 13	(c) the experience, training and qualifications of anyone conducting or supervising the adventure activity on behalf of the applicant; and
14 15	(d) the risk management procedures the applicant has, or proposes to have, for the adventure activity.
16 (5) 17	An approval may be subject to conditions (if any) prescribed under the regulations or as decided by the Minister.
18 <b>12</b>	Form of approval
19 20 21	If the Minister approves a person as an operator, the approval must state the adventure activities for which the operator is approved, and any conditions on the approval.
22 13	When approval takes effect
23 (1) 24	An approval takes effect on the day the first of the following happens:
25 26 27 28 29	(a) if the applicant has public liability insurance in relation to each adventure activity for which approval is given for an amount that is not less than the amount prescribed under the regulations for the activity—the day the operator is given notice of the approval;

1 2		(b) in any other case—the day the operator obtains public liability insurance for that amount.
3	(2)	However, the approval of an operator may—
4 5		(a) take effect from a stated date in the approval that is after the date approval is given; and
6		(b) be subject to a condition precedent decided by the Minister.
7	14	Term of approval
8 9		An approval lasts for 5 years beginning on the day the approval takes effect.
10	15	Variation of approval
11 12	(1)	This section applies if an operator asks the Minister to vary the operator's approval by—
13 14		(a) adding an adventure activity to, or omitting an activity from, the adventure activities for which the operator has approval; or
15		(b) varying a condition on the approval.
16	(2)	An application to vary an approval must be in writing.
17 18		Note 1 A fee may be determined under s 33 (Determination of fees) for this section.
19 20		Note 2 If a form is approved under s 34 (Approved forms) for this section, the form must be used.
21 22 23	(3)	The Minister may vary the approval of an operator only if the Minister considers it appropriate to do so having regard to the matters mentioned in section 11 (4) (Approval as operator).
24 25	(4)	The Minister must, within 1 month after the day the Minister receives an application—
26		(a) vary the approval to which the application relates; or

(b) in writing, refuse to vary the approval.

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(5) The variation of an operator's approval takes effect the day the notice of the decision is given to the operator or, if the notice states a later date of effect, that date.

#### 16 Cancellation of approval

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- (1) The Minister may cancel an operator's approval if—
  - (a) the Minister becomes aware of circumstances that, if the Minister had been aware of them at the time of the application for the approval, would have resulted in the application being refused; or
  - (b) the operator contravenes this Act or a condition of the approval; or
- (c) the operator is convicted, or found guilty, of an offence against this Act, or a law of a State corresponding to this Act; or
- Note A reference to an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under the Act, including regulations (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 104).
  - (d) the approval was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation; or
  - (e) the Minister is asked to do so, in writing, by the operator.
  - (2) Before cancelling the approval of an operator, the Minister must give the operator written notice—
    - (a) stating the grounds on which the Minister proposes to cancel the approval; and
    - (b) stating the facts that, in the Minister's opinion, establish the grounds; and
    - (c) telling the operator that the operator may, within 7 days beginning the day after receiving the notice, give a written response to the Minister.
    - (3) In deciding whether to cancel the approval, the Minister must consider any response given to the Minister in accordance with subsection (2) (c).

#### Section 16

- 1 (4) The Minister must give the operator written notice of the Minister's decision.
- Cancellation of an approval takes effect on the day the notice of cancellation is given to the operator, or if the notice states a later date of effect, that date.

1	Part	t 4	Damages in relation to death or serious injury
3	Divis	sion 4.1	Key concepts
4	17	Definitions for p	t 4
5		In this part:	
6		damages include p	ecuniary and non-pecuniary damages.
7 8 9			to an injury to a person that happened during an , means the operator's public liability insurer ppened.
10 11		_	relation to a person who died or suffered serious part in an adventure activity, means—
12 13		(a) a written st concerning th	atement by a doctor about medical matters e person; and
14 15 16 17		the statement time the state	document the doctor intends should be read with , whether the document was in existence at the ement was made or was a document the doctor aused to be brought into existence afterwards.
18	18	Assessment of o	degree of impairment for pt 4
19	(1)	An assessment of d	legree of impairment must be made—
20		(a) in accordance	with—
21 22		(i) the AM regulation	MA guides as modified by this Act or the ons; and
23		(ii) if the M	linister has approved guidelines for the use of the

AMA guides—those guidelines; or

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1		(b) in accordance with—
2		(i) the methods prescribed under the regulations; and
3 4		<ul><li>(ii) if the Minister has approved guidelines for the use of the methods—those guidelines.</li></ul>
5 6	(2)	The AMA guides as modified and the guidelines for the use of the AMA guides are notifiable instruments.
7		Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act 2001.
8 9 0	(3)	A doctor assessing the degree of impairment of an injury suffered by a person taking part in an adventure activity must disregard any psychiatric or psychological injury, impairment or symptoms arising as a consequence of, or secondary to, a physical injury.
2 3 4 5 6	(4)	For assessing the degree of psychiatric impairment, the AMA guides apply, subject to any regulations made for this section, as if for chapter 14 there were substituted the Clinical Guidelines to the Rating of Psychiatric Impairment prepared by the Medical Panel (Psychiatry) Melbourne, Victoria October 1997 and published in the Victorian Government Gazette.
18 19 20	(5)	The Clinical Guidelines to the Rating of Psychiatric Impairment prepared by the Medical Panel (Psychiatry) Melbourne, Victoria are a notifiable instrument.
21		Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act 2001.
22	(6)	In this section:
23 24		AMA guides means the American Medical Association's Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment (4th edition) (other than

chapter 15).

### Division 4.2 Actions for damages

#### 2 19 Entitlement to damages

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- (1) This section applies to a person who—
- (a) takes part in an adventure activity other than in accordance with this part; and
- (b) dies or is injured taking part in the activity.
  - (2) The person is not entitled to recover damages in a proceeding in relation to the death or injury.
  - (3) If a person is entitled to compensation in relation to the death or injury under the *Road Transport (General) Act 1999* or a corresponding law of another State, that Act applies to the extent of any inconsistency with this Act.
- 13 (4) This section does not apply to death or injury suffered before the commencement of this section.
- 15 (5) Subsection (4) and this subsection expire 1 month after this section commences.

## Division 4.3 Assessment of degree of injuries

#### 20 Entitlement to bring proceedings

- (1) This section applies to a person (the *injured person*) who—
  - (a) takes part, or agrees to take part, in an approved adventure activity conducted by an approved operator, whether or not the person gives the operator consideration in exchange for taking part in the activity; and
  - (b) suffers a serious injury because of taking part in the activity.
  - (2) The injured person may bring a proceeding under this part only if the insurer has assessed the degree of impairment of the person as a result of the injury.

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(3) This section is subject to section 28 (Entitlement to bring proceedings for damages).

#### 21 Request for assessment

- (1) If an injured person asks the insurer to assess the person's degree of impairment, the insurer must, within 1 month after the day the insurer receives the application, assess the person's injury in accordance with section 18 (Assessment of degree of impairment for pt 4).
- *Note* If a form is approved under s 34 (Approved forms) for a application, the form must be used.
  - (2) However, an injured person may not make a further request for an assessment unless it is the first request made after the insurer has refused to make an assessment under section 22 (Refusal to assess if injury not stabilised).
- 15 (3) The request for assessment must be in writing.
- 16 (4) The request must be accompanied by—
  - (a) a copy of any medical report about the injury held by the injured person; and
  - (b) any other document on which the injured person intends to rely—
    - (i) that will allow the insurer to decide the degree of the injured person's impairment; or
    - (ii) in a proceeding relating to the injury.

#### 22 Refusal to assess if injury not stabilised

If the insurer receives a request for assessment by an injured person in the first 2 years after the injury, the insurer may refuse to assess the injury unless satisfied that the injury has stabilised.

23	Consequence of unreasonable refusal to submit to
	medical examination

3 (1) This section applies if—

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- (a) an injured person makes a request under section 21 (Request for assessment); and
  - (b) the insurer asks the injured person to submit to a medical examination to be paid for by the insurer; and
  - (c) the injured person—
    - (i) unreasonably refuses to comply with the insurer's request; or
    - (ii) hinders the examination in any way.
  - (2) In working out the 1 month mentioned in section 21 (Request for assessment), the time between the day the injured person refused to comply with the insurer's request, or hindered the examination, and the day of the examination, is to be disregarded.

#### 16 24 What is serious injury?

If the degree of impairment of the injured person because of the injury assessed by the insurer under section 18 (Assessment of degree of impairment for pt 4) is 30% or more, the injury is taken to be a serious injury.

#### 25 Time for making assessment

- (1) The insurer must, within 4 months after the day the insurer receives a request for assessment, give the injured person written notice of—
  - (a) the assessment; or
- (b) a refusal by the insurer to assess the injury under section 22 (Refusal to assess if injury not stabilised).

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1	(2)	The notice must be accompanied by—	
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- (a) a copy of any medical report about the injury held by the insurer; and
  - (b) any other document on which the insurer intends to rely—
    - (i) about the degree of the injured person's impairment; or
    - (ii) in a proceeding relating to the injury.

#### 26 Consequences of failing to give notice of assessment

- (1) The injured person may, within 1 month after receiving the notice under section 25 (Time for making assessment), give the insurer notice about any other document on which the injured person intends to rely to rebut the insurer's notice.
- 12 (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply in relation to the medical 13 reports of the insurer about the person's injuries on which the 14 insurer intends to rely.
  - (3) If the insurer fails to give the injured person notice under section 25 (Time for making assessment), the injury is taken to be a serious injury.

#### 27 Admissibility of medical reports or other documents

- (1) In a proceeding under this part, a medical report or other document is inadmissible in evidence on behalf of the insurer if—
  - (a) it was in existence, and the operator or insurer, or the legal representative or either of them, was aware of it, before the day the notice by the insurer is required to be given under section 25 (Time for making assessment); and
  - (b) a copy was not given to the injured person under that section.

1	(2)	In a proceeding under this part, a medical report or other document is inadmissible in evidence on behalf of the injured person if—
3 4 5 6		(a) it was in existence, and the injured person or the injured person's legal representative was aware of it, before the end of 1 month after receiving the notice under section 25 (Time for making assessment); and
7 8 9		(b) a copy was not given to the other party under section 21 (Request for assessment) or section 26 (Consequences of failing to give notice of assessment).
10	28	Entitlement to bring proceedings for damages
11 12 13 14	(1)	If an injury suffered by a person is taken to be a serious injury under section 24 (What is serious injury?) or section 26 (Consequences of failing to give notice of assessment), the injured person may bring a proceeding to recover damages in relation to the injury.
15 16	(2)	However, the injured person may not bring a proceeding under this part if the insurer has notified the injured person that—
17 18		(a) the degree of impairment of the injured person is less than 30%; or
19 20		(b) the insurer has refused to make an assessment under section 22 (Refusal to assess if injury not stabilised);
21	(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply if—
22		(a) the insurer—
23		(i) is satisfied that the injury is a serious injury; and
24 25		(ii) gives the injured person written consent to bring a proceeding; or
26 27		(b) on application by the injured person, a court gives leave to bring a proceeding.

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- (4) If the injured person applies to a court for leave to bring proceedings, the person must give a copy of the application to the insurer and each person against whom the injured person claims to have a cause of action.
- (5) A court must not give leave unless satisfied the injury is a serious injury.

#### 29 Awards of damages

- (1) This section applies if an award of damages under this section includes an amount, assessed as a lump sum, in respect of damages for future loss in relation to—
  - (a) deprivation or impairment of earning capacity; or
  - (b) loss of the expectation of financial support; or
- (c) a liability to incur expenditure in the future; or
- (d) a loss suffered by a dependant.
- 15 (2) The present value of the future loss must be discounted by 6% to allow for inflation, income from investment of the sum awarded and the effect of taxation of the income.
- 18 (3) Subsection (2) does not affect any other law relating to the discounting of sums awarded as damages.
- 20 (4) A court must not order the payment of interest in relation to an award of damages under this section.
  - (5) Interest is not payable on any amount of damages, other than damages referable to loss actually suffered before the date of the award, for the period beginning on the date of the death or injury to the person in relation to whom the award is made and ending on the date of the award.
    - (6) Subsections (4) and (5) do not affect any other law relating to the payment of interest on an amount of damages, other than special damages.

#### 30 No insurer

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If there is no insurer, this part applies, with any necessary modification, as if the operator were the insurer.

1 2	Part	5 Miscellaneous
3	31	Review of decisions
4 5		Application may be made to the administrative appeals tribunal for review of a decision of the Minister—
6		(a) under section 11 (2), refusing to give an approval; or
7		(b) under section 11 (5), imposing conditions on an approval; or
8 9 10		(c) under section 15 (5), refusing to add an adventure activity for which the operator has approval, or varying or refusing to vary a condition of an approval.
11	32	Notification of decisions
12 13 14	(1)	If the Minister makes a decision mentioned in section 11 or 15, the Minister must give written notice of the decision to the person affected by the decision.
15 16 17	(2)	A notice under subsection (1) must be in accordance with the code of practice in force under the <i>Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act</i> 1989, section 25B (1).
18	33	Determination of fees
19	(1)	The Minister may, in writing, determine fees for this Act.
20 21		Note The Legislation Act 2001 contains provisions about the making of determinations and regulations relating to fees (see pt 6.3).
22	(2)	A determination is a disallowable instrument.

Note

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Legislative Assembly, under the Legislation Act 2001.

A disallowable instrument must be notified, and presented to the

34 Approved forms
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- 2 (1) The Minister may, in writing, approve forms for this Act.
- 3 (2) If the Minister approves a form for a particular purpose, the approved form must be used for that purpose.
- 5 (3) An approved form is a notifiable instrument.
- 6 Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act 2001.

#### 7 35 Regulation-making power

- (1) The Executive may make regulations for this Act.
- 9 *Note* Regulations must be notified, and presented to the Legislative 10 Assembly, under the *Legislation Act 2001*.
- 11 (2) The regulations may deal with the following:
- 12 (a) the adventure activities in relation to which an operator may be approved;
  - (b) the terms and conditions that apply to approvals.
  - (3) The regulations may apply, adopt or incorporate any matter contained in a law or instrument, or a provision of a law or instrument, as in force from time to time or at a particular time.
    - Note 1 The text of an applied, adopted or incorporated law or instrument, whether applied as in force from time to time or at a particular time, is taken to be a notifiable instrument if the operation of the *Legislation Act* 2001, s 47 (5) or (6) is not disapplied (see s 47 (7)).
- Note 2 A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act 2001.
- 23 (4) The regulations may prescribe offences for contraventions of the 24 regulations and prescribe maximum penalties of not more than 25 10 penalty units for offences against the regulations.

#### Schedule 1 **Approved adventure** activities

3 4	(see s 11)	
5	App	proved adventure activities include the following:
6	(a)	abseiling;
7	(b)	canoeing and kayaking;
8	(c)	cattle drives and musters;
9	(d)	fishing;
10	(e)	four wheel drive tours;
11	(f)	hang gliding;
12	(g)	hiking or bush walking;
13	(h)	horse riding and horse trail riding;
14	(i)	hot air balloon flights;
15	(j)	light aeroplane and ultra light plane flights;
16	(k)	mountain bike riding;
17	(1)	rafting, including white water rafting;
18 19	(m)	rock climbing, whether indoors or outdoors and whether on a natural or man-made surface;
20 21	(n)	snow skiing, snowboarding, cross-country skiing and snowplay with toboggans, ski-bobs or inflatable devices;
22	(o)	trail bike riding;

Adventure Activities (Liability) Bill 2002

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skills necessary to undertake the activity.

(p) any activity designed to simulate any of the activities

mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (o) or the natural environment

in which the activity is usually conducted, for teaching the

# Dictionary

2 (see s 3)

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- *adventure activity*—see section 5.
- approved operator means a person approved under section 11
- 5 (Approval as operator).
- 6 *damages*, for part 4—see section 17.
- 7 *injured person*—see section 20 (1) (Entitlement to bring
- 8 proceedings).
- 9 *injury* means physical or mental injury.
- *insurer*, for part 4—see section 17.
- *medical report*, for part 4—see section 17.
- *operator* means a person who conducts an adventure activity.

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