2022

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Attorney-General)

Crimes Legislation Amendment Bill 2022

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Crimes Legislation Amendment Bill 2022

A Bill for

An Act to amend legislation about crimes, and for other purposes

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

Part 1

		•
2	1	Name of Act
3		This Act is the Crimes Legislation Amendment Act 2022.
4	2	Commencement
5		This Act commences on the 7th day after its notification day.
6 7		Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence of the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
8	3	Legislation amended
9		This Act amends the following legislation:
10		• Crimes Act 1900
11		• Crimes (Sentence Administration) Act 2005
12		• Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005
13		• Criminal Code 2002.
14		<i>Note</i> This Act also amends other legislation (see sch 1 and sch 2).

Preliminary

Part 2 Crimes Act 1900

2	4		Section 375
3			substitute
4	375		Summary disposal of certain cases—Magistrates Court
5 6		(1)	This section applies if a person is before the Magistrates Court charged with—
7			(a) a common law offence; or
8			(b) an offence punishable by imprisonment for a term not exceeding—
10 11			(i) if the offence relates to money or other property—14 years; or
12			(ii) in any other case—10 years; or
13 14			(c) if the person is a body corporate—an offence against the <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i> , section 31 (1); or
15			(d) an offence against the Criminal Code—
16			(i) section 310 (Aggravated robbery); or
17			(ii) section 311 (1) (b) (Burglary); or
18			(iii) section 312 (Aggravated burglary).
19 20 21 22			Note Under the Criminal Code, s 311 (1) (b), a person commits an offence if the person enters or remains in a building as a trespasser with intent to commit an offence that involves causing harm, or threatening to cause harm, to anyone in the building.
23		(2)	However, this section applies to a case to which section 374 applies
24			only as mentioned in section 374 (6).

1	(3)	The court may proceed in accordance with subsections (5) to (13) if—
2		(a) the court considers that it has no jurisdiction, apart from this section, to hear and determine the charge summarily; and
4 5 6		(b) for a charge that relates to money, or to property other than a motor vehicle—the court considers that the amount of the money or the value of the property does not exceed \$30 000.
7 8 9	(4)	To remove any doubt, for subsection (3) (b), property does not include real property or any building at which the offence charged was allegedly committed.
10 11	(5)	The court may invite the person (the <i>defendant</i>) to plead guilty or not guilty to the charge.
12 13	(6)	If the defendant pleads guilty to the charge, the court may accept or reject the plea.
14	(7)	The defendant is taken to have pleaded not guilty to the charge if—
15 16		(a) the defendant does not plead to the charge when invited to do so under subsection (5); or
17 18		(b) the court rejects a plea of guilty to the charge under subsection (6).
19 20 21	(8)	When the court is satisfied the case is ready to be listed for hearing, the court must ask the defendant whether the defendant consents to the case being disposed of summarily.
22 23	(9)	The court may hear and determine the charge summarily, and may sentence or otherwise deal with the defendant according to law, if—
24 25		(a) the defendant pleads, or is to be taken to have pleaded, not guilty to the charge; and
26 27		(b) the court considers that the case can properly be disposed of summarily; and

(c) the defendant consented to the case being disposed of summarily

2		and the consent has not been withdrawn under section 375A; and
3 4 5	(d) if the charge is for an offence against the Criminal Code, section 310 or section 312—the prosecutor also consents to the case being disposed of summarily.
6 (10) 7	The court may sentence or otherwise deal with the defendant if—
7	((a) the court accepts a plea of guilty to a charge; and
8 9	(b) the court considers that the case can properly be disposed of summarily; and
10 11	(the defendant consented to the case being disposed of summarily and the consent has not been withdrawn under section 375A; and
12 13 14	(d) if the charge is for an offence against the Criminal Code, section 310 or section 312—the prosecutor also consents to the case being disposed of summarily.
15 (16		Before the court decides whether a case can properly be disposed of ummarily, the court must consider the following:
17	((a) any relevant representations made by the defendant;
18 19	(b) any relevant representations made by the prosecutor in the defendant's presence;
20 21 22 23 24	(whether, if the defendant were found guilty or the defendant's plea of guilty has been accepted by the court, the court is empowered under this section to impose an adequate penalty, taking into account the circumstances and the degree of seriousness of the case;
25 26 27	(any other circumstances that appear to the court to make it more appropriate for the case to be dealt with on indictment rather than summarily.

2	(12)	and—
3 4		(a) the court considers that the case cannot properly be disposed of summarily; or
5 6		(b) the defendant's consent to the case being disposed of summarily has been withdrawn under section 375A;
7 8 9		the <i>Magistrates Court Act 1930</i> , section 90A (7) to (13) (Plea of guilty at committal hearing) applies in relation to the defendant as if the court had accepted a plea of guilty to the charge under that section.
10 11 12	(13)	If the court disposes of a case summarily under this section and convicts the defendant of the offence, the court must not impose a penalty that exceeds—
13		(a) a fine of \$15 000, imprisonment for 5 years or both; or
14 15 16		(b) if the maximum penalty provided for the offence by the law creating it is less than the penalty mentioned in paragraph (a)—the maximum penalty.
17	(14)	In this section:
18		Magistrates Court does not include the Childrens Court.
18 19	375AA	Magistrates Court does not include the Childrens Court. Summary disposal of certain cases—Childrens Court
	375AA (1)	
19 20 21		Summary disposal of certain cases—Childrens Court This section applies if a person is before the Childrens Court charged with any offence other than an offence punishable by imprisonment
19 20 21 22	(1)	Summary disposal of certain cases—Childrens Court This section applies if a person is before the Childrens Court charged with any offence other than an offence punishable by imprisonment for life. However, this section applies to a case to which section 374 applies

1 2	(4)	The court may invite the person (the <i>defendant</i>) to plead guilty or not guilty to the charge.
3 4	(5)	If the defendant pleads guilty to the charge, the court may accept or reject the plea.
5	(6)	The defendant is taken to have pleaded not guilty to the charge if—
6 7		(a) the defendant does not plead to the charge when invited to do so under subsection (4); or
8 9		(b) the court rejects a plea of guilty to the charge under subsection (5).
10 11 12	(7)	When the court is satisfied the case is ready to be listed for hearing, the court must ask the defendant whether the defendant consents to the case being disposed of summarily.
13 14	(8)	The court may hear and determine the charge summarily, and may sentence or otherwise deal with the defendant according to law, if—
15 16		(a) the defendant pleads, or is to be taken to have pleaded, not guilty to the charge; and
17 18		(b) the court considers that the case can properly be disposed of summarily; and
19 20		(c) the defendant consented to the case being disposed of summarily and the consent has not been withdrawn under section 375A.
21	(9)	The court may sentence or otherwise deal with the defendant if—
22		(a) the court accepts a plea of guilty to a charge; and
23 24		(b) the court considers that the case can properly be disposed of summarily; and
25 26		(c) the defendant consented to the case being disposed of summarily and the consent has not been withdrawn under section 375A.

1 2	(10)	summarily, the court must consider the following:
3		(a) any relevant representations made by the defendant;
4 5		(b) any relevant representations made by the prosecutor in the defendant's presence;
6		(c) the facts of the case;
7		(d) the seriousness of the alleged offence;
8 9		(e) the circumstances in which the offence is alleged to have been committed;
0		(f) the defendant's age;
11		(g) the defendant's apparent maturity;
2		(h) the defendant's apparent mental capacity;
3 4		(i) the suitability of the penalties that the court is empowered to impose;
5		(j) the difficulty of any question of law that is likely to arise.
6 7	(11)	If the court accepts a plea of guilty to a charge under this section, and—
9		(a) the court considers that the case cannot properly be disposed of summarily; or
20 21		(b) the defendant's consent to the case being disposed of summarily has been withdrawn under section 375A;
22 23 24		the <i>Magistrates Court Act 1930</i> , section 90A (7) to (13) (Plea of guilty at committal hearing) applies in relation to the defendant as if the court had accepted a plea of guilty to the charge under that section.

1	(12)	If the court disposes of a case summarily under this section and
2		convicts the defendant of the offence, the court must not impose a
3		penalty that exceeds—
4		(a) a fine of \$5 000, imprisonment for 2 years or both; or
5		(b) if the maximum penalty provided for the offence by the law

the maximum penalty.

6

creating it is less than the penalty mentioned in paragraph (a)—

page 10

1	Part 3	Crimes (Sentence Administration) Act 2005
3 4	5	Registrar to send penalty notice Section 116C (3) (e)
5		omit
6		address, and any change of address
7		substitute
8		contact details, and any change of contact details
9	6	Section 116D heading
10		substitute
11	116D	Offender to give registrar contact details
12	7	Section 116D (1)
13		omit
14		details of his or her home address and postal address
15		substitute
16		their contact details
17	8	Section 116D (2)
18		omit
19		his or her home address or postal address before the fine and any
20 21		relevant administrative fee are paid must give the registrar details of the new address
22		substitute
23 24		their contact details before the fine and any relevant administrative fee are paid must give the registrar their new contact details

1	9	Section 116D (3)
2		omit
3		his or her home address and postal address
4		substitute
5		their contact details
6	10	New section 116D (4) and (5)
7		insert
8 9	(4)	Subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not apply if the person has a reasonable excuse.
0		Note The defendant has an evidential burden in relation to the matters mentioned in s (4) (see Criminal Code, s 58).
2	(5)	In this section:
3		contact details, for an offender, means the following details:
4		(a) home address;
5		(b) postal address;
6		(c) email address (if any);
7		(d) home phone number (if any);
8		(e) mobile phone number (if any).
9	11	Section 116E heading
20		substitute
21	116E	Registrar may ask other people for offender's contact details

1	12	Section 116E (1)		
2		omit		
3		details held by the person about an address of		
4		substitute		
5		contact details that they hold for		
6	13	Section 116E (3), new definition of contact details		
7		insert		
8		contact details, for an offender—see section 116D (5).		
9 0	14	Default notice New section 116H (3)		
1		insert		
3		(3) The default notice must be sent to the fine defaulter's last-known postal address or email address.		
4 5	15	Form of default notice Section 116I (1) (e)		
6		omit		
7		address		
8		substitute		
9		contact details		

1 2	16	Reminder notice Section 116J (2)
3		omit
4		last known address
5		substitute
6		last-known postal address or email address
7 8	17	Sharing information Section 116ZT, example
9		omit
0		details of fine defaulter's address
1		substitute
2		contact details of a fine defaulter

Part 4

Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005

18 Assessment of suitability—intensive correction order Table 46D, item 7

substitute

7	living circumstances of the offender	member of the offender's household does not consent to living with the offender while the offender is serving intensive correction
		someone with parental responsibility or guardianship for a person who is a member of the offender's household does not consent to the person living with the offender while the offender is serving intensive correction
		residence outside the ACT may make administration of an intensive correction order, or the offender's compliance with an intensive correction order, impracticable

rait :)	Criminal Code 2002
19	New part 7A	.1 heading
	insert	
Part 7	7A.1	Serious vilification
20	New parts 7	A.2 and 7A.3
	insert	
Part 7	7A.2	Public display of Nazi symbols
751	Meaning of	Nazi symbol—pt 7A.2
(1) In this part:	
	<i>Nazi symbol</i> n	neans—
	(a) a Hakenl	creuz; or
	•	that so nearly resembles a Hakenkreuz that it is likely fused with or mistaken for a Hakenkreuz.
	Example-	-par (b)
	a cross wit	h the arms bent at right angles in a counter-clockwise direction
(2	2) In this section	:
	Hakenkreuz 1	means a symbol of a cross with the arms bent at right
	angles in a clo	ckwise direction.

18

1	752		Pub	olic d	ispla	ay of Nazi symbols
2		(1)	A pe	erson	comi	mits an offence if—
3			(a)	the p	erso	n displays a Nazi symbol; and
4 5			(b)	_		n knows, or ought reasonably to know, that the symbol ted with Nazi ideology; and
6			(c)	the d	lispla	y is other than in private.
7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4			Max or bo	1 0 1 2 ii 3 0 1 4 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	displa orivate nclud displa to be l wearir sight o	ying the symbol at an event that is open to the public, even if ely organised ing the symbol in a publicly viewable post on social media ying the symbol during a video-recorded interview that is intended proadcast ag the symbol on a piece of clothing in a public place, or within of a person who is in a public place alty: 120 penalty units, imprisonment for 12 months
7		(2)			n (1)	does not apply to a person if—
8		` /	(a)	the N	Vazi	symbol is displayed on the person's body by means of or similar process; or
20			(b)	the p	erso	n displayed the symbol reasonably and in good faith—
21				(i)		a genuine academic, artistic, religious or scientific pose; or
23					Exa	mples
24 25					1	a person of Hindu faith displays a swastika in the front window of the person's shop as a symbol of good luck
26 27					2	a person of Jain faith draws a swastika on the person's new vehicle before using it as a symbol of good fortune
28 29 30					3	a person of Buddhist faith displays a sculpture of Buddha with a swastika on the chest, as a symbol of auspiciousness, at a Buddhist temple

1		(ii)	for a genuine cultural or educational purpose; or
2			Examples
3 4			1 the floor of a shop is patterned with swastikas in the hope of bringing prosperity
5 6			2 a member of the Hindu community wears a T-shirt in public with a swastika on the front as a symbol of peace
7 8			a bookshop displays for sale an educational textbook on World War II, which has a Hakenkreuz on the cover
9		(iii)	in making or publishing a fair and accurate report of an event or matter of public interest; or
1		(iv)	in opposition to fascism, Nazism, neo-Nazism or other related ideologies.
3			Examples
4 5			a person who displays a flag of Nazi Germany with a marking through it to signal the person's opposition to Nazism
6 7			2 a person participating in a protest who displays a Nazi symbol on a placard which also contains words stating opposition to fascism
8			the defendant has an evidential burden in relation to the matters tentioned in s (2) (see s 58).
20 21 22	(3)	-	ling against a child for an offence against this section must arted without the written consent of the director of public ons.
23	(4)	In this sec	etion:
24 25		_	neans the cutting of the skin of a person and the insertion of beneath the skin to produce a lump.
26 27		_	means the application of heat, cold or a substance to the person to produce scar tissue.
28 29		scarificate tissue.	ion means the cutting of the skin of a person to create scar
30		similar pr	vocess includes beading, branding and scarification.

1	753		Direction to remove Nazi symbol from public display
2 3 4 5		(1)	A police officer may direct a person to remove a Nazi symbol from display if the police officer reasonably believes that the person is committing an offence against section 752 by displaying the Nazi symbol.
6 7		(2)	A police officer may direct a person to remove a Nazi symbol from display at premises if—
8			(a) the person is the owner or occupier of the premises; and
9 0 1			(b) the police officer reasonably believes that an offence is being committed against section 752 by the display of the Nazi symbol.
2		(3)	A direction under this section—
3			(a) may be given orally or in writing; and
4			(b) must state when the direction must be complied with.
5 6		(4)	If the direction cannot be given in person, a police officer may leave a written direction—
7			(a) at the premises where the Nazi symbol is being displayed; or
8			(b) if the display is in or on a vehicle—by attaching or placing the direction on the vehicle in a conspicuous place.
20 21		(5)	A person must comply with a direction given to the person under this section.
22			Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.
23		(6)	Subsection (5) does not apply if the person has a reasonable excuse.
24 25			Note The defendant has an evidential burden in relation to the matters mentioned in s (6) (see s 58).

Part 7A.3 Other offences

2	754		Unauthorised entry of motor vehicle
3		(1)	A person commits an offence if—
4			(a) the person enters a motor vehicle; and
5			(b) the vehicle belongs to someone else; and
6 7			(c) the person does not have consent to enter the vehicle from a person to whom the vehicle belongs.
8			Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.
9		(2)	This section does not apply if the person has a reasonable excuse.
10		(3)	In this section:
11			<i>belongs</i> —see section 301.
12 13			<i>enter</i> a motor vehicle—a person <i>enters</i> a motor vehicle if the person puts any part of their body into any part of the motor vehicle.
14	21		Dictionary, notes 1 and 2
14 15	21		Dictionary, notes 1 and 2 substitute
	21		·
15 16	21		substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act.
15 16 17	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: • Act • ACT
15 16 17 18 19	21		 Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: Act ACT child
15 16 17 18 19 20	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: • Act • ACT • child • contravene
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: • Act • ACT • child • contravene • corporation
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: • Act • ACT • child • contravene • corporation • director of public prosecutions
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: Act ACT child contravene corporation director of public prosecutions found guilty (of an offence)
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: • Act • ACT • child • contravene • corporation • director of public prosecutions • found guilty (of an offence)
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	21		Substitute Note The Legislation Act contains definitions relevant to this Act. For example: • Act • ACT • child • contravene • corporation • director of public prosecutions • found guilty (of an offence) • function

Section 22

1		 proceeding
2		 provision
3		 public trustee and guardian
4		 statutory declaration
5		• subordinate law
6		• summary offence (see s 190).
7	22	Dictionary, new definition of <i>Nazi symbol</i>
8		insert
9		Nazi symbol, for part 7A.2 (Public display of Nazi symbols)—see
10		section 751.

Sched (see s 3)	ule 1 Consequential amendments
Part 1.	1 Australian Crime Commission (ACT) Act 2003
[1.1]	Section 5, new note
	insert
	Note 3 Crimes Act
	The <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , s 375 and s 375AA provide for the summary disposal of certain cases.
[1.2]	Section 23 (5) etc
	omit the note in
	• section 23 (5)
	• section 26 (1)
	• section 26 (3)
	• section 26 (5)
	• section 28 (1)
	• section 49
Part 1.	2 Crimes Act 1900
[1.3]	Section 374 (6)
	substitute
(6)	If the prosecutor does not elect to have the case disposed of summarily within the time required under subsection (5), the court must deal with the charge in accordance with—
	(a) section 375 (5) to (13); or

1 2		(b) if the matter is being heard in the Childrens Court—section 375AA (4) to (12).			
3	[1.4]	Section 375A (1)			
4		substitute			
5 6	(1)	A defendant's consent to summary disposal of a case can be withdrawn only if—			
7 8		(a) for consent under section 375 (8)—the Magistrates Court grants leave under this section; or			
9 10		(b) for consent under section 375AA (7)—the Childrens Court grants leave under this section.			
11	[1.5]	Section 377			
12		omit			
13 14		If the Magistrates Court has heard and determined a charge under section 374 or section 375			
15		substitute			
16 17		If a court has heard and determined a charge under section 374, section 375 or section 375AA			
18	[1.6]	Section 378 (1)			
19		omit			
20		section 374 or section 375			
21		substitute			
22		section 374, section 375 or section 375AA,			

1	[1.7]	Section 378 (2)			
2		omit			
3 4		by the Magistrates Court of an information heard and determined the court under section 374 or section 375			
5		substitute			
6 7		by a court of an information heard and determined by the court under section 374, section 375 or section 375AA			
8	Part 1.	3 Magistrates Court Act 1930			
9	[1.8]	Section 90A (2) and (7) (b) (v)			
10		omit			
11		section 374 or section 375			
12		substitute			
13		section 374, section 375 or section 375AA			
14	[1.9]	Section 208 (1) (b) to (d)			
15		substitute			
16 17 18		(b) an appeal, by the person convicted, from a conviction for an offence dealt with by the Magistrates Court, or the Childrens Court, under—			
19 20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
21 22					
23		(iii) the Crimes Act—			
24 25	(A) section 374 (Summary disposal of certain case prosecutor's election); or				

1 2		(B) section 375 (Summary disposal of certain cases— Magistrates Court); or		
3 4		(C) section 375AA (Summary disposal of certain cases—Childrens Court);		
5 6 7		(c) an appeal, by the person against whom the order is made, from an order made under section 113 or section 114, in a proceeding dealt with under—		
8		(i) part 3.6; or		
9 10		(ii) the Crimes Act, section 374, section 375 or section 375AA;		
11 12 13 14		(d) an appeal from a sentence or penalty by a person convicted of an offence dealt with under any of the following (whether or not the person appeals against the conviction in relation to which the sentence or penalty was imposed):		
15		(i) section 90A, part 3.6 or part 3.7;		
16 17		(ii) the Crimes Act, section 374, section 375 or section 375AA;		
18	[1.10]	Section 208 (1) (e), note		
19		omit		
20	[1.11]	Section 219B		
21		substitute		
22	219B	Decisions subject to review appeal		
23 24 25	(1)	Each of the following is a decision of the Magistrates Court, or the Childrens Court, from which an appeal by way of review (a <i>review appeal</i>) may be made in accordance with this division:		

1 (a)	an order dismissing an information dealt with under—		
2 3	(i) part 3.6 (Proceedings for offences punishable summarily); or		
4 5	(ii) part 3.7 (Service and pleading by post for certain offences); or		
6	(iii) the Crimes Act—		
7 8	(A) section 374 (Summary disposal of certain cases at prosecutor's election); or		
9	(B) section 375 (Summary disposal of certain cases—Magistrates Court); or		
11 12	(C) section 375AA (Summary disposal of certain cases—Childrens Court);		
13 (b)	a conviction for an offence dealt with under—		
14	(i) part 3.6 or part 3.7; or		
15 16	(ii) the Crimes Act, section 374, section 375 or section 375AA;		
(c)	an order made under section 113 or section 114, in a proceeding dealt with under—		
19	(i) part 3.6; or		
20 21	(ii) the Crimes Act, section 374, section 375 or section 375AA;		
22 (d) 23 24	a decision not to commit a person to the Supreme Court for sentence under section 92A (Committal for sentence for indictable offence tried summarily);		
e) (e) (e)	a decision to dispose of a case summarily under the Crimes Act, section 374, section 375 or section 375AA;		

1		(f) a sentence or penalty imposed for an offence dealt with under—		
2		(i) section 90A, part 3.6 or part 3.7; or		
3 4		(ii) the Crimes Act, section 374, section 375 or section 375AA.		
5	(2)	In subsection (1) (f):		
6 7		sentence or penalty includes a sentence or penalty imposed by an order under—		
8 9		(a) any of the following provisions of the <i>Crimes (Sentencing)</i> Act 2005:		
10		(i) part 3.2 (Sentences of imprisonment);		
11		(ii) part 3.3 (Non-custodial sentences);		
12		(iii) part 3.4 (Non-association and place restriction orders);		
13		(iv) part 3.5 (Deferred sentence orders);		
14		(v) part 3.6 (Combination sentences); or		
15 16		(b) the <i>Crimes (Sentence Administration) Act 2005</i> , part 6.6 (Good behaviour orders—amendment and discharge).		
17	[1.12]	Section 288 (2)		
18		substitute		
19	(2)	Subsection (1) (b) is subject to the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> —		
20 21		(a) section 374 (Summary disposal of certain cases at prosecutor's election); and		
22		b) section 375AA (Summary disposal of certain cases—Childrens Court).		

1	[1.13]	Section 291K (2)		
2		substitute		
3	(2)	Subsection (1) (b) is subject to the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> —		
4 5		(a) section 374 (Summary disposal of certain cases at prosecutor's election); and		
6 7		(b) section 375 (Summary disposal of certain cases—Magistrates Court).		
8	[1.14]	Section 291Q (3)		
8	[1.14]	Section 291Q (3) substitute		
	[1.14] (3)	· /		
9		substitute		
9 10 11		substitute Subsection (2) (b) is subject to the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> — (a) section 374 (Summary disposal of certain cases at prosecutor's		

1	(see s 3)	ule 2 Technical amendments
3	Part 2.	Australian Crime Commission (ACT) Act 2003
5	[2.1]	Section 9 (2)
6		omit
7 8		section 55A (3) (Operation of State laws—investigation of offences against State laws)
9		substitute
10		section 55A (3) (Operation of State laws)
11	Explanatory	note
12 13 14	Commission	nent updates a cross-reference because of amendments made to the <i>Australian Crime Act 2002</i> (Cwlth) by the <i>Australian Crime Commission Amendment (National rmation) Act 2016</i> (Cwlth).
15	[2.2]	Section 38 (1), definition of federal judicial officer
16		substitute
17		federal judicial officer means—
18		(a) a judge of the Federal Court; or
19 20		(b) a judge of the Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia (Division 2).
21	Explanatory	note
22 23 24	(Cwlth) by th	nent updates a reference because of amendments to the <i>Federal Magistrates Act 1999</i> e <i>Federal Circuit Court of Australia Legislation Amendment Act 2012</i> (Cwlth), and t of the <i>Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia Act 2021</i> (Cwlth).

1 2	[2.3]	2.3] Dictionary, definition of <i>Commonwealth body or person</i> , paragraph (j)			
3		substitute			
4 5		(j) a judge of the Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia (Division 2).			
6	Explanator	y note			
7 8 9	This amendment updates a reference because of amendments to the <i>Federal Magistrates Act 1999</i> (Cwlth) by the <i>Federal Circuit Court of Australia Legislation Amendment Act 2012</i> (Cwlth), and the enactment of the <i>Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia Act 2021</i> (Cwlth).				
10	[2.4]	Dictionary, definition of federal magistrate			
11		omit			
12	Explanator	y note			
13 14 15 16	This amendment omits a definition that has become redundant because of amendments to the <i>Federal Magistrates Act 1999</i> (Cwlth) by the <i>Federal Circuit Court of Australia Legislation Amendment Act 2012</i> (Cwlth), and the enactment of the <i>Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia Act 2021</i> (Cwlth).				
17	[2.5]	Dictionary, definition of issuing officer, paragraph (c)			
18		substitute			
19 20		(c) a judge of the Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia (Division 2).			
21	Explanator	y note			
22 23 24	This amendment updates a reference because of amendments to the <i>Federal Magistrates Act 1999</i> (Cwlth) by the <i>Federal Circuit Court of Australia Legislation Amendment Act 2012</i> (Cwlth), and the enactment of the <i>Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia Act 2021</i> (Cwlth).				

Amendment [2.6]

[2.6] Dictionary, new definition of judge of the Federal and Family Court of Australia (Division 2)			
3		insert	
4		judge of the Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia	
5		(Division 2) means a person holding office as a judge of the Federal	
6		Circuit and Family Court of Australia (Division 2) (including the	
7		Chief Justice, Deputy Chief Justice and a Senior Judge) under the	
8		Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia Act 2021 (Cwlth).	
9	Explanatory	note	
0	This amendment inserts a new definition because of amendments to the <i>Federal Magistrates</i>		
1	Act 1999 (Cwlth) by the Federal Circuit Court of Australia Legislation Amendment Act 2012		
2	(Cwlth), and	I the enactment of the Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia Act 2021	
3	(Cwlth).		

Part 2.2 Court Procedures Act 2004

5	[2.7]	Section 40, definitions of deputy sheriff and sheriff
6		omit
7		section 46 (Appointment)
8		substitute
9		section 46 (Appointments)
20	Explanato	ry note
21		dment updates a cross-reference because of an amendment to the Supreme Court v the Justice and Community Safety Legislation Amendment Act 2016.

1	[2.8]	Section 41 (2) (d) (i)	
2		omit	
3		(Consequential orders—ch 2);	
4	substitute		
5		(Consequential orders—pt 2.2);	
6	Explanator	y note	
7 8 9		dment updates a cross-reference because of amendments to the <i>Evidence</i> ous <i>Provisions</i>) Act 1991 by the Royal Commission Criminal Justice Legislation Act 2018.	
10	[2.9]	Section 72 (4), definition of circle sentencing	
11		omit	
12		section 291L	
13		substitute	
14		dictionary	
15	Explanator	y note	
16 17		lment updates a cross-reference because of amendments made to the <i>Magistrates</i> 930 by the <i>Crimes Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2018.	
18 19	Part 2.	Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005	
20	[2.10]	Section 7 (1) (d) (i), note	
21		omit	
22	Explanator	y note	
23 24	This amend expired.	ment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provision it refers to has	

1	[2.11]	Section 9 (2)					
2		omit					
3		schedule 2, part 2.2, item 14A					
4		substitute					
5		schedule 2, part 2.2,	item 15				
6	Explanator	y note					
7	This amendment corrects a cross reference.						
8	[2.12]	Section 59 (2), de	finition of <i>internet</i>	service provider			
9		substitute					
10 11	<i>internet service provider</i> —see the <i>Online Safety Act 2021</i> (Cwlth), section 19 (Internet service providers).						
12	Explanator	Explanatory note					
13 14 15	This amendment updates the definition because the <i>Broadcasting Services Act 1992</i> (Cwlth), schedule 5, was replaced by the <i>Online Safety Act 2021</i> (Cwlth). The new definition is identical to the old definition.						
16	[2.13]	Schedule 1, part	1.2, items 1 and 2				
17	substitute						
	1	Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth), section 270.5 (1) and section 270.8 (1) (a)	cause child to enter into or remain in servitude	the service provided is a sexual service (as defined in the <i>Criminal Code Act 1995</i> (Cwlth), dictionary)			
	2	Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth),	conduct a business involving child	the service provided is a sexual service (as defined in			

Explanatory note

18

section 270.5 (2) and

section 270.8 (1) (a)

This amendment updates cross-references and language because of amendments made to the 20 *Criminal Code Act 1995* (Cwlth).

servitude

the Criminal Code Act 1995

(Cwlth), dictionary)

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[2.14] Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 1

substitute

1	Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth), section 270.7 and	deceptive recruiting for child labour or services	the service to be provided is a sexual service (as defined in the <i>Criminal Code Act 1995</i>
	section 270.8 (1) (a)		(Cwlth), dictionary)

- 3 Explanatory note
- 4 This amendment updates cross-references and language because of amendments made to the
- 5 Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth).

6 [2.15] Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 3

substitute

3	Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth),	domestic trafficking in children
	section 271.7	

- 8 Explanatory note
- 9 This amendment updates a cross-reference because of amendments made to the *Criminal Code*
- 10 Act 1995 (Cwlth). This amendment also omits unnecessary words.

11 [2.16] Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 12

- 12 omit
- 13 Explanatory note
- 14 This amendment omits an item that has become redundant because the section it refers to has
- been repealed.

[2.17] Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 14

substitute

|--|

3 Explanatory note

- 4 This amendment omits a cross-reference that has become redundant because the section it refers
- 5 to has been repealed, and corrects a citation.

6 [2.18] Schedule 2, part 2.2, items 16 and 17

- 7 omit
- 8 Explanatory note
- 9 This amendment omits items that have become redundant because the sections they refer to have
- 10 been repealed.

11 [2.19] Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 20

substitute

20	Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth), section 471.22 (1)	commit offence against <i>Criminal Code Act 1995</i> (Cwlth), section 471.19 or 471.20 on 3 or more occasions, and involving 2 or more
		people 2 or more

13 Explanatory note

- 14 This amendment omits cross-references that have become redundant because the sections they
- refer to have been repealed, and corrects a citation.

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[2.20] Schedule 2, part 2.2, items 24 and 25

- 2 omit
- 3 Explanatory note
- 4 This amendment omits items that have become redundant because the sections they refer to have
- 5 been repealed.

6 [2.21] Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 28

7 substitute

Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth), section 474.24A (1) Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth), section 474.22 or section 474.23 on 3 or more occasions, and involving 2 or more

- 8 Explanatory note
- 9 This amendment omits cross-references that have become redundant because the sections they
- 10 refer to have been repealed, and corrects a citation.

11 [2.22] Schedule 2, part 2.2, items 35 and 36

substitute

35	Customs Act 1901 (Cwlth), section 233BAB (5)	import tier 2 goods	the tier 2 goods are items of child abuse material (see s 233BAB (1) (h))
36	Customs Act 1901 (Cwlth), section 233BAB (6)	export tier 2 goods	the tier 2 goods are items of child abuse material (see s 233BAB (1) (h))

- 13 Explanatory note
- 14 This amendment updates language to reflect the change of language in the Customs Act 1901
- 15 (Cwlth).

1	[2.23]	Dictionary, definition of <i>community service order</i>
2		omit
3		section 13 (6)
4		substitute
5		section 13 (7)
6	Explanator	ry note
7	This amend	lment corrects a cross-reference.
8	[2.24]	Dictionary, definition of parole, note
9		omit
0	Explanator	ry note
1	This amend expired.	dment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have
3	[2.25]	Further amendments, mentions of Criminal Code (Cwlth)
4		omit
5		Criminal Code (Cwlth)
6		substitute
7		Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cwlth)
8		in
9		• schedule 1, part 1.2, items 5, 8 and 9
20		• schedule 2, part 2.2, items 10, 11 and 31
21	Explanator	ry note
2	This amend	lment corrects a citation.

Part 2.4 Crimes (Sentence Administration) Act 2005

		•
3	[2.26]	Section165 (1) (c)
4		omit
5		last known
6		substitute
7		last-known
8	Explanatory	note
9	This amenda	nent corrects punctuation.
10 11	[2.27]	Section 298 (8), definition of <i>relevant victim</i> , paragraph (a)
12		omit
13		views of victims
14		substitute
15		victim's views
16	Explanatory	note
17	This amenda	nent corrects a cross-reference.

1	[2.28]	Dictionary, definition of ACT prisoner etc
2		omit
3		chapter 11
4		substitute
5		part 11.1
6		in the definitions of
7		• ACT prisoner
8		ACT sentence of imprisonment
9		• arrest warrant
10		• commonwealth sentence of imprisonment
11		• corresponding ACT court
12		• corresponding Minister
13		• default imprisonment
14		• Governor
15		• indeterminate sentence
16		• interstate law
17		• interstate sentence of imprisonment
18		• joint prisoner
19		• non-participating territory
20	Explanato	ry note
21	This amend	dment corrects cross-references.

[2.29]	Dictionary, definition of participating jurisdiction
	omit
chapter 11	
	substitute
	chapter 12
Explanator	y note
This amend	ment corrects a cross-reference.
Part 2.	5 Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005
[2.30]	Section 9 (2), note 1
	after 3rd dot point, insert
	• drug and alcohol treatment order (see s 12A, pt 4.2B and pt 5.4A)
Explanator	y note
	ment is consequential on the insertion of s 12A, pt 4.2B and pt 5.4A by the <i>Sentencing Mochol Treatment Orders</i>) <i>Legislation Amendment Act 2019</i> .
Part 2.	6 Magistrates Court Act 1930
[2.31]	Section 266 (a)
	omit
	(Complaints)
	substitute
	(Complaints to ACAT about utilities)
Explanator	y note
	ment updates a cross-reference because of an amendment made by the ACT Civil and ive Tribunal Legislation Amendment Act 2008 (No 2).
	Explanatory This amends Part 2. [2.30] Explanatory This amends (Drug and A) Part 2. [2.31] Explanatory This amends This amends

Schedule 2 Part 2.7

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Technical amendments Spent Convictions Act 2000

Amendment [2.32]

[2.32]	Section 266A (2) (b)
	omit
	s 82A
	substitute
	section 82A
Explanate	ry note
This ame	dment substitutes language in line with current legislative drafting practice.
Part 2	.7 Spent Convictions Act 2000
2.33]	Section 12 (3), note
	omit
Explanat This ame	ry note dment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have
-	dment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have Victims of Crime (Financial
This amerexpired.	dment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have
This amerexpired.	dment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have Victims of Crime (Financial
This amerexpired.	dment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have Victims of Crime (Financial Assistance) Act 2016
This amerexpired.	diment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have Victims of Crime (Financial Assistance) Act 2016 Dictionary, definition of repayment amount
This amerexpired.	diment omits a note that is no longer needed because the provisions it refers to have Victims of Crime (Financial Assistance) Act 2016 Dictionary, definition of repayment amount omit
This amerexpired.	Assistance) Act 2016 Dictionary, definition of repayment amount (Repayment of financial assistance and funeral expenses)
This amerexpired.	Victims of Crime (Financial Assistance) Act 2016 Dictionary, definition of repayment amount omit (Repayment of financial assistance and funeral expenses) substitute (Repayment of financial assistance and funeral expenses by assisted person)

Part 2.9 Working with Vulnerable People (Background Checking) Act 2011

- 3 [2.35] Schedule 3, part 3.2, item 52
- *substitute*

52	Crimes Act, s 56	persistent sexual abuse of child or young person under special	
		care	

- 5 Explanatory note
- 6 This amendment is consequential on an amendment of the heading of the *Crimes Act 1900*, s 56
- 7 by the Family Violence Legislation Amendment Act 2022.

Endnotes

1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 23 November 2022.

2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on

2022.

3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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