

# **Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000**

SL2000-56

made under the

**Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000** 

Republication No 1 (RI)

Effective: 15 June 2001 - 25 July 2001

Republication date of printed version: 15 June 2001

Reissued electronically: 27 May 2022

Regulations not amended

# The republished law

This is a republication of the *Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000*, made under the *Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000*, effective from 15 June 2001 to 25 July 2001.

### Kinds of republications

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws (see the ACT legislation register at www.legislation.act.gov.au):

- authorised republications to which the Legislation Act 2001 applies
- unauthorised republications.

The status of this republication appears on the bottom of each page.

#### **Editorial changes**

The Legislation (Republication) Act 1996, section 13 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel to make textual amendments to a republished law when preparing an authorised republication. The amendments do not effect a substantive change in the law. The changes are editorial in nature and are made if the Parliamentary Counsel considers they are desirable in accordance with current legislative drafting practice.

This republication includes amendments made under section 13.



# **Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000**

made under the

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# **Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000**

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made under the

**Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000** 

# 1 Name of regulations

These regulations are the *Crimes* (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000.

## 3 Definitions for regulations

In these regulations:

*forensic scientist* means a person engaged (whether as an employee or otherwise) in that capacity by—

- (a) the Australian Federal Police; or
- (b) the police force or police service of a State.

*forensic technician* means a person engaged (whether as an employee or otherwise) in that capacity by—

- (a) the Australian Federal Police; or
- (b) the police force or police service of a State.

the Act means the Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000.

*Note* A definition in this regulation applies to the entire regulations unless the definition, or another provision of the regulations, provides otherwise or the contrary intention otherwise appears (see *Interpretation Act 1967*, s 11F and s 11G, as applied by the *Subordinate Laws Act 1989*, s 9).

## 4 Appropriately qualified persons

For section 13 of the Act, a person mentioned in an item in Schedule 1 is qualified to carry out a forensic procedure mentioned in the item.

## Schedule 1 **Appropriately qualified** persons

(see reg 4)

column 1 item	column 2 forensic procedure	column 3 appropriately
	•	qualified people for procedure
1	<ul> <li>external examination of—</li> <li>genital or anal area</li> <li>buttocks</li> <li>breasts of female or transgender person who identifies as female</li> </ul>	<ul><li>forensic scientist</li><li>forensic technician</li></ul>
2	taking sample of saliva or sample by buccal swab	<ul> <li>forensic scientist</li> <li>forensic technician</li> <li>police officer</li> </ul>
3	taking photograph of, or impression or cast of, wound from—     genital or anal area     buttocks     breasts of female or transgender person who identifies as female	<ul><li>forensic scientist</li><li>forensic technician</li></ul>
4	external examination of part of body (other than—  • genital or anal area  • buttocks  • breasts of female or transgender person who identifies as female) that requires touching of body or removal of clothing	<ul> <li>forensic scientist</li> <li>forensic technician</li> <li>police officer</li> </ul>
5	taking sample of hair (other than pubic hair)	<ul><li>forensic scientist</li><li>forensic technician</li></ul>
6	taking sample from nail or from under nail	<ul><li>forensic scientist</li><li>forensic technician</li></ul>

## Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000

## **SCHEDULE 1**—continued

column 1 item	column 2 forensic procedure  taking sample by swab or washing from	column 3 appropriately qualified people for procedure  • forensic scientist
,	<ul> <li>any external part of body (other than—</li> <li>genital or anal area</li> <li>buttocks</li> <li>breasts of female or transgender person who identifies as a female)</li> </ul>	forensic     forensic     technician
8	taking sample by vacuum suction, scraping or lifting by tape from any external part of body (other than—  • genital or anal area  • buttocks  • breasts of female or transgender person who identifies as female)	<ul> <li>forensic scientist</li> <li>forensic technician</li> </ul>
9	taking handprint, fingerprint, footprint or toeprint	<ul> <li>forensic scientist</li> <li>forensic technician</li> <li>police officer</li> </ul>
10	taking photograph of, or impression or cast of wound from, external part of body (other than—  • genital or anal area  • buttocks  • breasts of female or transgender person who identifies as female)	<ul> <li>(a) for a photograph</li> <li>doctor</li> <li>forensic scientist</li> <li>forensic technician</li> <li>police officer</li> <li>(b) for an impression or cast of a wound</li> <li>doctor</li> <li>forensic scientist</li> <li>forensic technician</li> </ul>

Note 1 Police officer and doctor are defined in the Interpretation Act 1967, dictionary.

*Note* 2 People mentioned in column 3 as appropriately qualified for the applicable procedure are additional to those mentioned in section 53 of the Act.

#### **ENDNOTES**

### 1 About this republication

This is a republication of the Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000 as in force under the Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000 on 15 June 2001. The regulations had not been amended up to that date.

Amending laws are annotated in the table of legislation and table of amendments.

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office currently prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws: authorised printed republications to which the Legislation (Republication) Act 1996 applies and unauthorised electronic republications. The status of this republication appears on the cover.

Section 13 of the Legislation (Republication) Act 1996 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel, in preparing a law for republication, to make textual amendments of a formal nature which the Parliamentary Counsel considers desirable in accordance with current legislative drafting practice. The amendments do not effect a substantive change in the

In preparing this republication, amendments have been made under section 13.

Not all amendments made under section 13 are annotated in the table of amendments. Full details of any amendments can be obtained from the Parliamentary Counsel's Office.

## 2 Abbreviation key

p = page

#### Key to abbreviations in tables

am = amended	par = paragraph
amdt = amendment	pres = present
ch = chapter	prev = previous
cl = clause	(prev) = previously
def = definition	prov = provision
div = division	pt = part
exp = expires/expired	r = rule/subrule
Gaz = Gazette	reg = regulation/subregulation
hdg = heading	renum = renumbered
ins = inserted/added	reloc = relocated
lap = lapsed	R[X] = Republication No
LRA = Legislation (Republication) Act	s = section/subsection
1996	sch = schedule
mod = modified	sdiv = subdivision
No = number	sub = substituted
notfd = notified	SL = Subordinate Law
o = order	sp = spent
om = omitted/repealed	underlining = whole or part not
orig = original	commenced

# 3 Table of legislation

# Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Regulations 2000 No 56

notified 21 December 2000 (Gaz 2000 No S69) commenced 21 December 2000 (s 2)

# 4 Amendment history

### Commencement

s 2 om R1 (LRA)

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