Australian Capital Territory

Blood Donation (Transmittable Diseases) Blood Donor Form 2014 (No 1)

Disallowable instrument DI2014-56

Approved form AF2014-22

made under the

Blood Donation (Transmittable Diseases) Act 1985, s 10(3) (Approved Forms)

1 Name of instrument

This instrument is the *Blood Donation (Transmittable Diseases) Blood Donor Form 2014 (No 1)*.

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on 6 July 2014.

3 Revocation

This instrument revokes the disallowable instrument DI2012-68 and the approved form AF2012-113.

4 Declaration

I approve the attached blood donation declaration form.

Katy Gallagher MLA Minister for Health

2 May 2014

Donor questionnaire

Thank you for coming to give blood today.

Your donation could save the life of someone or help them through an operation (surgical procedure). The Australian Red Cross Blood Service is committed to providing safe blood and blood products to those who need them.

The Donation Process

We are going to ask you to answer some questions about your general health to help us to decide if it is safe for you to give blood and, if so, how we can best use your blood. All of these questions are important though the reasons for some of the questions may be difficult to understand. Please discuss them with the member of staff who will be interviewing you. We are committed to keeping your answers and anything you tell us in the interview CONFIDENTIAL in so far as we are able.

Even though there are a lot of questions, you need to answer them honestly and to the best of your ability. Answering these questions honestly is important to ensure the safety of blood products. There are severe penalties, including fines and/or imprisonment, for false or misleading information.

Blood is tested primarily to ensure recipient safety. **Donors should never** rely on this testing for their own personal health screening purposes.

Prior to release, all donations must be tested for the presence of hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV (AIDS virus), HTLV and syphilis. Should your blood test positive or show a significantly abnormal result, you will be notified. However, on some occasions laboratory testing cannot be performed and your donation will not be used.

You have the option to change your mind about donating blood at any time. Please indicate to staff if you wish to leave at any time during the donation process.

Complete using ink - not pencil. If you make a mistake, cross it out and initial the correction. Do not use liquid paper as this will invalidate the form and you will need to complete a new form.

Privacy statement

The personal information collected on this form allows the Blood Service to register and retain you as a blood donor. All information collected will be handled in the strictest confidence in accordance with the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth).

For more information, please ask for our Privacy Policy.

On the Day

- Eat up. Make sure that you eat something in the 3 hours before donating.
- Be prepared by having plenty of liquid the day before donation, especially in warm weather. In addition, in the 3 hours before donating, please drink at least 3 good-sized glasses of water/juice.
- Avoid strenuous exercise in the 3 hours prior to your donation.
- Provide identification: Have your photo ID or donor ID card handy.

You should fill in the declaration section **but please don't sign until you** have completed the interview!

For your records

A sta	iff me	mber v	vill ente	r your	details	below:
_						

Donor ID number:

Date:

Date:

Haemoglobin g/L:

The Blood Service acceptable ranges for haemoglobin are:

Whole blood donors:

Females 120 to 165 g/L and males 130 to 185 g/L

Plasma and platelet donors:

Females 115 to 165 g/L and males 125 to 185 g/L

Blood Pressure (mmHg/mmHg):



Information about the risks of donating blood

Blood donation is extremely safe

However, problems occasionally arise during or after a donation. These problems are not common but we are telling you about them so that, if they do occur, you will know some simple and appropriate steps to take.

Please note: All equipment used in blood collection is sterile, used once only and discarded.

If you experience any problems or you feel unwell whilst you are at the donor centre sit down and ask a staff member for assistance. Are you feeling anxious? Please let us know. We can help you feel at ease.

Feeling faint and fainting

Fainting is caused by a reflex which slows your pulse and lowers your blood pressure for a short time.

About 1.5% of blood donors may feel faint (dizzy, light headed, hot, sweaty or unwell) during or immediately after their donation. A much smaller number of donors (about 0.15%) faint (lose consciousness).

About 0.15% of donors will feel faint or faint after they have left the donor centre.

Reducing the chance of fainting

- You should drink 3 good-sized glasses of water/juice prior to visiting the Blood Donor Centre. Be prepared by having plenty of liquid in the 24 hours before donation, especially in warm weather.
- Make sure that you eat something in the 3 hours before donating savoury and salty foods are best.
- If you usually have low blood pressure and feel faint when you stand up suddenly, please tell us before you donate.
- Tense and relax your calf and thigh muscles repeatedly and move your legs and feet during your donation.
- Spend at least 15 to 20 minutes in the refreshment area and have a cool drink after donating to allow your blood volume to adjust.

To reduce your chance of fainting after you have left the Blood Donor Centre, for the next 6 hours:

- Continue to drink plenty of cool fluids but avoid alcoholic and hot drinks.
- Avoid standing still for long periods, do not rush or do strenuous exercise or have a hot shower.

What to do if you feel faint

Do not drive for at least 6 hours after you have recovered.

If you feel faint or unwell whilst you are at the Blood Donor Centre please tell a staff member immediately.

If you feel faint after you have left the donor couch, immediately sit or lie down as flat as possible to avoid falling and injuring yourself and:

- Remain lying down for around 30 minutes or until you feel well again.
- Whilst lying down, tense your calf and thigh muscles for 5 seconds, then relax, and repeat this 4-5 times a minute for 5 minutes.
- Sit up for at least 4-5 minutes before you stand up.
- Drink plenty of cool fluids (at least 2 good sized glasses) and have a savoury snack before you leave.
- Do not drive for at least 6 hours after you have recovered because there is a small risk that you may faint again whilst you are driving.

If you feel faint whilst you are driving, slow down and stop the car as soon as it is safe to do so. Remain in the car, and lay your seat as flat as possible. It is recommended that you do not get out of your car as fainting beside a road can be hazardous. Do not attempt to drive again. Call 000 for an ambulance.

Bruising and bleeding

Small bruises at the needle site are not unusual, but generally cause very few problems and disappear fully within a week. Larger bruises or bleeding from the needle site occur infrequently.

To reduce the risk of bruising and bleeding at the needle site:

 Avoid using your donation arm to eat and drink while at the Blood Donor Centre and be careful when putting on a jacket after donating.

- Avoid lifting or carrying anything with your donation arm for 30 minutes and minimise heavy lifting for 24 hours.
- Keep the bandage on your arm for 2 hours.

If you develop a bruise that causes discomfort, an icepack and/or a mild pain reliever such as paracetamol (not aspirin or other anti-inflammatory medication e.g. ibuprofen), may help. Do not put ice or ice packs directly onto your skin — always wrap the ice/ice pack and only use it for up to 20 minutes at a time, 3-4 times a day.

If you start bleeding from the needle site, you should apply pressure to the bleeding site and lift your arm above your shoulder for 15 minutes while keeping your elbow straight.

Please phone the Blood Service on 13 14 95 if bleeding or bruising occurs so we can help.

Uncommon events

- Nerve irritation sometimes the donation needle may irritate a nerve under the skin. This may cause pain which is normally only momentary. If any pain persists following the insertion of the needle please advise staff immediately.
 Pressure on a nerve may also cause temporary numbness of the forearm.
- Needle inserted into an artery once identified the needle will be removed and pressure applied.
- Infection or thrombosis if you develop redness, tenderness or swelling this may be due to infection and/or a blockage of the vein with a blood clot (thrombosis).
- Increase in pulse rate or a sensation of tightness or pain in the chest.

If you have any of these symptoms or concerns whilst in the Blood Donor Centre please let the staff know immediately so they can assist. If symptoms develop after leaving the Blood Donor Centre, and you require urgent attention, first seek attention from a hospital or doctor so the problem can be assessed. If you are unsure whether you should seek medical attention, please call us for advice and if you do see a doctor we would like to hear the outcome - please call us on 13 14 95.

Iron levels and blood donation

Red blood cells are rich in iron and therefore blood donation results in iron loss. If your iron stores fall too low, you may become iron deficient. This may lead to:

- Tiredness and/or difficulty concentrating.
- Low haemoglobin levels (anaemia).

Before donating, all donors undergo a haemoglobin screening test. This is to ensure we do not take blood from donors who have or may be at risk of anaemia. If your haemoglobin is below our guidelines we will delay your donation and may refer you to your general practitioner.

The haemoglobin screening test is not a direct measure of iron levels and therefore does not detect all cases of iron deficiency. To help replace the iron loss associated with donation, and prevent iron deficiency and anaemia, we recommend you have a healthy dietary intake of iron rich foods. This may not be sufficient for all donors, especially youth donors and women of childbearing age.

We recommend that donors trying to become pregnant (conceive) should be aiming to build and maintain healthy iron stores to support the increased iron requirements of pregnancy.

If you have concerns about your iron levels or would like further information, please discuss with a member of staff and/or your general practitioner. More information can be obtained in our brochure "Why iron and haemoglobin are important".

Please complete this section only if:

- you are a new donor, or
- you have not donated within the last 2 years.

Otherwise, proceed to section B.

Please respond by placing a cross or a tick in the relevant box. Do not circle.

Have you:				Comments (staff use only)
1.	Ever volunteered to donate blood before? If yes — where?	Yes	No	NP
2.	Ever been advised not to give blood?	Yes	No	NP
3.	Ever suffered from anaemia or any blood disorder?	Yes	No	A4
4.	Ever had a serious illness, operation or been admitted to hospital?	Yes	No	A5
5.	Had a neurosurgical procedure involving the head, brain or spinal cord between 1972 and 1989?	Yes	No	A6
6.	Ever received a transplant or graft (organ, bone marrow, cornea, dura mater, bone, etc.)?	Yes	No	A7
7.	Received injections of human growth hormone for short stature or human pituitary hormone for infertility prior to 1986?	Yes	No	A8
8.	Ever suffered from a head injury, stroke or epilepsy?	Yes	No	А9
9.	Ever had a heart or blood pressure problem, chest pain, rheumatic fever or a heart murmur?	Yes	No	В0
10.	Ever had a bowel disease, stomach or duodenal problems or ulcers?	Yes	No	B1
11.	Ever had kidney, liver or lung problems including tuberculosis (TB)?	Yes	No	B2
12.	Ever had diabetes, a thyroid disorder or an autoimmune disease e.g. rheumatoid arthritis or lupus?	Yes	No	В3
13.	Ever had cancer of any kind including melanoma?	Yes	No	B4
14.	Ever had malaria, Ross River fever, Q fever, leptospirosis or Chagas' disease?	Yes	No	B5
15.	Ever had jaundice (yellow eyes/skin) or hepatitis?	Yes	No	B6
16.	Ever had treatment with the medication TIGASON (Etretinate) or NEOTIGASON (Acitretin)?	Yes	No	B9
Tra	vel questions:			
17.	What was your country of birth?			M1
18.	Have you ever been outside Australia? If your answer is 'No', go straight to Section B	Yes	No	NO
19.	Have you spent a continuous period of 6 months or more outside Australia at any stage of your life?	Yes	No	N1
20.	Have you been outside Australia in the last 3 years?	Yes	No	B7
21.	Have you ever received a transfusion or injection of blood or blood products outside Australia?	Yes	No	N2
22.	From 1 January 1980 through to 31 December 1996 inclusive, have you spent (visited or lived) a total time which adds up to 6 months or more in England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man, or the Falkland Islands?	Yes	No	M8

All donors please complete this section

Please respond by placing a cross or a tick in the relevant box. Do not circle.

To	day:	Comments (staff use only)			
1.	Are you feeling healthy and well?	Yes N	0	CO	
2.	Have you ever been pregnant (including miscarriage and termination of pregnancy)?	Yes N	0	C1	
	Males please tick "I am male"	I am mal	е		
	2a. If your answer is "Yes"— how many pregnancies?	Number		74	
	– have you been pregnant in the last 9 months?	Yes N	0	75	
Fo	r safety reasons:				
3.	In the next 3 days, do you intend to participate in any activity which would place you or others at risk of injury if you were to become unwell after donating, such as: Driving public transport, operating heavy machinery, underwater diving, piloting a plane or other activities?	Yes N	0	C2	
In	the last week, have you:				
4.	Had dental work, cleaning, fillings or extractions?	Yes N	0	C4	
5.	Taken any aspirin, pain killers or anti-inflammatory preparations?	Yes N	0	C5	
6.	Had any cuts, abrasions, sores or rashes?	Yes N	0	C6	
7.	Had a gastric upset, diarrhoea, abdominal pain or vomiting?	Yes N	0	C7	
Siı	nce your last donation, have you – or if you are a new donor, have you in	the last 12 mon	ths:		
8.	Been unwell, or seen a doctor or any other health care practitioner, had an operation (surgical procedure) or any tests/investigation?	Yes N	0	C9	
9.	Had chest pain/angina or an irregular heartbeat?	Yes N	0	D0	
10.	Taken tablets for acne or a skin condition?	Yes N	0	D1	
11.	Taken any other medication, including regular or clinical trial medication?	Yes N	0	D2	
12.	Worked in an abattoir?	Yes N	0	D3	
13.	Had a sexually transmitted infection e.g. gonorrhoea, syphilis or genital herpes?	Yes N	0	D5	
14.	Had any immunisations/vaccinations including as part of a clinical trial?	Yes N	0	D6	
15.	Had shingles or chickenpox?	Yes N	0	D7	
16.	16. Do you know of anyone in your family who had or has:				
	• Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)?	Yes N	0	D8	
	• Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS)?	Yes N	0	D8	
	• Fatal familial insomnia (FFI)?	Yes N	0	D8	
If you have completed Section A today, please go to Section C.					
Tra	avel questions:				
17.	Since your last donation have you been outside Australia?	Yes N	0	M4	
	If your answer to question 17 is 'No' please go to Section C				
18.	Since your last donation have you spent a continuous period of 6 months or more outside Australia	? Yes N	0	G9	
19.	Since your last donation have you received a transfusion or injection of blood or blood products outside Australia?	Yes N	0	M2	

All donors please complete this section

There are some people who MUST NOT give blood as it may transmit infections to those who receive it. To determine if your blood or blood products will be safe to be given to people in need, we would like you to answer some questions. These questions are a vital part of our efforts to eliminate diseases from the blood supply. All of the questions are important to answer. Answer each question on the form as honestly as you can and to the best of your knowledge. THERE ARE PENALTIES INCLUDING FINES AND IMPRISONMENT FOR ANYONE PROVIDING FALSE OR MISLEADING INFORMATION.

All donations of blood are tested for the presence of hepatitis B and C, HIV (the AIDS virus), HTLV and syphilis. If your blood test proves positive for any of these conditions, or for any reason the test shows a significantly abnormal result, you will be informed.

Please respond by placing a cross or a tick in the relevant box. Do not circle.				
To	the best of your knowledge, have you EVER:	Comments (staff use only)		
1.	Thought you could be infected with HIV or have AIDS?	Yes	No	E2
2.	"Used drugs" by injection or been injected, even once , with drugs not prescribed by a doctor or dentist?	Yes	No	E3
3.	Had treatment with clotting factors such as factor VIII or factor IX?	Yes	No	E4
4.	Had a test which showed you had hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV or HTLV?	Yes	No	E5
In	the last 12 months have you:			
5.	Had an illness with both a rash AND swollen glands, with or without a fever?	Yes	No	E1
6.	Engaged in sexual activity with someone you might think would answer "yes" to any of questions 1-5?	Yes	No	E6
7.	Had sexual activity with a new partner who currently lives or has previously lived overseas?	Yes	No	E7
8.	Had sex (with or without a condom) with a man who you think may have had oral or anal sex with another man?	Yes	No	F0
9.	Had male to male sex (that is, oral or anal sex) with or without a condom?	Yes	No	E9
	Females please tick "I am female"	I am fen	nale	
10.	Been a male or female sex worker (e.g. received payment for sex in money, gifts or drugs)?	Yes	No	F1
11.	Engaged in sexual activity with a male or female sex worker?	Yes	No	F2
12.	Been imprisoned in a prison or been held in a lock-up or detention centre?	Yes	No	F6
13.	Had a blood transfusion?	Yes	No	F7
14.	Had (yellow) jaundice or hepatitis or been in contact with someone who has?	Yes	No	F8
In the last 6 months have you:				
15.	Been injured with a used needle (needlestick)?	Yes	No	F3
16.	Had a blood/body fluid splash to eyes, mouth, nose or to broken skin?	Yes	No	F4
17.	Had a tattoo (including cosmetic tattooing), body and/or ear piercing, electrolysis or acupuncture (including dry-needling)?	Yes	No	F5

This declaration is to be signed in the presence of a Blood Service staff member (Please read the following conditions)

Thank you for answering these questions. If you are uncertain about any of your answers, please discuss them with your interviewer.

We would like you to sign this declaration in the presence of your interviewer (a Blood Service staff member) to show that you have understood the information on this form and have answered the questions in the declaration to the best of your knowledge.

Your donation is a gift to the Blood Service to be used to treat patients. In some circumstances, your donation may be used by the Blood Service or other organisations for the purposes of research, teaching, quality assurance or the making of essential diagnostic reagents (including commercial reagents).

A part of your donation will also be stored in our Blood Sample Archive for possible future testing and research; samples that are no longer required will be destroyed. Approval from an appropriate Human Research Ethics Committee is required before any research is undertaken on your donation or any part of it.

You may be asked by the Blood Service to undergo further testing which you have the option to decline.

Should you become aware of any reason why your blood should not be used for transfusion after your donation, please call us on 13 14 95. In particular, if you develop a cough, cold, diarrhoea or other infection within a week after donating, please report it immediately.

Donor

Acknowledgement of responsibilities and risks (NB: Please initial and sign only in the presence of the interviewer)

I agree to have blood taken from r	ne under the conditions above and:
	formation about the risk of donating blood" on page 2 of this questionnaire. I have read and understood this information to ask questions. I accept the risks associated with donation and agree to follow the instructions of the Blood Service staff
	ood the information on this form and answered the questions in the declaration honestly and to the best of my knowledge. Please initial enalties, including fines and imprisonment, for providing false or misleading information.
Please print: Surname/family name	Given name
Date of birth	
Please ONLY sign in the presence	of the interviewer
Signature	Date D D / M M / Y Y Y Y
Staff witness (please	print)
Donor identity verified Yes	No Checked spelling of name Yes NA Supplementary questions answered Yes NA
Surname/family name	Given name
Signature	Time Date D D / M M / Y Y Y Y
Donation number	
Office use only: Record here	any additional information if required for data entry, including malaria information.
Malaria Resident – Status	Malaria resident permanent status I130 (identify previous malaria residency) Yes No
Malaria Travel – Testing	Previous malaria antibody testing performed?
	Most recent antibody test result: Non-reactive (A150) Reactive — Resident (A154)
	Probable parasitaemic (27PP) Reactive — Visitor / History (A155)
	Malarial antibody test result date (start date of deferral)
	Has the donor returned to a malarial area since last antibody test?
	Is it >120 days since return from travel?
Haemoglobin – Testing	Capillary Hb g/L Initials Donor Height cm Initials
Blood Pressure Reading	mmHg/mmHg Initials Donor Weight kg Initials
Note: Initials are only required if perl How many good-sized glasse	formed outside Assessment. (As a guide, in the 3 hours before donating, at least 3 good-sized glasses of water/juice are recommended.)