

# Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 No 22

## Republication No 7 Effective: 1 November 2003 - 12 April 2004

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Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel

#### About this republication

#### The republished law

This is a republication of the *Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990* (including any amendment made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 (Editorial changes)) as in force on 1 November 2003. It also includes any amendment, repeal or expiry affecting the republished law to 1 November 2003.

The legislation history and amendment history of the republished law are set out in endnotes 3 and 4.

#### Kinds of republications

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws (see the ACT legislation register at www.legislation.act.gov.au):

- authorised republications to which the Legislation Act 2001 applies
- unauthorised republications.

The status of this republication appears on the bottom of each page.

#### **Editorial changes**

The *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel to make editorial amendments and other changes of a formal nature when preparing a law for republication. Editorial changes do not change the effect of the law, but have effect as if they had been made by an Act commencing on the republication date (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 115 and s 117). The changes are made if the Parliamentary Counsel considers they are desirable to bring the law into line, or more closely into line, with current legislative drafting practice.

This republication includes amendments made under part 11.3 (see endnote 1).

#### Uncommenced provisions and amendments

If a provision of the republished law has not commenced or is affected by an uncommenced amendment, the symbol  $\boxed{U}$  appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the uncommenced provision or amendment appears only in the last endnote.

#### Modifications

If a provision of the republished law is affected by a current modification, the symbol M appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the modifying provision appears in the endnotes. For the legal status of modifications, see *Legislation Act 2001*, section 95.

#### Penalties

The value of a penalty unit for an offence against this republished law at the republication date is—

- (a) if the person charged is an individual—\$100; or
- (b) if the person charged is a corporation—\$500.



# **Director of Public Prosecutions Act** 1990

# Contents

		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Short title	2
3	Interpretation	2
Part 2	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions	
Division 2	2.1 Establishment and control	
4	Establishment	4
5	Control	4
Division 2	2.2 Functions and powers of director	
6	Functions	4
R7 01/11/03	Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04	contents 1

_		Page
7	Prosecutions on indictment	7
8	Taking over the conduct of general proceedings	9
9	Undertakings	9
10	Appeals	12
11	Representation of Territory and Territory authorities	13
12	Directions and guidelines by director	13
13	Provision of information to director	14
14	Police assistance	15
15	Obligation to inform court	15
16	Appearances by director	16
16A	Commonwealth prosecutions by director and staff of office	16
17	Delegation	17
18	Additional powers	17
Division	2.3 Attorney-General	
19	Consultation	17
20	Directions and guidelines by Attorney-General	18
21	Preservation of functions and powers	18
Part 3	Director and members of the staff of the office	
Division		
22	Appointment	19
24	Leave of absence	20
25	Preclusion from other employment	20
26	Disclosure of interests	20
27	Resignation	20
28	Termination of appointment	20
29	Acting director	21
Division	3.2 Members of the staff	
30	Staff	22
31	Consultants etc	22
32	Other staffing arrangements	22

contents 2	Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990	R7
	Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04	01/11/03

		Contents
		Page
Part 4	Miscellaneous	
33	Preservation of rights	23
33A	Legal immunity	23
35	Regulation-making power	23
Endnote	S	
1	About the endnotes	24
2	Abbreviation key	24
3	Legislation history	25
4	Amendment history	26
5	Earlier republications	28

R7 01/11/03 Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04 contents 3



# **Director of Public Prosecutions Act** 1990

An Act to establish an Office of the Director of Prosecutions, and for related purposes

R7 01/11/03 Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04 page 1

#### Part 1 Preliminary

Section 1

## Part 1 Preliminary

#### 1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990.

#### 3 Interpretation

(1) In this Act:

*Note* A definition applies except so far as the contrary intention appears (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 155).

*chief police officer* means the police officer who is responsible for the day to day administration and control of police services in the Territory.

*Commonwealth Act* means the *Director of Public Prosecutions Act* 1983 (Cwlth).

*Commonwealth director* means the Director of Public Prosecutions appointed under the Commonwealth Act.

*director* means the Director of Public Prosecutions appointed under section 22 (1).

*general proceedings* means a prosecution, proceedings or appeal referred to in section 6 (1) (a), (b), (c), (e), (f) or (g).

*office* means the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions established by section 4 (1).

Territory authority includes a person-

- (a) who holds an office or position established by or under an Act; or
- (b) who holds an appointment made under an Act.

- (2) A reference in this Act to a member of the staff of the office shall be read as a reference to—
  - (a) a member of the staff referred to in section 30; or
  - (b) a person engaged under section 31; or
  - (c) a person whose services are made available to the director in accordance with section 32.
- (3) A provision in this Act that confers on the director a function or power in relation to a prosecution or proceedings (including civil proceedings) instituted by another person applies in relation to such a prosecution or proceedings whether instituted before or after the commencement of this Act.

# Part 2 Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions

## Division 2.1 Establishment and control

#### 4 Establishment

- (1) There is established by this section an office by the name of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions.
- (2) The office shall consist of the director and the members of the staff of the office.

#### 5 Control

The director shall control the office.

## Division 2.2 Functions and powers of director

#### 6 Functions

- (1) The director has the following functions:
  - (a) in relation to indictable offences:
    - (i) instituting prosecutions on indictment or summarily;
    - (ii) conducting prosecutions on indictment or summarily, whether instituted by the director or not;
  - (b) in relation to the commitment of persons for trial in respect of indictable offences:
    - (i) instituting proceedings;
    - (ii) conducting proceedings, whether instituted by the director or not;
  - (c) in relation to summary offences:

page 4	Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990	R7
	Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04	01/11/03

- (i) instituting prosecutions;
- (ii) conducting prosecutions, whether instituted by the director or not;
- (d) assisting a coroner in inquests and inquiries;
- (e) in relation to proceedings for contempt of a court or for an order requiring a person to enter into a recognisance, with or without sureties, to keep the peace or be of good behaviour—
  - (i) instituting proceedings; or
  - (ii) conducting proceedings, whether instituted by the director or not;
- (f) in relation to forfeiture orders or the recovery of pecuniary penalties:
  - (i) instituting proceedings;
  - (ii) conducting proceedings, whether instituted by the director or not;
  - (iii) coordinating or supervising the institution or conduct of proceedings;
- (g) in relation to civil remedies in connection with specified matters:
  - (i) instituting proceedings;
  - (ii) conducting proceedings, whether instituted by the director or not;
  - (iii) coordinating or supervising the institution or conduct of proceedings;

on behalf of the Territory or a Territory authority;

(h) making applications for orders to review under the *Magistrates Court Act 1930*, section 219C, and conducting such proceedings;

- (i) for prosecutions or other proceedings mentioned in paragraphs(a) to (h)—causing the proceedings to be brought to an end;
- (j) for appeals in relation to matters mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (i):
  - (i) instituting or responding to appeals (including appeals against sentence);
  - (ii) conducting appeals (including appeals against sentence) as appellant or respondent, whether instituted or responded to by the director or not;
- (k) attending a meeting of the Sentence Administration Board established under the *Rehabilitation of Offenders (Interim) Act 2001*;
- (1) representing or acting as agent for the Commonwealth director;
- (m) making statements or providing information to particular persons, to the public or to particular sections of the public (whether about decisions taken and the reasons for those decisions, or otherwise) relating to the exercise of powers or the performance of functions or duties under this Act;
- (n) functions given to the director under another provision of this Act or any other Territory law;
- (o) such other functions as are prescribed by the regulations;
- (p) doing anything incidental or conducive to the performance of another function.
- (2) To remove any doubt and without limiting subsection (1), the functions of the director include the following:
  - (a) appearing before a board of inquiry under the *Crimes Act 1900*, part 20 (Inquiries into convictions);
  - (b) for civil proceedings (including appeals) connected with or arising out of the exercise by the director of a function under

page 6	Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990	R7
	Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04	01/11/03

this Act or a proceeding in relation to which the director has a function—

- (i) beginning proceedings; or
- (ii) conducting proceedings, whether begun by the director or not; or
- (iii) responding to proceedings.
- (3) In subsection (1) (g):

#### specified matter means-

- (a) the recovery or ensuring the payment of an amount of tax; or
- (b) a prosecution, whether instituted or conducted by the director or not; or
- (c) an alleged or suspected offence, whether a prosecution has been instituted or not.

#### 7 **Prosecutions on indictment**

- (1) The director may prosecute by indictment in his or her official name indictable offences, but nothing in this subsection prevents the director from prosecuting an offence in any other manner.
- (2) Where the director institutes a prosecution on indictment, the indictment shall be signed—
  - (a) by the director; or
  - (b) for and on behalf of the director, by a person authorised in writing by the director to sign indictments.
- (3) The director may, with the consent of the person concerned, institute a prosecution of a person on indictment for an indictable offence in respect of which the person has not been examined or committed for trial.

Part 2	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
Division 2.2	Functions and powers of director
Section 7	

- (4) Where a person has been committed for trial in respect of an indictable offence, the director may, whether or not the director institutes a prosecution on indictment for the offence for which the person was committed for trial—
  - (a) institute a prosecution of the person on indictment for an offence for which the person was examined but not committed for trial without the person having been committed for trial in respect of that offence; or
  - (b) institute a prosecution of the person on indictment for any other offence founded on facts or evidence disclosed in the course of the committal proceedings without the person having been examined or committed for trial in respect of that offence.
- (5) In any other case where the director considers it appropriate to do so, the director may institute a prosecution of a person on indictment for an indictable offence in respect of which the person has not been examined or committed for trial.
- (6) Where a person is under commitment or has been indicted for an indictable offence, the Attorney-General or the director may decline to proceed further in the prosecution of the offence and may cause the prosecution to be brought to an end.
- (7) Where—
  - (a) a person is under commitment but has not been indicted for an indictable offence; and
  - (b) the director causes the prosecution for the offence to be brought to an end; and
  - (c) the person is in custody;

the director shall, by warrant signed by the director, direct the discharge of the person from custody and the person shall be discharged accordingly.

#### 8 Taking over the conduct of general proceedings

- (1) The director may take over the conduct of general proceedings instituted by another person (other than the Attorney-General) whether or not the person consents.
- (2) The director shall not take over the conduct of general proceedings instituted by the Attorney-General unless requested in writing by the Attorney-General to do so.
- (3) Where the director takes over the conduct of general proceedings instituted by another person, the director may—
  - (a) continue to conduct the proceedings in his or her official name; or
  - (b) cause the proceedings to be brought to an end.
- (4) Nothing in subsection (3) (a) prevents the director from continuing to conduct the general proceedings in the name of the person who instituted those proceedings.

#### 9 Undertakings

- (1) The director may give to a person an undertaking that—
  - (a) an answer that is given, or a statement or disclosure that is made, by the person in the course of giving evidence in applicable proceedings; or
  - (b) the fact that the person discloses or produces a document or other thing in applicable proceedings; or
  - (c) any information, document or other thing that is obtained as a direct or indirect consequence of an answer that is given, a statement or disclosure that is made, or a document or other thing that is disclosed or produced in applicable proceedings;

will not be used in evidence against the person.

- (2) Where the director has given to a person an undertaking under subsection (1)—
  - (a) an answer that is given, or a statement or disclosure that is made, by the person in the course of giving evidence in the applicable proceedings; or
  - (b) the fact that the person discloses or produces a document or other thing in the applicable proceedings; or
  - (c) any information, document or thing that is obtained as mentioned in subsection (1) (c);

as the case may be, is not admissible in evidence against the person in any civil or criminal proceedings, other than proceedings in respect of the falsity of evidence given by the person.

(3) In subsections (1) and (2):

#### applicable proceedings means—

- (a) a prosecution for an offence; or
- (b) proceedings by way of a coronial inquest or inquiry; or
- (c) proceedings in respect of a forfeiture order or the recovery of a pecuniary penalty; or
- (d) proceedings in respect of civil remedies in connection with a specified matter referred to in section 6 (1) (f).
- (4) The director may give to a person an undertaking that—
  - (a) an answer that is given, or a statement or disclosure that is made, by the person in the course of giving evidence in interstate proceedings; or
  - (b) the fact that the person discloses or produces a document or other thing in interstate proceedings; or
  - (c) any information, document or thing that is obtained as a direct or indirect consequence of an answer that is given, a statement

page 10	Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990	R7
	Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04	01/11/03

or disclosure that is made, or a document or other thing that is disclosed or produced in interstate proceedings;

will not be used in evidence against the person in any civil or criminal proceedings.

- (5) Where the director has given to a person an undertaking under subsection (4)—
  - (a) an answer that is given, or a statement or disclosure that is made, by the person in the course of giving evidence in the interstate proceedings; or
  - (b) the fact that the person discloses or produces a document or other thing in the interstate proceedings; or
  - (c) any information, document or other thing that is obtained as mentioned in subsection (4) (c);

as the case may by, is not admissible in any civil or criminal proceedings.

(6) In subsections (4) and (5):

interstate proceedings means-

- (a) a prosecution for an offence against a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or another Territory; or
- (b) proceedings in respect of a coronial inquest or inquiry under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or another Territory; or
- (c) proceedings for the recovery of a pecuniary penalty under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or another Territory; or
- (d) proceedings in respect of a forfeiture order under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or another Territory.
- (7) The director may give to a person an undertaking that the person will not be prosecuted—

R7	Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990	page 11
01/11/03	Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04	

Part 2	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
Division 2.2	Functions and powers of director
Section 10	

- (a) for a specified offence; or
- (b) in respect of specified acts or omissions that constitute or may constitute an offence.
- (8) Where the director has given an undertaking under subsection (7), no criminal proceedings shall be instituted in respect of the offence or the acts or omissions, as the case may be.
- (9) An undertaking under subsection (7) may be given subject to such conditions (if any) as the director considers appropriate.

#### 10 Appeals

- (1) The director may, in respect of a prosecution or proceedings conducted by the director, exercise such rights of appeal (if any)—
  - (a) as are exercisable by the Attorney-General; or
  - (b) in the case of a prosecution or proceedings the conduct of which the director has taken over from a person other than the Attorney-General—as would have been exercisable by that person if the director had not taken over the conduct of the prosecution or proceedings.
- (2) The rights of appeal conferred on the director under subsection (1) are in additional to such rights of appeal (if any) as are exercisable by the director otherwise than under that subsection.
- (3) In this section:

right of appeal includes—

- (a) a right to apply for a review or rehearing; and
- (b) a right to institute proceedings in the nature of an appeal or of an application for a review or rehearing; and
- (c) a right to appeal against sentence.

#### **11** Representation of Territory and Territory authorities

- (1) For the purposes of the performance of the function referred to in section 6 (1) (e), the director may institute proceedings in the name of the Territory or a Territory authority.
- (2) For the purposes of the performance of a function referred to in section 6 (1) (f), the director may take civil remedies in the name of the Territory or a Territory authority.
- (3) Where a Territory authority is a party to a proceeding in respect of a matter—
  - (a) that has arisen out of or is connected with the performance of a function of the director; or
  - (b) that may result in the performance by the director of such a function;

the director, or a person who is entitled to represent the director under section 16, may act as the legal practitioner for the authority.

#### 12 Directions and guidelines by director

- (1) The director may, in writing, give directions or furnish guidelines in relation to prosecutions or proceedings to—
  - (a) the chief police officer; or
  - (b) a person authorised under the *Government Solicitor Act 1989*, section 5 (4); or
  - (c) any other person—
    - (i) who conducts investigations in relation to offences; or
    - (ii) who institutes or conducts prosecutions for offences; or
    - (iii) who institutes or conducts proceedings for the recovery of pecuniary penalties; or

- (iv) who institutes or conducts proceedings for civil remedies in connection with a specified matter referred to in section 6 (1) (f).
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), the director may specify in a direction or guideline an offence or class of offences which is to be referred to the director for the purpose of instituting or conducting a prosecution.
- (3) A direction or guideline may be of a general nature or in respect of a particular case.
- (4) The director—
  - (a) shall give to the Attorney-General a copy of each direction given or guideline furnished; and
  - (b) shall include in a report presented, or information provided, by him or her under the *Annual Reports (Government Agencies) Act 1995*, section 8—
    - (i) a copy of each direction given or guideline furnished during the period to which the report or information relates; and
    - (ii) a copy of each direction given or guideline furnished in force at the end of that period.

#### **13** Provision of information to director

Where general proceedings have been instituted by a person other than the director and—

- (a) the director informs the person that the director is considering taking over the conduct of the proceedings; or
- (b) the director takes over the conduct of the proceedings; or
- (c) the person requests the director to take over the conduct of the proceedings;

R7 01/11/03 the person shall furnish to the director—

- (d) a full report of the circumstances of the matter; and
- (e) a copy of the statements of the witnesses (if any); and
- (f) the material documents (if any) in the possession of the person; and
- (g) such other information as the director requires.

#### 14 Police assistance

- (1) Where the director—
  - (a) is considering instituting or taking over, or has instituted or taken over, the conduct of a prosecution for an offence; and
  - (b) is of the opinion that a matter connected with or arising out of the offence requires further investigation;

the director may in writing request the chief police officer for the assistance of police officers in the investigation of that matter.

(2) The chief police officer shall, as far as practicable, comply with a request under subsection (1).

#### 15 Obligation to inform court

- (1) Where the director takes over the conduct of general proceedings instituted by another person, the director shall, as soon as practicable—
  - (a) by notice in writing, inform the registrar or other proper officer of the court in which the proceedings are to be heard; or
  - (b) if the proceedings are being heard—in such manner as the director thinks appropriate, inform the judge or magistrate;

that the director has taken over the conduct of the proceedings.

Part 2	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
Division 2.2	Functions and powers of director
Section 16	

(2) A failure by the director to comply with subsection (1) does not affect the director's powers in relation to the proceedings.

#### 16 Appearances by director

Where, for the purposes of the performance of his or her functions, the director is required to appear before a court, the director may appear in person or may be represented by—

- (a) a member of the staff of the office—
  - (i) who is a legal practitioner; or
  - (ii) who is entitled to practise in that court by virtue of section 16 of the Commonwealth Act; or
- (b) a person who is authorised under the *Government Solicitors* Act 1989, section 5 (4); or
- (c) any other person who is entitled to practise in that court.

# 16A Commonwealth prosecutions by director and staff of office

- (1) This section applies to the director, or a member of the staff of the office who is a legal practitioner, if the director or member is authorised to prosecute offences against Commonwealth laws under—
  - (a) a Commonwealth law; or
  - (b) an instrument issued by or on behalf of the Commonwealth under an agreement between the Territory and the Commonwealth; or
  - (c) an agreement with the Commonwealth director.
- (2) The director or member may institute or conduct prosecutions against Commonwealth laws in accordance with the Commonwealth law, instrument or agreement.

R7 01/11/03

- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), the director or member may do any of the following in relation to offences against Commonwealth laws:
  - (a) make applications for orders to review under the *Magistrates Court Act 1930*, section 219C, and conduct such proceedings;
  - (b) cause prosecutions and other proceedings to be brought to an end;
  - (c) institute or respond to appeals (including appeals against sentence);
  - (d) conduct appeals (including appeals against sentence) as appellant or respondent, whether instituted or responded to by the director or member or not.
- (4) In this section:

*prosecution* includes a proceeding for the commitment of a person for trial for an indictable offence.

#### 17 Delegation

The director may by instrument delegate the performance or exercise of a function or power of the office of director to a member of the staff of the office.

#### 18 Additional powers

The director has power to do all things necessary or convenient to be done in connection with the performance of his or her functions.

## Division 2.3 Attorney-General

#### 19 Consultation

(1) The director shall, if requested to do so by the Attorney-General, consult with the Attorney-General with respect to matters relating to the performance or exercise by the director of his or her functions or powers.

Part 3	Director and members of the staff of the office
Division 2.3	Attorney-General
Section 20	

(2) The Attorney-General shall, if requested to do so by the director, consult with the director with respect to matters relating to the performance or exercise by the director of his or her functions or powers.

#### 20 Directions and guidelines by Attorney-General

- (1) The Attorney-General may, in writing, give directions or furnish guidelines to the director in relation to the performance or exercise by the director of his or her functions or powers.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), a direction or guideline may relate to—
  - (a) the circumstances in which the director should institute or conduct prosecutions for offences; or
  - (b) the circumstances in which undertakings should be given under section 9.
- (3) A direction or guideline shall be of a general nature and shall not refer to a particular case.
- (4) The Attorney-General shall not give a direction or furnish a guideline unless he or she has consulted with the director.
- (5) A direction or guideline is a notifiable instrument.

*Note* A notifiable instrument must be notified under the *Legislation Act 2001*.

(6) The Minister must present a direction or guideline to the Legislative Assembly within 5 sitting days after the notification of the direction or guideline.

#### 21 Preservation of functions and powers

Nothing in this Act shall be taken to affect the performance or exercise by the Attorney-General of a function or power conferred on the Attorney-General by or under a law of the Territory.

page 18

# Part 3 Director and members of the staff of the office

### Division 3.1 Director

#### 22 Appointment

- (1) The Executive may by instrument appoint a person to be the director.
- (2) Subject to this Act, the director shall be appointed for the period (not exceeding 7 years) specified in the instrument of appointment but is eligible for reappointment.
- (3) Subject to this Act, the director holds office on such terms and conditions as are—
  - (a) determined by the Executive; and
  - (b) specified in the instrument of appointment.
- (4) A person shall not be appointed as the director unless—
  - (a) the person is a legal practitioner and has been for not less than 5 years; or
  - (b) the person is admitted as a legal practitioner in a State or another Territory and has been for not less than 5 years.
- (5) A person shall not be appointed as the director—
  - (a) if the person has attained the age of 65 years; or
  - (b) for a period that extends beyond the date on which the person will attain the age of 65 years.

Part 3	Director and members of the staff of the office
Division 3.1	Director
Section 24	

#### 24 Leave of absence

The Attorney-General may grant leave of absence to the director on such terms and conditions as to remuneration or otherwise as the Attorney-General determines.

#### 25 Preclusion from other employment

The director shall not, without the consent of the Attorney-General, engage in—

- (a) practice as a legal practitioner; or
- (b) paid employment;

otherwise than in the performance of the functions of the office of director.

#### 26 Disclosure of interests

The director shall give notice in writing to the Attorney-General of all direct or indirect pecuniary interests that he or she has or acquires—

- (a) in a business, whether in the Territory or elsewhere; or
- (b) in a body corporate carrying on such a business.

#### 27 Resignation

The director may resign his or her office by writing signed by the director and delivered to the Attorney-General.

#### 28 Termination of appointment

- (1) The Attorney-General may terminate the appointment of the director for—
  - (a) misbehaviour; or
  - (b) physical or mental incapacity; or

page 20

R7 01/11/03

- (c) failure to comply with section 25.
- (2) The Attorney-General shall terminate the appointment of the director if the director—
  - (a) becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of a law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment for their benefit; or
  - (b) is absent, without leave under section 24, for 14 consecutive days or for 28 days in any 12 months; or
  - (e) fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with his or her obligations under section 26.

#### 29 Acting director

- (1) The Attorney-General may appoint a person to act as director—
  - (a) during a vacancy in the office of director, whether or not an appointment has previously been made to the office; or
  - (b) during any period or during all periods when the director is absent from duty or from the Territory or is for any other reason unable to perform the functions of the office of director;

but a person appointed to act during a vacancy shall not continue so to act for more than 12 months.

- (2) A person shall not be appointed under subsection (1) unless the person is eligible for appointment under section 22.
- (4) Anything done by or in relation to a person purporting to act under subsection (1) is not invalid on the ground that—
  - (a) the occasion for the person's appointment had not arisen; or
  - (b) there is a defect or irregularity in connection with the person's appointment; or
  - (c) the person's appointment had ceased to have effect; or

page 21

Part 4	Miscellaneous	
Division 3.2	Members of the staff	
Section 30		

(d) the occasion for the person to act had not arisen or had ceased.

## Division 3.2 Members of the staff

#### 30 Staff

- (1) The staff assisting the director shall be employed under the *Public Sector Management Act 1994*.
- (2) The *Public Sector Management Act 1994* applies in relation to the management of the staff assisting the director.
- (3) The director has all the powers of a chief executive in relation to the staff assisting him or her as if the staff were employed in an administrative unit under the control of the director.

#### 31 Consultants etc

- (1) The director may, on behalf of the Territory, engage persons having suitable qualifications and experience as consultants to, or to perform services for, the director.
- (2) The terms and conditions of engagement of persons engaged under subsection (1) are as the director, with the approval of the Attorney-General, in writing determines.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be read as conferring on the director a power to enter into a contract of employment.

#### 32 Other staffing arrangements

- (1) The director may make arrangements with a chief executive for the use of the services of public servants, or the use of facilities, in the administrative unit under the chief executive's control.
- (2) The *Public Sector Management Act 1994* applies in relation to the management by the director of public servants who, or facilities that, are the subject of an arrangement under subsection (1).

## Part 4 Miscellaneous

#### **33 Preservation of rights**

Nothing in this Act shall be taken to affect the right of a person to institute general proceedings.

#### 33A Legal immunity

- (1) No action, suit or proceeding lies against a person who is or has been—
  - (a) the director; or
  - (b) a member of the staff of the office; or
  - (c) a person acting under the direction or authority of the director or a member of the staff of the office;

in relation to an act done or omitted to be done in good faith in the exercise or purported exercise of a power, or the performance or purported performance of a function or duty, of the director under this Act or any other law.

(2) Subsection (1) does not affect any liability that the Territory would, but for that subsection, have in respect of an act or omission referred to in that subsection.

#### 35 Regulation-making power

The Executive may make regulations for this Act.

*Note* Regulations must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the *Legislation Act 2001*.

1 About the endnotes

#### Endnotes

#### 1 About the endnotes

Amending and modifying laws are annotated in the legislation history and the amendment history. Current modifications are not included in the republished law but are set out in the endnotes.

Not all editorial amendments made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 are annotated in the amendment history. Full details of any amendments can be obtained from the Parliamentary Counsel's Office.

Uncommenced amending laws and expiries are listed in the legislation history and the amendment history. These details are underlined. Uncommenced provisions and amendments are not included in the republished law but are set out in the last endnote.

If all the provisions of the law have been renumbered, a table of renumbered provisions gives details of previous and current numbering.

The endnotes also include a table of earlier republications.

If the republished law includes penalties, current information about penalty unit values appears on the republication inside front cover.

#### 2 Abbreviation key

am = amended amdt = amendment ch = chapter cl = clause def = definition	ord = ordinance orig = original p = page par = paragraph pres = present
dict = dictionary	prev = previous
disallowed = disallowed by the Legislative	(prev) = previously
Assembly	prov = provision
div = division	pt = part
exp = expires/expired	r = rule/subrule
Gaz = Gazette	reg = regulation/subregulation
hdg = heading	renum = renumbered
IA = Interpretation Act 1967	reloc = relocated
ins = inserted/added	R[X] = Republication No
LA = Legislation Act 2001	RI = reissue
LR = legislation register	s = section/subsection
LRA = Legislation (Republication) Act 1996	sch = schedule
mod = modified / modification	sdiv = subdivision
No = number	sub = substituted
num = numbered	SL = Subordinate Law
o = order	<u>underlining</u> = whole or part not commenced
om = omitted/repealed	or to be expired

page 24

Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04 R7 01/11/03

#### 3 Legislation history

#### Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 No 22

notified 25 June 1990 (Gaz 1990 No S32) s 1, s 2 commenced 25 June 1990 (s 2 (1)) ss 3, 6-18, 33, 35 commenced 1 July 1990 (Gaz 1990 No S44) remainder (ss 4, 5, 19-32, 34) commenced 1 July 1991 (Gaz 1991 No S57)

as amended by

#### Director of Public Prosecutions (Amendment) Act 1992 No 51 notified 1 September 1992 (Gaz 1992 No S148)

commenced 1 September 1992

#### Public Sector Management (Consequential and Transitional Provisions) Act 1994 No 38 sch 1 pt 26

notified 30 June 1994 (Gaz 1994 No S121) s 1, s 2 commenced 30 June 1994 (s 2 (1)) sch 1 pt 26 commenced 1 July 1994 (s 2 (2) and Gaz 1994 No S142)

#### Annual Reports (Government Agencies) (Consequential Provisions) Act 1995 No 25 sch

notified 5 September 1995 (Gaz 1995 No S212) commenced 5 September 1995 (s 2)

#### Director of Public Prosecutions (Amendment) Act 1995 No 29

notified 5 September 1995 (Gaz 1995 No S212) commenced 5 September 1995 (s 2)

#### Remuneration Tribunal (Consequential and Transitional Provisions) Act 1995 No 56 sch

notified 20 December 1995 (Gaz 1995 No S313) commenced 21 December 1995 (s 2 and Gaz 1995 No S315)

# Legal Practitioners (Consequential Amendments) Act 1997 No 96 sch 1

notified 1 December 1997 (Gaz 1997 No S380) s 1, s 2 commenced 1 December 1997 sch 1 commenced 1 June 1998 (s 2 (2))

R7 01/11/03

4	Amendment history
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# Justice and Community Safety Legislation Amendment Act 2000 (No 3) No 17 sch 1

notified 1 June 2000 (Gaz 2000 No 22) commenced 1 June 2000 (s 2)

#### Legislation (Consequential Amendments) Act 2001 No 44 pt 102

notified 26 July 2001 (Gaz 2001 No 30)

s 1, s 2 commenced 26 July 2001 (IA s 10B)

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pt 102 commenced 12 September 2001 (s 2 and Gaz 2001 No S65)
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#### Rehabilitation of Offenders (Interim) Act 2001 No 82 sch 1 pt 1.2

notified 10 September 2001 (Gaz 2001 No S66)

s 1, s 2 commenced 10 September 2001 (IA s 10B)

sch 1 pt 1.2 commenced 24 September 2001 (s 2 and CN2001-4)

# Justice and Community Safety Legislation Amendment Act 2003 (No 2) A2003-47 pt 4

notified LR 31 October 2003 s 1, s 2 commenced 31 October 2003 (LA s 75 (1)) pt 4 commenced 1 November 2003 (s 2)

#### 4 Amendment history

Commencement		
s 2	om R5 (LA s 89 (4))	
Establishment and control div 2.1 hdg (prev pt 2 div 1 hdg) renum R5 LA		
Functions and powers of directordiv 2.2 hdg(prev pt 2 div 2 hdg) renum R5 LA		
Functions		
s 6	am 1992 No 51 s 3; 1995 No 29 s 4; 2000 No 17 sch 1; 2001 No 82 sch 1 pt 1.2; R6 LA (see 2001 No 82 amdt 1.4); A2003-47 s 13; ss renum R7 LA (see A2003-47 s 14)	
Appeals		
s 10	am 2000 No 17 sch 1	
Representation of Territory and Territory authoritiess 11am 1997 No 96 sch 1		
Directions and guidelines by director		
s 12	am 1995 No 25 sch; 2001 No 44 amdt 1.1113	

Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04 R7 01/11/03

Appearances by director s 16 am 1997 No 96 sch 1 Commonwealth prosecutions by director and staff of office s 16A ins 1992 No 51 s 4 am 1997 No 96 sch 1 sub 2000 No 17 sch 1 Attorney-General (prev pt 2 div 3 hdg) renum R5 LA div 2.3 hdg Directions and guidelines by Attorney-General s 20 am 2001 No 44 amdt 1.1114, amdt 1.1115 Director and members of the staff of the office div 3.1 hdg (prev pt 3 div 1 hdg) renum R5 LA Appointment s 22 am 1992 No 51 s 5; 1997 No 96 sch 1 **Remuneration and allowances** am 1992 No 51 s 6 s 23 om 1995 No 56 sch Leave of absence s 24 am 1992 No 51 s 7 Preclusion from other employment sub 1992 No 51 s 8 s 25 **Termination of appointment** am 1992 No 51 s 9 s 28 Acting director s 29 am 1992 No 51 s 10 Members of the staff div 3.2 hdg (prev pt 3 div 2 hdg) renum R5 LA Staff s 30 sub 1992 No 51 s 11; 1994 No 38 sch 1 **Consultants etc** am 1994 No 38 sch 1 s 31 Other staffing arrangements sub 1994 No 38 sch 1 s 32 Legal immunity s 33A ins 1995 No 29 s 5 Annual report s 34 om 1995 No 25 sch

R7 01/11/03 Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04

page 27

5 Earlier republications

#### **Regulation-making power**

s 35 sub 2001 No 44 amdt 1.1116

#### 5 Earlier republications

Some earlier republications were not numbered. The number in column 1 refers to the publication order.

Since 12 September 2001 every authorised republication has been published in electronic pdf format on the ACT legislation register. A selection of authorised republications have also been published in printed format. These republications are marked with an asterisk (\*) in column 1. Except for the footer, electronic and printed versions of an authorised republication are identical.

Republication No	Amendments to	Republication date
1	Act 1991 No 22	31 October 1991
2	Act 1992 No 51	31 October 1992
3	Act 1994 No 38	31 January 1995
4	Act 1995 No 56	1 January 1996
5	Act 2001 No 44	12 September 2001
6	A2001-82	19 October 2001

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page 28

Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1990 Effective: 01/11/03-12/04/04