

Definitions

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Table of Contents

| Part A – Definitions of Development | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Part B – Definitions of Terms | 3 |

Part A – Definitions of Development

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| | Agriculture means broadacre animal | Horticulture means the use of land for | Horse agistment |
| | farming, crop and pasture production, and | intensive plant production such as fruit, | Livestock grazing |
| | horticulture for commercial wholesale | vegetable or flower production (including | |
| | production, but does not include animal | berries and vines). | |
| | husbandry or any cultivation or animal | | |
| | farming carried out primarily for the personal | | |
| | enjoyment of, or consumption by, the owner(s) or occupant(s) of land. | | |
| | Airport means the use of land for the | Helicopter landing facility means the use | Air cargo facilities |
| | landing or departure of aircraft; the term | of land authorised by the Civil Aviation | Air terminals |
| | includes facilities provided at such premises | Authority for use by helicopters whether or | General aviation facilities |
| | for the housing, servicing, maintenance and | not terminal facilities or hangar storage are | Landing fields |
| | repair of aircraft and for the assembly of | included. | Military aviation facilities |
| | passengers and goods prior to the transport | | |
| | of these passengers and goods either to or | | |
| | from an airport. | | |
| | Ancillary use means the use of land for a | Outbuilding means a shed, garage or | |
| | purpose that is ancillary to the primary use of | similar structure that is ancillary to the | |
| | the land. | permitted use of the land. | |
| | Animal care facility means the use of land | | Catteries |
| | for the purpose of caring, boarding, breeding | | Kennels |
| | or raising of predominantly domestic or | | |
| | household animals. | | Foodlete |
| | Animal husbandry means any form of animal production that either takes place | | Feedlots Fish farming |
| | within the confines of a building of buildings | | Poultry establishments |
| | where livestock are reared in confined areas | | Shedded wool production |
| | excluding any husbandry carried out mainly | | Chodaca wool production |
| | for the personal enjoyment of, or | | |
| | consumption by, the owner(s) or occupiers(s) | | |
| | of the land. | | |
| | Apartment see Multi-unit housing | Serviced apartment | Flats |
| | | | Home units |

NI2008-27 13 Definitions page 1

| Aquatic recreation facility means the use of land for a sporting, exercise, pastime or leisure activity, whether or not operated for gain, which is based on the recreational use of an adjacent water feature, but does not Boat landing facilities Boat landing facilities Marinas Swimming facilities Wharves | |
|--|----------|
| leisure activity, whether or not operated for gain, which is based on the recreational use of an <i>adjacent</i> water feature, but does not Marinas Swimming facilities Wharves | |
| gain, which is based on the recreational use of an <i>adjacent</i> water feature, but does not Swimming facilities Wharves | |
| of an adjacent water feature, but does not Wharves | |
| | |
| | |
| include a swimming pool or an aquarium. | |
| Attached house see Multi-unit housing Aged persons' unit (attached) | |
| Row house | |
| Semi-detached house | |
| Terrace house | |
| Townhouse | |
| Villa house | |
| Boarding house means the use of land to Lodging house | |
| principally provide long term accommodation Private hotel | |
| where meals, laundry or other services are Serviced room | |
| provided only to those residents of the | |
| boarding house, and which is not licensed to | |
| sell liquor. | |
| Bulk landscape supplies means the use of | |
| land for the bulk sale of sand, soil, | |
| screenings and other such garden materials. Bulky goods retailing see SHOP Auction rooms | |
| | |
| Camping equipment sales Carpet sales | |
| Do-it-yourself home improvement ce | ontroc |
| Furniture and furnishing sales | 31111 GS |
| Hardware stores | |
| Showroom for bulky goods | |
| Business agency see NON-RETAIL Computer service | |
| COMMERCIAL USE Commercial use Non-Netrale Health insurance agency | |
| Real estate agency | |
| Travel agency | |
| Car park means the use of land specifically | |
| allocated for the parking of motor vehicles. | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|--------------------|---|
| | Caravan park/camping ground means the use of land for the placement of caravans or tents for the purpose of temporary accommodation and may include cabins for overnight and holiday accommodation, amenity buildings, recreational and entertainment facilities, manager's office and residence and shops which cater for the occupants of the caravan park/camping ground. | | Cabins |
| | Caretaker's residence see RESIDENTIAL USE | | |
| | Cemetery means the use of land for the interment or the cremation of the dead including any funeral parlour or chapel erected on such land and used in connection with the cemetery. | | Burial ground Cemetery (public land reserve) Crematorium Graveyard |
| | Chancellery see Office | | |
| | Child care centre see COMMUNITY USE | | Adjunct care Creche Long day care Occasional care centre Playschool |
| | Civic administration means the use of land for the purpose of carrying out the legislative and judicial functions of government. | | ACT Legislative Assembly Civic centre Court of Law Tribunal |
| | Club means the use of land as a meeting place for persons associated, or for a body incorporated, for a social, sporting, athletic, literary, political or other like purpose, and which is a licensed premise under the Liquor Act 2010. | | Ethnic clubs Football club Labor club Leagues club RSL club |
| | Commercial accommodation unit see COMMERCIAL ACCOMMODATION USE | Serviced apartment | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| COMMERCIAL | Commercial accommodation unit means a | | |
| ACCOMMODATION USE | room or suite of rooms that is made available | | |
| does not include a caravan | on a commercial basis for short-term | | |
| park/camping ground or a | accommodation. A commercial | | |
| group or organised camp. | accommodation unit may comprise a | | |
| | dwelling but not a room or suite of rooms | | |
| | within a <i>dwelling</i> . It does not include any | | |
| | associated facility such as a <i>restaurant</i> , bar | | |
| | or functions room, which may be used by the occupants of the premises but, which is also | | |
| | available for use by non occupant members | | |
| | of the public. | | |
| | Guest house means the use of land for one | | |
| | or more commercial accommodation units | | |
| | and where common or shared facilities are | | |
| | provided for the provision of services such as | | |
| | meals and laundry to occupants of the | | |
| | premises but not to non occupant members | | |
| | of the public. | | |
| | Hotel means the use of land for one or more | | |
| | commercial accommodation units and where | | |
| | the premise is licensed under the <u>Liquor Act</u> | | |
| | 2010. It may also include associated | | |
| | facilities such as a restaurant, bar or | | |
| | functions room, which may be used by the | | |
| | occupants of the premises but, which are | | |
| | also available for use by non occupant | | |
| | members of the public. | | |
| | Motel means the use of land for one or more commercial accommodation units and where | | |
| | | | |
| | the units are provided with convenient space for parking of motor vehicles. It may also | | |
| | include associated facilities such as a | | |
| | restaurant, bar or functions room, which may | | |
| | be used by the occupants of the premises | | |
| | but, which are also available for use by non | | |
| | occupant members of the public. A motel | | |
| | may be licensed under the <u>Liquor Act 2010</u> . | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|--|
| COMMERCIAL | Serviced apartment means an apartment | | |
| ACCOMMODATION USE | that is used as a commercial accommodation | | |
| does not include a caravan | unit. | | |
| park/camping ground or a | Tourist resort means the use of land for one | | |
| group or organised camp. | or more commercial accommodation units | | |
| | together with a wide range of recreational | | |
| | and/or cultural facilities in a resort style | | |
| | setting. It may also include associated | | |
| | facilities such as a restaurant, bar or | | |
| | functions room, which may be used by the | | |
| | occupants of the premises but, which are | | |
| | also available for use by non occupant | | |
| | members of the public. A tourist resort may | | |
| | be licensed under the Liquor Act 2010. | | Mark the selection of t |
| | Communications facility means the use of | | Mobile phone antenna |
| | land for the provision of facilities for postal, | | Satellite or microwave dish |
| | telecommunications and other | | Radar equipment |
| | communication purposes including facilities | | Aviation navigation communication |
| | used for receiving and transmitting radiated | | Space tracking facility Telecommunication facility, depot |
| | signals using radio masts, towers, and antennae systems but does not include | | Television/radio broadcasting facility |
| | cabling or ducting used for the carrying of | | Australia Post exchange |
| | electromagnetic signals. | | Australia Post facility, Depot |
| | cicotromagnetic signals. | | Telephone exchange |
| | Community activity centre see | | Child minding |
| | COMMUNITY USE | | Community centre |
| | | | Community hall |
| | | | Meeting rooms |
| | | | Neighbourhood centre |
| | | | Public health, welfare or information |
| | | | services |
| | | | Scout and/or Guide hall |
| | | | Space for community groups |
| | Community theatre see COMMUNITY USE | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Umbrella Term COMMUNITY USE | Child care centre means the use of land for the purpose of supervising or caring for children of any age throughout a specified period of time in any one day, which is registered under the Children and Young People Act 2008 and which does not include residential care. Community activity centre means the use of land by a public authority or a body of persons associated for the purpose of providing for the social well being of the community. Community theatre means the use of land for a theatre, cinema, concert hall, auditorium or theatrette run by non-profit organisations. Cultural facility means the use of land for the purpose of cultural activities to which the public normally has access, but does not include a shop for art, craft or sculpture dealer. Educational establishment means the use of land for the purpose of tuition, training or research directed towards the discovery or application of knowledge, whether or not for the purposes of gain, and may include associated residential accommodation. Health facility means the use of land for providing health care services (including | Sub-categories Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
| | | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|----------------|-------------------------|
| COMMUNITY USE | Hospital means the use of land for the | | |
| | medical care (including diagnosis, | | |
| | preventative care and counselling) of in- | | |
| | patients, whether or not out-patients are also | | |
| | provided with care or treatment, and may | | |
| | include associated residential | | |
| | accommodation. | | |
| | Place of worship means the use of land for | | |
| | the primary purposes of religious worship | | |
| | and associated activities by a congregation, | | |
| | religious group or members of the public | | |
| | whether or not the premises are also used | | |
| | for religious instruction, tuition, meetings, | | |
| | training and other community activities. | | |
| | Religious associated use means the use of | | |
| | land for the activities conducted by religious | | |
| | organisations other than for worship or for | | |
| | offices and may include residential | | |
| | accommodation by ministers of religion. | | |
| | Consolidation has the same meaning as in | | |
| | the Planning and Development Act 2007. | | |
| | Corrections facility means the use of land | | Corrections centre |
| | for the confinement or safe custody of | | Prison |
| | persons so confined as the result of legal | | Remand centre |
| | process and includes attendance centres | | Youth remand centre |
| | established for persons sentenced to serve | | |
| | periods of community service. | | |
| | Craft workshop means the use of land for | | |
| | the manufacture, primarily by manual | | |
| | methods, of craft articles such as | | |
| | leatherwork, pottery, woodwork, hand woven | | |
| | goods and the like. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------------|
| | Cultural facility see COMMUNITY USE | | Art gallery |
| | | | Library |
| | | | Museum |
| | Defence installation means the use of land | | |
| | operated by the Department of Defence or | | |
| | the armed forces of Australia and includes | | |
| | Department of Defence offices, offices | | |
| | associated with national security and | | |
| | defence communications facilities, but does | | |
| | not include facilities associated with military | | |
| | aviation. | | |
| | Department store see SHOP | | |
| | Detached house see Single dwelling | | Aged persons' unit (detached) |
| | housing | | Cottage house |
| | | | Courtyard house |
| | BLL 4 DESCRIPTION | | Standard house |
| | Diplomatic residence see RESIDENTIAL | | |
| | USE | | |
| | Distribution reservoir see MAJOR UTILITY | | |
| | INSTALLATION | | |
| | Drink establishment means the use of land | | Bar |
| | for the sale of alcoholic beverages and spirits | | Tavern |
| | to members of the public primarily for | | |
| | consumption on the premises, and which is a | | |
| | licensed premise under the <u>Liquor Act 2010</u> . | | |
| | Drive-in cinema means the use of land as | | |
| | an open air cinema that makes provision for | | |
| | the audience or spectators to view that | | |
| | entertainment while seated in motor vehicles. | | |
| | Dual occupancy housing see Multi-unit | | |
| | housing | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|----------------|---|
| | Educational establishment see COMMUNITY USE | | Adult education centre College of Advanced Education High School Kindergarten Other specialist college Pre-school Primary school Road safety education centre Secondary college Sheltered workshop Sports institute Teachers' college Technical and further education (TAFE) University |
| | Emergency services facility means the use of land for the purpose of providing emergency services and protection for the community. | | Ambulance station Civil defence Fire station Police station |
| | Farm tourism means operating a craft workshop, shop, guesthouse, outdoor recreation facility, overnight camping area or other activity for tourists that is secondary to the use of the land for the primary purpose authorised by the lease. | | |
| | Financial establishment see NON-RETAIL COMMERCIAL USE | | Bank Co-operative society Credit union Finance companies |
| | Freight transport facility means the use of land for the principal purpose of bulk handling and storage of goods or materials whether or not facilities are included for the parking, servicing and repair of vehicles used to transport the goods or materials on <i>site</i> , but does not include any retail sales or wholesaling from the <i>site</i> . | | Motor freight forwarding service Motor freight packing, crating service Motor freight terminals and depots |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Funeral parlour means the use of land by | | |
| | an undertaker in the carrying out of that | | |
| | profession. The term includes all ancillary | | |
| | uses such as a funeral chapel and office. | | |
| | General industry means an industry, not | | |
| | being a light, hazardous, offensive or mining | | |
| | industry, in which the processes carried on, | | |
| | the transportation involved or the machinery | | |
| | or materials used have the potential to | | |
| | interfere with the amenity of the locality by | | |
| | reason of noise, vibration, smell, fumes, | | |
| | smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, dust, | | |
| | waste water, waste products, grit, oil or | | |
| | otherwise. | | |
| | Group or organised camp means the use | | Church camp |
| | of land for the purpose of providing short | | Outward Bound camp |
| | term share accommodation and recreation | | Religious retreat |
| | facilities by a body of persons associated | | School camp |
| | together for the physical, cultural, spiritual or | | Scout, Guide camp |
| | intellectual welfare of the community. | | YMCA camp |
| | | | Youth camp |
| | Guest house see COMMERCIAL | | Chalet |
| | ACCOMMODAITON USE | | Farmstead accommodation |
| | | | Tourist lodge |
| | | | Youth hostel |
| | Habitable suite see Single dwelling housing | | Granny Flat |
| | Hazardous industry means an industry, not | | Chemical factory |
| | being a general, light, offensive or mining | | Gas works |
| | industry, which by reason of the process | | Liquid fuel depot |
| | involved, or the method of manufacture of | | Petroleum refining |
| | the materials used or produced represents a | | |
| | significant source of hazard to human health | | |
| | or life or property, for any reason. | | |
| | Hazardous waste facility means the use of | | |
| | land for the collection, storage, treatment or | | |
| | disposal of hazardous waste. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|---|
| | Health facility see COMMUNITY USE | | Baby health clinic Consulting room Dental clinic Dental surgery Doctor's surgery Family planning clinic First aid station Health centre Medical centre/clinic Optician Veterinary day clinic X-Ray centre |
| | Helicopter landing facility see Airport | | |
| | Home business means the use of a residential lease for carrying on a profession, trade, occupation or calling on the land. | | |
| | Horticulture see Agriculture | | Hydroponics Market garden Orchard Plant nursery (excluding retail plant nursery) |
| | Hospital see COMMUNITY USE | | , |
| | Hotel see COMMERCIAL ACCOMMODATION USE | | |
| | Hydro-electric power generation means the regulation and diversion of streamflow for the purpose of generating electric power. Incineration facility means the use of land | | |
| | for the disposal of waste by burning. | | |
| | Indoor entertainment facility means the use of land for entertainment where such use is primarily indoors. | | Amusement arcade Casino Cinema Commercial theatre Concert hall Dance hall Discotheque Music hall Night club |

NI2008-27 13 Definitions page 11

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|----------------|--|
| | Indoor recreation facility means the use of | | Fitness centre |
| | land for sporting activities where such use is | | Gymnasium |
| | primarily indoors. | | Indoor sports stadium |
| | | | Indoor swimming pool |
| | | | Squash court |
| | Industrial trades means the use of land for | | Agricultural supplier |
| | the selling, hiring or servicing of goods or | | Agricultural machinery sales and service |
| | materials for industrial, agricultural, | | Builders' supplies |
| | construction, transport or like purposes | | Display of building materials |
| | where: | | Industrial machinery sales and service |
| | a) a large area for handling, storage or display is required; and/or | | Timber yard Vehicle repair and maintenance |
| | b) the activity carried out has the potential | | verilcie repair and maintenance |
| | to have an environmental impact similar | | |
| | to <i>industry</i> in terms of traffic and parking | | |
| | generation, noise and air pollution, and | | |
| | visual impact. | | |
| | Industry means the use of land for the | | |
| | principal purpose of manufacturing, | | |
| | assembling, altering, repairing, renovating, | | |
| | ornamenting, finishing, cleaning, washing, | | |
| | winning of minerals, dismantling, processing, | | |
| | or adapting of any goods or any articles. | | |
| | Landfill site means the use of land for the | | |
| | permanent depositing of waste within the | | |
| | ground. | | |
| | Land management facility means the use | | Bushfire fighting facility |
| | of land for land management or the storage | | Forest depot |
| | of any plant, machinery or materials used in | | Land management depot |
| | the course of land management, whether or | | Ranger station |
| | not facilities are included for the parking, | | Visitor information centre |
| | servicing and repair of plant or machinery. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Light industry means an industry, not being | | |
| | a general, offensive, hazardous or mining | | |
| | industry, in which the processes carried on, | | |
| | the transportation involved or the machinery | | |
| | or materials used do not interfere with the | | |
| | amenity of the locality by reason of noise, | | |
| | vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, | | |
| | steam, soot, ash, dust, waste water, waste | | |
| | products, grit, oil or otherwise. The use | | |
| | includes a craft workshop. | | |
| | Liquid fuel depot means the use of land for | | |
| | the bulk storage or wholesale distribution of | | |
| | petrol, oil, petroleum products or other | | |
| | inflammable liquids or the retail distribution of | | |
| | drums containing petrol, oil, petroleum | | |
| | products or other inflammable liquids. | | |
| | Major electrical sub-station see MAJOR | | |
| | UTILITY INSTALLATION | | |
| | Major gross pollutant trap see MAJOR | | |
| | UTILITY INSTALLATION | | |
| | Major pump station see MAJOR UTILITY | | |
| | INSTALLATION | | A |
| | Major road see MAJOR UTILITY | | Arterial road |
| | INSTALLATION | | Distributor road |
| | | | Freeway |
| | | | Highway |
| | Major comice conduite cos MA ICC | | Parkway |
| | Major service conduits see MAJOR | | |
| | UTILITY INSTALLATION | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| MAJOR UTILITY | Distribution reservoir means a storage | | |
| INSTALLATION | tank associated with the maintenance of | | |
| | pressure and supply in the reticulated water | | |
| | supply system. | | |
| | Major electrical sub-station means | | |
| | switching and transformer equipment | | |
| | handling voltages greater than 66kV. | | |
| | Major gross pollutant trap means an open | | |
| | trap constructed on main drains to intercept | | |
| | sediment and trash transported in | | |
| | stormwater. | | |
| | Major pump station means a pump station | | |
| | having a capacity greater than 500 litres per | | |
| | second in the case of water supply; 50 litres | | |
| | per second in the case of sewage; or a | | |
| | natural gas compression station operating at | | |
| | greater than 1000 kPa pressure | | |
| | Major road means a road identified within | | |
| | the Transport Services Zone as shown on | | |
| | the Territory Plan Map. | | |
| | Major service conduits means the major | | |
| | bulk water supply and reticulation mains | | |
| | having a diameter equal to or greater than | | |
| | 675mm, trunk sewers having a diameter | | |
| | equal to or greater than 750mm, stormwater | | |
| | main drains having a diameter equal to or | | |
| | greater than 900mm or comprising open | | |
| | drains or waterways, transmission lines | | |
| | having a voltage greater than 66kV, gas | | |
| | mains having a diameter greater than | | |
| | 100mm, and major telecommunication cable | | |
| | ducts having a width equal to or greater than | | |
| | 1000mm, coaxial cables, and optical fibre | | |
| | cables. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------|
| MAJOR UTILITY INSTALLATION | Power generation station means equipment and associated buildings constructed for the generation of electricity utilising gas, coal, renewable energy technology or other fuel sources. Treatment plant means a facility constructed for the purposes of physical, chemical or biological treatment of water supply, sewage or stormwater. Tunnel means an underground conduit constructed by tunnelling methods for the purposes of transporting water supply, sewage or other services. Urban lake, pond and/or retardation basin means a dam constructed for the impoundment of urban and rural runoff for the purposes of landscape, recreation, pollution control, or retardation of peak stormflows. Water storage dam means a dam constructed for the purposes of impounding water for water supply purposes. | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
| | Mining industry means an industry, not being a light, general, hazardous or offensive industry, which extracts minerals, coal, oil, gas or construction materials by such processes as underground or open-cut mining, quarrying, dredging, the operation of wells or evaporation pans, or by recovery from ore dumps or tailings, and includes primary processing operations carried out at or near mine sites as an integral part of the mining operation. | | Quarry |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Minor service reticulation means the water | | |
| | supply, sewerage, stormwater and gas pipe | | |
| | reticulation, electricity lines and | | |
| | telecommunication cables which are | | |
| | normally located in road easements or | | |
| | easements within leases. | | |
| | Minor use means the use of land for a | | |
| | purpose that is incidental to the use and | | |
| | development of land in the zone and | | |
| | includes but is not limited to open space; | | |
| | public car parking; community path systems; | | |
| | minor service reticulation; other utility | | |
| | services that do not exclude other uses from | | |
| | the land; public roads (other than major | | |
| | roads); street furniture and the like. | | |
| | Mobile home means a <i>dwelling</i> capable of | | |
| | being transfered and re-erected from place | | |
| | to place (whether on wheels or not). | | |
| | Mobile home park means the use of land to | | |
| | accommodate mobile homes or caravans, | | |
| | whether temporary or permanent, and | | |
| | includes amenity buildings used for the | | |
| | personal comfort or convenience of or | | |
| | enjoyment of leisure by persons using a | | |
| | mobile home or caravan for residential | | |
| | accommodation in the <i>mobile home park</i> , | | |
| | and may include a caravan park/camping | | |
| | ground. | | |
| | Motel see COMMERCIAL | | |
| | ACCOMMODATION USE | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Multi-unit housing see RESIDENTIAL USE | Apartment means a dwelling located within a building containing two or more dwellings and which is not an attached house. Attached house means a dwelling within a building containing two or more dwellings where each dwelling has within its curtilage open space at ground level and private access for the exclusive use of the occupants of the dwelling. Dual occupancy housing means the use of land that was originally used or leased for the purposes of single dwelling housing for two dwellings. Triple occupancy housing means the use of land that was originally used or leased for the purposes of single dwelling housing or dual occupancy housing for three dwellings. | apartments cluster housing multi-dwelling development multi-unit development |
| | Municipal depot means the use of land for the storage of any plant, machinery or materials used in the course of a municipal undertaking, whether or not facilities are included for the parking, servicing and repair of plant or machinery. Nature conservation area means an area | | Bus depot Parks maintenance depot Street cleaning depot Works depot |
| | set apart for the purpose of the conservation or preservation of natural and/or cultural values. | | |
| NON RETAIL COMMERCIAL USE | Business agency means the use of land for the purpose of providing a commercial service directly and regularly to the public. Financial establishment means the use of land for the primary purpose of providing finance, investing money, and providing services to lenders, borrowers and investors on a direct and regular basis. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| NON RETAIL COMMERCIAL USE | Office means the use of land for the purpose of administration, clerical, technical, professional or like business activities, including a government office, which does not include dealing with members of the public on a direct and regular basis except where this is ancillary to the main purpose of the office. Public agency means the use of land for the purpose of providing a public service directly and regularly to the public and includes a government agency, which provides a commercial service to the public. | | |
| | Offensive industry means an industry, not being a general, hazardous, light or mining industry, which by reason of the process involved or the method of manufacture or the nature of the materials or goods used, produced or stored requires to be isolated from other buildings, when all measures to reduce or minimise impact have been employed. | | Abattoir Saw mill |
| | Office see NON-RETAIL COMMERCIAL USE | Chancellery means an <i>office</i> attached to an embassy, high commission, consulate, legation or <i>diplomatic residence</i> which is specifically for diplomatic use. | Chancellery Departmental offices Private sector offices Professional suite Statutory authority offices |
| | Outdoor education establishment means the use of land for an education centre for children or adults where the primary focus is on the natural and/or cultural resources of the area. It may include a residence where this is necessary for the protection or management of the primary facility. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|--------------------------------|
| | Outdoor recreation facility means the use | | Archery |
| | of land for a recreation facility serving the | | Bowling green |
| | sporting or recreational needs of people | | BMX track |
| | where the activities are undertaken | | Community garden |
| | predominantly outdoors. | | Croquet green |
| | | | Enclosed oval |
| | | | Equestrian facility |
| | | | Golf course |
| | | | Grass, Snow ski run |
| | | | Model aviation/aero modelling |
| | | | Motor bike, Mini-Bike track |
| | | | Motor racing track |
| | | | Netball court |
| | | | Racecourse, Trotting track |
| | | | Showground |
| | | | Skate board arena |
| | | | Sporting rifle range |
| | | | Sportsground Stadium, arena |
| | | | Swimming pool (outdoor) |
| | | | Tennis court |
| | | | Velodrome |
| | Outbuilding see Ancillary use | | 10.00.00 |
| | Overnight camping area means the use of | | |
| | land for holiday and recreational purposes | | |
| | which involves primarily the setting up and | | |
| | use of tents for overnight accommodation | | |
| | which is open to public use. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Parkland means the use of land for | | Botanic gardens and public arboretum |
| | recreation, conservation or amenity purposes | | Hilltop reserve |
| | and includes facilities for the enjoyment and | | Lake, rivershore reserve |
| | convenience of the public, such as kiosks, | | Picnic area |
| | car parks, shelters, pavilions, public toilets | | Playground |
| | and the like. The term also includes the use | | Public park |
| | of the land for the management of | | Public lookout |
| | stormwater drainage, for community paths | | Recreational reserve |
| | and landscape buffers, and for other <i>minor</i> | | Regional park |
| | utility purposes where such uses can be | | Town park |
| | integrated into the open space system. It has | | |
| | unrestricted public access. | | |
| | Pedestrian plaza means an open or | | |
| | sheltered area other than part of a building, | | |
| | used principally for free pedestrian | | |
| | movement in which vehicular traffic is | | |
| | forbidden or limited. | | |
| | Personal service see SHOP | | Dry cleaner |
| | | | Hairdresser |
| | | | Massage parlour |
| | | | Photographer |
| | | | Shoe repairer |
| | | | Skin care |
| | Place of assembly means the use of land | | Auditorium |
| | for gatherings of people to attend functions, | | Convention centre |
| | whether or not for the purposes of gain. | | Exhibition hall |
| | | | Reception rooms |
| | | | Trade fair |
| | Place of worship see COMMUNITY USE | | Chapel |
| | | | Church |
| | | | Mosque |
| | | | Shrine |
| | | | Synagogue |
| | | | Temple |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|--|------------------------------|
| | Plant and equipment hire establishment | | |
| | means the use of land where plant and | | |
| | equipment are stored, displayed and hired | | |
| | out or leased to persons for intermittent use, | | |
| | but does not include premises used for the | | |
| | purposes of hiring home entertainment | | |
| | equipment, such as stereo sound systems, | | |
| | televisions, video cassette recorders, video | | |
| | tapes and the like. | | |
| | Plantation forestry means the growing of | | Hardwood plantation forestry |
| | trees in plantation form for the production of | | Pine plantation |
| | fibres, pulp, timber and logs, and including | | |
| | roads, tracks and break construction, | | |
| | cultivation, planting, fertilising, tending, | | |
| | harvesting and regeneration and associated | | |
| | facilities such as depots for storage of | | |
| | equipment, plants, materials and fuel, vehicle | | |
| | workshops and garaging, fire fighting | | |
| | facilities and accommodation for | | |
| | administration and support staff. | | |
| | Playing field means the use of land for the | | Unfenced oval |
| | conduct of sports, athletics and games and | | |
| | includes facilities with such land for the | | |
| | enjoyment or convenience of the public such | | |
| | as kiosks, <i>car parks</i> , changing facilities, | | |
| | pavilions and the like. It has unrestricted | | |
| | public access. | | |
| | Power generation station see MAJOR | Hydro-electric power generation means | |
| | UTILITY INSTALLATION | the regulation and diversion of streamflow | |
| | | for the purpose of generating electric | |
| | | power. | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|--|
| | Produce market means the use of land for the sale from market buildings or stalls of fruit and vegetables and other primary produce and may include the sale of other products, which complement this primary purpose. | | Fruit and vegetable stall |
| | Public agency see NON-RETAIL COMMERCIAL USE | | CES office Community and Health Services Departmental shopfront Legal Aid office Motor registry Post office Totalisator Agency Board (TAB) |
| | Public transport facility means the use of land for the assembly, transport or dispersal of passengers travelling by any form of public transport, whether or not such public transport is provided by a public or private agency, and excludes any facilities required for the parking, and manoeuvring of any public transport vehicle. | | Bus interchange Bus terminal (interstate) Driver rest facility Inter-town public transport route Transport ticket services |
| | Railway use means any of the following uses: a) a railway line for passenger and/or freight movement; b) a railway station; c) a railway freight terminal; and/or d) a railway equipment maintenance depot; and includes land and reservations of land set aside for railway purposes. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Recyclable materials collection means the | | |
| | use of land for depositing and temporarily | | |
| | storing discarded materials that are suitable | | |
| | for recycling, such as paper, glass, clothing, | | |
| | garden waste and plastics, which are to be | | |
| | transported elsewhere for recycling. | | |
| | Recycling facility means the use of land for | | Composting facility |
| | depositing, storing, separating, dismantling, | | Motor vehicle wrecker's yard |
| | salvaging, treating, renovating or | | Scrap metal dealer |
| | redistributing discarded materials and scrap | | Second-hand building materials yard |
| | goods for use as recycled materials, such as | | |
| | paper, glass, plastics, timber, garden and | | |
| | food waste, metals, manufacturing off-cuts, | | |
| | household goods and oils. | | |
| | Religious associated use see | | Church meeting hall |
| | COMMUNITY USE | | Convent |
| | | | Monastery |
| | | | Presbytery, Manse, Rectory |
| | | | Priory |
| | Relocatable unit see Single dwelling | | Granny Flat |
| | housing | | Transportable Home |
| | Residential Care Accommodation see | | nursing home, |
| | RESIDENTIAL USE | | hospice, |
| | | | supported dwelling, |
| | | | Special dwelling, |
| | | | convalescent home, |
| | | | Retirement Village |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| RESIDENTIAL USE | Caretaker's residence means any dwelling used for the residence of a caretaker, in connection with another land use, including industry and commercial activity. | Diplomatic residence means a <i>dwelling</i> specifically for the residential use of diplomatic staff of an embassy, a high commission, a legation or a consulate. | |
| | | Special dwelling means a dwelling used or to be used by a government agency or community organisation receiving government funding or housing assistance, to provide shelter and support for persons with special accommodation needs. | |
| | Multi-unit housing means the use of land for more than one <i>dwelling</i> and includes but is not limited to <i>dual occupancy housing</i> and <i>triple occupancy housing</i> . | With oposial accommodation mode. | |
| | Residential Care Accommodation means the use of land by an agency or organisation that exists for the purposes of providing accommodation and services such as the provision of meals, domestic services and personal care for persons requiring support. Although services must be delivered on site, management and preparation may be carried out on site or elsewhere. | | |
| | Retirement Village means premises where older members of the community or retired people live, or will live, in independent living units or serviced units, under a retirement village scheme. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|-----------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| RESIDENTIAL USE | Retirement village scheme, for a retirement village, means a scheme under which a person may — a) enter into a residence contract with the scheme operator for the retirement village; and b) on payment of an ingoing contribution, acquire personally or for someone else a right to live in the retirement village, however the right accrues; and c) on payment of the relevant charge, acquires personally or for someone else a right to receive one (1) or more services in relation to the retirement village. Single dwelling housing means the use of land for residential purposes for a single dwelling only. | | |
| | Supportive housing means the use of land for residential accommodation for persons in need of support, which is managed by a Territory approved organisation that provides a range of support services such as counselling, domestic assistance and personal care for residents as required. Although such services must be able to be delivered on site, management and preparation may be carried out on site or elsewhere. Housing may be provided in the form of self-contained dwellings. The term does not include a retirement village or student accommodation. | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|---|
| | Restaurant means the use of land for the | | Common Terminology for 'Restaurant' was |
| | primary purpose of providing food for | | removed on 16 October 2006 under |
| | consumption on the premises whether or not | | Variation Number 256 |
| | the premises are licensed premises under | | |
| | the Liquor Act 2010 and whether or not | | |
| | entertainment is provided. | | |
| | Retail plant nursery see SHOP | | |
| | Retirement village see RESIDENTIAL USE | | |
| | Road means any way or street (so called), | | |
| | whether in existence or under reserve, open | | |
| | to the public which is provided and | | |
| | maintained for the passage of vehicles, | | |
| | persons and animals and which may include | | |
| | footpaths, <i>community paths</i> , bus lay-bys and | | |
| | turning areas, or traffic controls. | | |
| | Sand and gravel extraction means the | | |
| | extraction of sand and gravel deposited in | | |
| | the bed of a stream or flood plain, or of | | |
| | deposits associated with deposition in a | | |
| | previous geological period. | | |
| | Scientific research establishment means | | Agricultural research facility |
| | the use of land for the purpose of scientific | | CSIRO facility |
| | research including the development of | | Meteorological use |
| | electronic technology, biotechnology or other | | Observatory |
| | scientific disciplines for application to | | Plant and animal quarantine facilities |
| | commerce, industry, or government. | | Rural research field stations |
| | | | Scientific laboratory |
| | Serviced apartment see COMMERCIAL | | |
| | ACCOMMODATION USE | | |
| | Service station means the use of land for | | |
| | the fuelling and/or servicing of motor | | |
| | vehicles, whether or not the land is also used | | |
| | for any one or more of the following | | |
| | purposes: | | |
| | a) the sale by retail of spare parts and | | |
| | accessories for motor vehicles; | | |
| | b) washing and greasing of motor | | |
| | vehicles; | | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---|---|----------------|---|
| | c) installation of accessories; d) the retail sale of other goods, within an ancillary retail area not greater than 150m² in area; e) providing toilet facilities, amenities and service for motorists; f) repairing of motor vehicles (other than body building, panel beating or spray painting); and | | |
| SHOP means the use of land for the purpose of selling, exposing or offering the sale by retail or hire, goods and personal services | g) the hiring of trailers. Bulky goods retailing means a shop which includes a loading dock within the building, and where the goods or materials sold or displayed are of such a size, shape or weight as to require: a) a large area for handling, storage or display; and/or b) direct vehicular access to the site by members of the public, for the purpose of loading goods or materials into their vehicles after purchase, but does not include any shop used primarily for the sale of food or clothing. | | Antique dealer Art, craft or sculpture dealer Auction room Butcher Camping supplies store Chemist Delicatessen Florist Gift shop Greengrocer Grocer Household appliances Liquor store Newsagent Pet shop Photographic store Sound centre Sportsgoods Toy store Video hire |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| | Department store means a <i>shop</i> in which goods are sold by separate departments within the <i>shop</i> and from which a significant amount or proportion of retail sales occur from at least four of the following types of goods: furniture and floor coverings; fabrics and household textiles; clothing; footwear; household appliances; china, glassware and domestic hardware. Personal service means a <i>shop</i> used primarily for selling services and in which the sale of goods is <i>ancillary</i> to the service provided. | | |
| SHOP means the use of land for the purpose of selling, exposing or offering the sale by retail or hire, goods and personal services | Retail plant nursery means a <i>shop</i> used for the propagation and sale of plants, shrubs, trees and garden supplies. Supermarket means a <i>large shop</i> selling food and other household items where the selection of goods is organised on a self-service basis. Take-away food shop means a <i>shop</i> , which is predominantly for the preparation of food and refreshments for consumption elsewhere. | | |
| | Sign means any device or representation openly visible to the general public for the purpose of direction or control or information, or displaying an <i>advertisement</i> . | | |
| | Single dwelling housing see RESIDENTIAL USE | Detached house means a building comprising a single dwelling which is not attached to any other building where the dwelling has within its curtilage open space at ground level and private access for the exclusive use of the occupants of the dwelling and may include a free standing dwelling in a multi-unit development. | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|---|--|
| | | Habitable suite means a room or suite of | |
| | | rooms which is capable of being occupied | |
| | | as a separate domicile within a dwelling but | |
| | | easily reverted to being rooms forming part | |
| | | of that dwelling. | |
| | Single dwelling housing see | Relocatable unit means a room or suite of | |
| | RESIDENTIAL USE | rooms capable of being occupied as a | |
| | | separate domicile which is designed and | |
| | | constructed in a manner which enables it to | |
| | | be easily transferred to and/or re-erected on another site. | |
| | Special dwelling see RESIDENTIAL USE | 5 555. 5.16. | Half-way house |
| | | | Refuge |
| | | | Residential treatment unit |
| | Stock/sale yard means the use of land for | | |
| | the purpose of a market for the sale of | | |
| | animals and the holding of livestock pending | | |
| | their sale. | | |
| | Stock water supply see Water storage dam | | |
| | Store means the use of land for the storage, | | Minor industrial area |
| | whether permanent or temporary, of goods | | Self storage |
| | (not including obsolete motor vehicles or | | |
| | obsolete machinery) within or upon which no | | |
| | trade (whether retail or wholesale) or | | |
| | industry is carried on. | | |
| | Subdivision has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007. | | |
| | | | agad paragna unita |
| | Supportive Housing see RESIDENTIAL | | aged persons units, community housing, |
| | USE | | older persons units, |
| | | | rooming house, |
| | | | university college |
| | Supermarket see SHOP | | |
| | Take-away food shop see SHOP | | |
| | Temporary Use means the use of unleased | | |
| | land for a purpose that is temporary in nature | | |
| | and for which a licence may be issued for a | | |
| | maximum term of three years and which may | | |

NI2008-27 13 Definitions page 29

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| | be renewed. | | |
| | Tourist facility means the use of land for | | Amusement park |
| | providing entertainment, recreation, cultural | | Theme park |
| | or similar facilities for use mainly by the | | |
| | general touring or holidaying public and may | | |
| | include a restaurant, cafe, bar, service | | |
| | station, tourist accommodation and the retail | | |
| | sale of arts and crafts, souvenirs, antiques | | |
| | and the like. | | |

| Tourist resort see COMMERCIAL ACCOMMODATION USE Transport depot means the use of land for | |
|--|---------------------|
| | |
| Transport denot means the use of land for | |
| | |
| the parking or storage of motor vehicles used | |
| in connection with a commercial or industrial | |
| transport undertaking. | |
| Treatment plant see MAJOR UTILITY INSTALLATION | |
| Tunnel see MAJOR UTILITY | |
| INSTALLATION | |
| Urban lake, pond and/or retardation basin | |
| see MAJOR UTILITY INSTALLATION | |
| | oat, caravan dealer |
| | ar, truck dealer |
| | otor cycle dealer |
| motor cycles, boats, trailers or other | |
| vehicles. The term includes the <i>ancillary</i> use | |
| of such premises for the sale of spare parts | |
| or accessories and the storage, cleaning and | |
| maintenance of such vehicles, but does not | |
| include a service station. | |
| Veterinary hospital means the use of land | |
| for diagnosis, surgical or medical treatment | |
| of animals, and where the animals may be | |
| kept on the premises overnight for the | |
| purposes of treatment. Warehouse means the use of land for the Co | |
| | old storage |
| purposes of the bulk sale of goods to be retailed by others or the bulk storage of | ood storage |
| goods, merchandise or materials pending | |
| their sale and distribution to persons | |
| engaged in the retail trade but does not | |
| include premises used for the purpose of | |
| bulk storage of calcium carbide, flammable | |
| liquid, solid fuel, gas, hide, skins, tallow, | |
| bones, or motor vehicles for recovery of | |
| spare parts or accessories. | |

| Umbrella Term | Development | Sub-categories | Some Common Terminology |
|---------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Waste transfer station means the use of | | |
| | land for the collection of waste into bulk | | |
| | containers for the further transport to a | | |
| | landfill site, recycling facility or other waste | | |
| | disposal facility. | | |
| | Water storage dam see MAJOR UTILITY | Distribution reservoir | |
| | INSTALLATION | Stock water supply | |
| | Woodlot means disaggregated plots and | | |
| | clumps of trees grown for production and/or | | |
| | landcare shelter belt and landscape | | |
| | purposes. | | |
| | Zoological facility means the use of land for | | Aquarium |
| | the containment of animals for viewing by | | Oceanarium |
| | members of the public. | | Wildlife sanctuary |
| | · | | Zoo |

Part B - Definitions of Terms

Adjacent means either being contiguous with the subject location; or, if separated only by a *road*, where the *front boundary* faces the section of the road which separates it from the subject location.

Adjunct means associated with but not necessarily part of.

Advertisement means any device or representation visible to the general public which is for the purpose of directly or indirectly promoting sales or drawing attention to an enterprise or undertaking, and includes any hoarding or similar *structure*, any bunting, flag or streamer, or any balloon used or adapted for use for the display of *advertisements* or attracting attention.

AEP (Annual Exceedance Probability) means the probability in any one year of a storm event exceeding a specified stream flow level.

AHD means Australian Height Datum.

Ancillary means associated with and directly related to, but incidental and subordinate to the predominant use.

Application has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Approval has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Aquatic habitat means the lake, river and stream margins, banks and beds, which sustain diverse populations of plants and animals.

Aquatic migration corridor means river corridors and associated streams and wetlands upon which a number of animals are dependent for their movement and survival in the region.

Articulation Zone means a specified area on a block within which the design of the façade of buildings is required to be articulated in order to provide visual interest to the streetscape. Forms of articulation may include architectural elements and detailing to be incorporated into the building façade and variations to building alignment particularly in response to existing landscape features.

Attic means any habitable space contained wholly within a roof pitched at not more than 36 degrees above the ceiling line of the storey immediately below, except for minor elements such as dormer windows and the like.

Authority means the Planning and Land Authority established by section 10 of the *Planning and Development Act 2007*.

Backlighting means, in relation to a *sign*, the internal illumination of a *sign* box and the internal illumination of individual letters or characters comprising a *sign*, provided that the *sign* box, letter or character is constructed of translucent and not transparent materials.

Balcony means a small outdoor area, raised above the ground, directly accessible from within the *building* and open except for a balustrade on at least one side.

Basement means a space within a *building* where the floor level of the space is predominantly below *natural* ground level and where the *finished floor level* of the level immediately above the space is less than 1.0 metre above *natural ground level*.

Blank wall means any wall, which has no openings such as windows or doors.

Block means a parcel of land, whether or not the subject of a lease.

Building includes:

- a) an addition to a building;
- b) a structure attached to a building; and
- c) a part of a building.

Building envelope plan means a plan relating to *blocks* in an estate specifying envelopes within which *buildings* will be required to be constructed along with any other specific block development controls and which is linked to and approved along with the *Estate Development Plan*.

Building line means a line drawn parallel to any *front boundary* along the front face of the *building* or through the point on a *building* closest to the *front boundary*. Where a terrace, landing, porch, *balcony* or verandah is more than 1.5 metres above the adjoining *finished ground level* or is covered by a roof, it shall be deemed to be part of the *building*.

Carport means a car shelter wholly or partly enclosed on not more than two sides.

Communal open space means common outdoor open space for recreation and relaxation of residents of a housing development.

Community garden means the use of land for the cultivation of produce primarily for personal use by those people undertaking the gardening, including demonstration gardening or other environmental activities which encourage the involvement of schools, youth groups and citizens in gardening activities.

NI2008-27 13 Definitions page 33
Effective: 16 December 2011

Community path system means a route constructed or under reserve which includes a path (cycle path) open to the public for the use of non-motorised traffic, such as bicycles, pedestrians and joggers, and for motorised wheel chairs.

Consolidation has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Controlled activity has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Datum ground level means the level of the surface of the ground as defined in a field survey and authorised by a qualified surveyor at the time of operational acceptance for greenfield development or prior to any new earthworks having occurred after that time.

Defined land has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007

Development has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Development condition means any condition subject to the *Planning and Development Act 2007*, contained in a lease or an agreement collateral to a lease, or in a lease or an agreement collateral to the lease that was made prior to the commencement of the *Planning and Development Act 2007*.

Discharge - stormwater means the discharge to drains, ponds, lakes or streams of catchment runoff as a result of storm rainfall over the catchment.

Discharge - wastewater means liquid waste discharged from domestic, agricultural (feed lots) or industrial sources, or from associated treatment facilities.

Domestic water supply means the water stored, diverted, treated and reticulated for the primary purpose of domestic use.

Domestic water supply - fully treated means the provision of floculation and sedimentation, filtration and disinfection.

Domestic water supply - partially treated means the provision of direct filtration and disinfection (dependent on raw water having limited suspended solids levels).

Domestic water supply - disinfected means the provision of disinfection only (dependent on raw water substantially free of suspended solids).

Dwelling has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Regulation 2008.

Environment includes biological, physical, social, cultural and economic aspects.

Environment values mean the value of the resource for extractive and instream uses by the community, and intrinsic values such as the maintenance of natural ecosystems.

Environmental assessment has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007

Erosion means the mobilisation of soil as a result of loss of vegetative cover, scouring by runoff, or associated with slope instability.

Estate Development Plan means a plan setting out the proposed pattern of subdivision and infrastructure works for an estate and which is required to be approved prior to the undertaking of the works and the granting of leases for the subdivided blocks and may include a *Streetscape Concept Plan* and/or *Building Envelope Plan*.

Fin wall means an external wall built on the *block* boundary side of a *lateral opening*, to screen that opening to and from an adjoining *block*.

Finished floor level (FFL) means the level of the upper surface of the relevant floor.

Finished ground level (FGL) means the ground level after completion of all excavation and earthworks.

Fishing means the use of bait, lures or other devices for the purpose of catching fish, for recreational or commercial purposes.

Floodplain means that area of stream or drainage corridor which is inundated by the 1 in 100 Average Exceedance Probability (AEP) event.

Front boundary means any boundary of a *block adjacent* to a public *road*, public reserve or public pedestrian way.

Front loading block means a block where vehicular access is not obtained from a rear lane.

Front Zone means the area of a block between the *front boundary* and the *building line* or at the minimum front setback for the block whichever is greater. (Note: for the purpose of this definition, the *front zone* shall not be more than 10m from the *front boundary*).

Garage means a car shelter wholly or partly enclosed on more than two sides and includes an outbuilding as defined in the Building Code of Australia.

Gross floor area (GFA) means the sum of the area of all floors of the building measured from the external faces of the exterior walls, or from the centre lines of walls separating the building from any other building, excluding any area used solely for rooftop fixed mechanical plant and/or basement car parking.

Groundwater means an underground zone of porous or fractured rock within which water may be stored.

Groundwater abstraction means abstraction by pumping, for the purpose of offstream use of water.

Habitable room means any room within a dwelling used or adapted to be used for the purpose of living, sleeping, or the eating or cooking of food and includes lounge rooms, family rooms, dining rooms, rumpus rooms, bedrooms, kitchens, but does not include bathrooms, laundries, *garages*, or garden sheds.

Height of building means the vertical distance between *natural ground level* to the highest point or points of the *building*.

Height of wall means the vertical distance between the *natural ground level* directly beneath the outside face of any external wall and the top of the wall or roof at the wall line, parapet or balustrade (whichever is the higher). In the case of a gable or skillion end, the maximum height of wall shall be measured to a level midway between the ridge line and the top of the eaves or fascia.

Heritage Register has the same meaning as in the Heritage Act 2004

Inquiry has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Integrated housing development means development where the developer:

- a) is responsible for the planning, design and building of all the housing and associated facilities; or
- b) undertakes the site planning and development of infrastructure as well as establishing general requirements for building design without actually constructing the dwellings.

Irrigation water supply means water abstracted, stored, treated and reticulated for use for the irrigation of landscape or crops.

Land includes water.

Land capability means use of land according to its capacity to sustain such use, without long term degradation.

Lateral opening means a window or door, which is approximately at right angles to a block boundary.

Lease has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Lessee has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Lower floor level (LFL) means a *finished floor level* which is 1.8 metres or less above *natural ground level* at any point.

Natural ground level means the ground level at the date of grant of the lease of the block.

North facing boundary means a boundary of a block where a line drawn perpendicular to the boundary outwards is orientated between north 20 degrees west and north 30 degrees east.

Objection has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Planting area means an area of land within a block that is not covered by buildings, vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas or any other form of impermeable surface and that is available for landscape planting.

Plot ratio means the gross floor area in a building divided by the area of the site.

Primary building zone means the area between the front zone and a line projected 12m distant.

Primary window means the main window of a habitable room.

Private open space means an outdoor area within a block useable for outdoor living activities, and may include balconies, terraces or decks but does not include any area required to be provided for the parking of motor vehicles and any common driveways and common vehicle manoeuvring areas. Up to 25 per cent of any part of private open space may be roofed over, except that a balcony may be entirely roofed over.

Rear loading block means a block where vehicular access is obtained from a rear lane.

Rear zone means the area of a block behind the primary building zone.

Relevant authority has the same meaning as in the Planning and Development Act 2007.

Remnant native vegetation means the structural and/or floristic characteristics of the vegetation as it would have been prior to European settlement.

RL (Reduced Level) means the vertical height in metres above Australian Height Datum (AHD).

Residential redevelopment means development that involves:

- a) substantial or total demolition of an existing dwelling on land previously used for residential purposes and replacement with one or more new dwellings;
- b) establishment of one or more new dwellings on land previously used for residential purposes in addition to an existing dwelling; or
- c) substantial alterations to an existing dwelling that would result in a significant change to the scale and/ or character of the dwelling.

Screen wall means a wall at least 1.8 metres high and visually opaque.

Secondary window means a window to a non habitable room, a window with a sill height at least 1.7 m above *finished floor level*, or a window with fixed obscure glazing.

Section means an area of land comprising of a logical grouping of individual blocks identified as a Section pursuant to the Districts Act 1966.

NI2008-27 13 Definitions page 35 Effective: 16 December 2011 **Section Master Plan** means a plan of a section and surrounds indicating a development context for individual development proposals and providing guidance on how sites in the section may logically be developed.

Sediment means the coarse particles (such as sand, silt and gravel) and organic particulates transported by storm runoff and streamflow.

Setback means the minimum horizontal distance between a *building* wall or the outside face of a *balcony*, deck or supporting posts of a *carport* or verandah roof and the relevant *block* boundary.

Sewer vent means a vent connected to a trunk sewer to evacuate foul air from sewers.

Sewerage storm tank means an earth or concrete storage tank provided to contain sewage storm overflow in excess of sewer or pump capacity.

Side boundary means a *block* boundary extending from a street frontage and *adjacent* to one other *block* only.

Sill height means the vertical height of a window sill above the finished floor level which it serves.

Site means a *block*, *lease* or other lawful occupation of land, or adjoining *blocks*, *leases* or lawful occupancies in the event of these being used for a single undertaking or operation, but excludes the area of any access driveway or right-of-way

Site coverage the proportion of the actual site covered by dwellings and all other buildings

Standard block means a block with an area greater than 500 m2 that was originally leased or used for the purpose of *single dwelling housing*.

Storey means a space within a *building* that is situated between one floor level and the floor level next above, or if there is no floor level above, the ceiling or roof above but does not include an *attic* or a *basement*.

Streamflow diversion means the impoundment and diversion of streamflow to pipes or channels, for the purpose of offstream use of water.

Streamflow regulation means the retention of portion of streamflow in a pond or reservoir for some period of time, for subsequent release downstream.

Streetscape includes the visible components within a street (or part of a street) including the private land between facing *buildings*, including the form of *buildings*, treatment of *setbacks*, fencing, existing trees, landscaping, driveway and street layout and surfaces, utility services and street furniture such as lighting, *signs*, barriers and bus shelters.

Streetscape Concept Plan means a plan of the proposed streetscape, which is linked to and approved along with the *Estate Development Plan* for the area.

Street facade means the facing wall of a *building* fronting a street, other than courtyard walls or *carports* and *garages*.

Structure includes a fence, mast, antenna, aerial road, footpath, driveway, carpark, culvert or service conduit or cable.

Surface area of a sign means the entire area within a single continuous perimeter enclosing the extreme limit of writing, representation, emblem or any figure or similar character, together with any material or colour forming an integral part of the display or used to differentiate such a *sign* from the background against which it is placed, and only includes one side of a double faced *sign* when the sides are back-to-back or the sides are divergent but display identical writing or other representation but facing substantially different directions, but does not include the means by which a *sign* is supported.

Territory has the same meaning as in the ACT (Self Government) Act 1988.

Undercroft Parking means that portion of a building set aside for carparking.

Unscreened deck, balcony or roof terrace excludes staircase landings having a floor area of up to 5 square metres.

Upper floor level (UFL) means a *finished floor level*, which is greater than 1.8 metres above *natural ground level* at any point.

Water based recreation means those recreational activities which depend directly (swimming, boating, *fishing*) or indirectly (landscape) on water bodies (ponds, lakes, streams) for their enjoyment.

Water storage means the retention of portion of streamflow in a pond, lake or reservoir for some period of time.

Water uses means the utilisation of water (instream or off-stream) for a range of beneficial purposes (swimming, *fishing*, landscape, consumption, irrigation, manufacture, cleaning, etc)

Waterscape means water features (either natural or impounded by structures) whose primary purpose is visual or aesthetic enhancement of the area.

Waterway means the drainage corridors, comprising natural streams, open drains and floodways, dedicated for the primary purpose of drainage of urban areas.

page 36 13 Definitions NI2008-27
Effective: 16 December 2011