2013

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Attorney-General)

Criminal Code (Cheating at Gambling) Amendment Bill 2013

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Criminal Code (Cheating at Gambling) Amendment Bill 2013

A Bill for

An Act to amend the Criminal Code 2002

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

1	1	Name of Act
2		This Act is the Criminal Code (Cheating at Gambling) Amendment Act 2013.
4	2	Commencement
5		This Act commences on the day after its notification day.
6 7		Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
8	3	Legislation amended
9		This Act amends the Criminal Code 2002.
10 11	4	Definitions— <i>conduct</i> and <i>engage in conduct</i> Section 13, definition of <i>conduct</i> , new note
12		insert
13		<i>Note</i> Section 363A (Definitions—pt 3.8A) affects the meaning of <i>conduct</i> .
14 15	5	Definitions—ch 3 Section 300, definition of <i>obtain</i> , note
16		insert
17		• s 363D (Meaning of <i>obtain</i> —pt 3.8A).

2		insert	
3	Part 3.	8A	Cheating at gambling
4	Division	า 3.8A.1	Interpretation—pt 3.8A
5	363A	Definition	s—pt 3.8A
6	(1)	In this part:	
7 8		• •	person on an event, includes placement, acceptance or of a bet by the person on the event.
9 10		cause, in section 363	relation to an occurrence or state of affairs—see B.
11		conduct me	eans an act or an omission to do an act.
12		corrupts a l	betting outcome—see section 363C.
13 14 15			a person, includes command, request, propose, advise, ce, persuade, authorise, urge, threaten or place pressure on.
16 17 18		ACT or else	s an event, or contingency connected to an event, (in the ewhere) on which it is lawful to bet under a territory law a State or the Commonwealth.
19 20		financial a advantage.	advantage means a permanent or temporary financial
21 22		financial d disadvantag	<i>lisadvantage</i> means a permanent or temporary financial ge.
23		obtain—see	e section 363D.
24	(2)	The definiti	ion of <i>conduct</i> in section 13 does not apply to this part.

New part 3.8A

1	363B	meaning of cause—pt 3.8A
2	(1)	In this part:
3 4 5		cause, in relation to an occurrence or state of affairs, means substantially contribute (directly or indirectly) to making the occurrence or state of affairs happen.
6	(2)	The definition of <i>cause</i> in section 300 does not apply to this part.
7	363C	Meaning of corrupts a betting outcome—pt 3.8A
8		In this part:
9 10 11 12 13		corrupts a betting outcome—conduct corrupts a betting outcome for an event if the conduct affects or is likely to affect the outcome of any type of betting on the event contrary to the standards of integrity reasonably expected of a person in a position to affect the outcome of any type of betting on the event.
14	363D	Meaning of obtain—pt 3.8A
15	(1)	In this part:
16		<i>obtain</i> includes—
17		(a) get or keep for oneself (directly or indirectly); or
18		(b) get or keep for another person (directly or indirectly).
19	(2)	The definition of <i>obtain</i> in section 300 does not apply to this part.
20 21	363E	Proof of certain matters not required for offences against part 3.8A
22 23 24 25	(1)	In a proceeding for an offence against section 363F, a person (the <i>accused person</i>) is taken to intend obtaining a financial advantage or causing a financial disadvantage in connection with a bet on an event if, and only if, it is proved that the accused person—

1 2			intended to obtain a financial advantage or cause financial disadvantage in connection with betting on the event; or	
3 4 5 6			was aware that another person intended to obtain a financial advantage or cause financial disadvantage in connection with betting on the event, as a result of the conduct that the accused person engaged in.	
7 8 9	(2)	neces	proceeding for an offence against section 363F, it is not ssary to prove that a financial advantage was actually obtained financial disadvantage was actually caused.	
10 11	(3)	-	proceeding for an offence against section 363G or section 363H not necessary to prove that—	
12		(a)	a bet by a person was made personally by the person; or	
13 14 15			a person who was encouraged to bet, or to whom information was communicated, in relation to an event actually bet on the event; or	
			a narran who was anapurated to bet was anapurated to bet in a	
16 17		, ,	a person who was encouraged to bet was encouraged to bet in a particular way.	
	Divisior	, ,	particular way.	
17	Divisior 363F	1 3.8	particular way.	
17 18		1 3.8. Con	particular way. A.2 Offences—pt 3.8A	
17 18 19		Con A per	particular way. A.2 Offences—pt 3.8A duct that corrupts betting outcome	
17 18 19 20		Conda A per (a)	A.2 Offences—pt 3.8A duct that corrupts betting outcome rson (the <i>first person</i>) commits an offence if—	
17 18 19 20 21		Cone A per (a) (b) (c)	A.2 Offences—pt 3.8A duct that corrupts betting outcome rson (the <i>first person</i>) commits an offence if— the first person engages in conduct; and	
17 18 19 20 21 22		(a) (b) (c)	A.2 Offences—pt 3.8A duct that corrupts betting outcome rson (the <i>first person</i>) commits an offence if— the first person engages in conduct; and the conduct corrupts a betting outcome on an event; and the first person is reckless about whether the conduct corrupts	

1		(d) the first person intends—
2		(i) obtaining a financial advantage for the first person or another person from a bet on the event; or
4 5		(ii) causing a financial disadvantage to another person who bets on the event.
6		Maximum penalty: imprisonment for 10 years.
7	363G	Bet with information about corrupt betting outcome
8	(1)	A person (the <i>first person</i>) commits an offence if—
9		(a) the first person engages in conduct that results in—
10		(i) a bet by the first person on an event; or
11		(ii) another person being encouraged to bet on an event; or
12 13 14		(iii) information being communicated to another person who the first person knows would, or would be likely to, bet on an event; and
15		(b) at the time of the conduct the first person—
16		(i) possesses corrupt conduct information for the event; and
17 18		(ii) is reckless about whether the information is corrupt conduct information.
19 20		Note The fault element of recklessness can be satisfied by proof of intention, knowledge or recklessness (see s 20 (4)).
21		Maximum penalty: imprisonment for 10 years.
22	(2)	In this section:
23 24		corrupt conduct information, for an event, means information about—
25		(a) conduct that corrupts a betting outcome for the event; or

1 2		(b) proposed conduct that would corrupt a betting outcome for the event.
3	363H	Bet with inside information
4	(1)	A person (the <i>first person</i>) commits an offence if—
5		(a) the first person engages in conduct that results in—
6		(i) a bet by the first person on an event; or
7		(ii) another person being encouraged to bet on an event; or
8 9 10		(iii) information being communicated to another person who the first person knows would, or would be likely to, bet on an event; and
11		(b) at the time of the conduct the first person—
12		(i) possesses inside information for the event; and
13 14		(ii) is reckless about whether the information is inside information.
15 16		Note The fault element of recklessness can be satisfied by proof of intention, knowledge or recklessness (see s 20 (4)).
17		Maximum penalty: imprisonment for 2 years.
18	(2)	In this section:
19		generally available—information is generally available if it—
20		(a) consists of matter that is readily observable by the public; or
21 22		(b) has been made known in a way that would, or would be likely to, bring it to the attention of the public; or
23 24		(c) consists of deductions, conclusions or inferences made or drawn from information mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).

1		<i>inside information</i> , about an event, means information that—
2		(a) is not generally available; and
3 4 5		(b) if it were generally available, would, or would be likely to, influence a person who would commonly bet on the event in deciding—
6		(i) whether or not to bet on the event; or
7		(ii) any other betting decision.
8	7	Dictionary, new definition of bet
9		insert
10 11		<i>bet</i> , by a person on an event, for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363A.
12	8	Dictionary, definition of cause
13		substitute
14		cause—
15 16		(a) for chapter 3 (Theft, fraud, bribery and related offences) other than part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 300; and
17		(b) for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363B.
18	9	Dictionary, definition of conduct
19		substitute
20		conduct—
21 22		(a) for the Act (other than part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling))—see section 13; and
23		(b) for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363A.

1	10	Dictionary, new definitions
2		insert
3		<i>corrupts a betting outcome</i> , for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363C.
5 6		<i>encourage</i> , for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363A.
7		event, for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363A.
8 9		<i>financial advantage</i> , for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363A.
10 11		<i>financial disadvantage</i> , for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363A.
12	11	Dictionary, definition of obtain
13		substitute
14		obtain—
15 16		(a) for chapter 3 (Theft, fraud, bribery and related offences) other than part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 300; and
17		(b) for part 3.8A (Cheating at gambling)—see section 363D.

Endnotes

1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 6 June 2013.

2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on

2013.

3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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