

Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994 No 85

Republication No 3

Effective: 21 December 2002

Republication date: 21 December 2002

Last amendment made by Act 2002 No 49

Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel

About this republication

The republished law

This is a republication of the *Intoxicated Persons* (Care and Protection) Act 1994 (including any amendment made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 (Editorial changes)) as in force on 21 December 2002. It also includes any amendment, repeal or expiry affecting the republished law to 21 December 2002.

The legislation history and amendment history of the republished law are set out in endnotes 3 and 4.

Kinds of republications

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws (see the ACT legislation register at www.legislation.act.gov.au):

- authorised republications to which the Legislation Act 2001 applies
- unauthorised republications.

The status of this republication appears on the bottom of each page.

Editorial changes

The Legislation Act 2001, part 11.3 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel to make editorial amendments and other changes of a formal nature when preparing a law for republication. Editorial changes do not change the effect of the law, but have effect as if they had been made by an Act commencing on the republication date (see Legislation Act 2001, s 115 and s 117). The changes are made if the Parliamentary Counsel considers they are desirable to bring the law into line, or more closely into line, with current legislative drafting practice.

This republication does not include amendments made under part 11.3 (see endnote 1).

Uncommenced provisions and amendments

If a provision of the republished law has not commenced or is affected by an uncommenced amendment, the symbol $\boxed{\textbf{U}}$ appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the uncommenced provision or amendment appears only in the last endnote.

Modifications

If a provision of the republished law is affected by a current modification, the symbol **M** appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the modifying provision appears in the endnotes. For the legal status of modifications, see *Legislation Act 2001*, section 95.

Penalties

The value of a penalty unit for an offence against this republished law at the republication date is—

- (a) if the person charged is an individual—\$100; or
- (b) if the person charged is a corporation—\$500.



Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994

Contents

		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Short title	2
3	Interpretation for Act	2
Part 2	Intoxicated persons	
4	Detention of intoxicated persons	5
5	Search of persons in custody	6
6	Admission statement and other relevant information	6
6A	Power of carer to search intoxicated person	7
6B	Safekeeping of articles in possession	7
6C	List of articles	8
6D	Return of articles	8
R3 21/12/02	Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994	contents 1

Authorised when accessed at www.legislation.act.gov.au or in authorised printed form

Contents

7	D'altre les	Page
7	Right to leave	8
8	Contacting other persons	8
9 10	Leaving in dangerous condition Transfer—medical treatment	9
11		9
12	Remaining at licensed place Objection to care	9
13	Protection of carers, managers and licensees	9
	·	3
Part 3	Licences	
Division	3.1 Approval	
14	Provision of services	10
15	Applications	10
16	Grant	11
Division	3.2 Conditions	
17	Licence conditions	12
18	Employees	12
19	Insurance	12
20	Annual reports	12
21	Further conditions	13
Division	3.3 Suspension and cancellation of licences	
22	Emergency suspension and cancellation	13
23	Cancellation of licences	14
24	Requested cancellation	15
25	Amendment of licence	16
26	Return of licence	16
Part 4	Inspection	
27	Inspectors	17
28	Inspectors—identity cards	17
29	Powers of inspection	17
30	Obstruction of inspectors	18
Part 5	Standards	
31	Making standards	19
contents	2 Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994	R3 21/12/02

Contents

33	Publication in newspaper	Page 19
Part 6	Appeals to administrative appeals tribunal	
34	Notice of decision	21
35	Review by administrative appeals tribunal	21
Part 7	Miscellaneous	
36	Confidentiality	23
37	Approval of first-aid providers	23
38	Approved forms	23
39	Regulation-making power	23
Endnotes	S	
1	About the endnotes	24
2	Abbreviation key	24
3	Legislation history	25
4	Amendment history	26
5	Earlier republications	27



Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994

An Act to provide for the care and protection of intoxicated persons, and for related purposes

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Intoxicated Persons* (Care and Protection) Act 1994.

3 Interpretation for Act

(1) In this Act:

Note A definition applies except so far as the contrary intention appears (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 155).

admission statement means a statement provided in accordance with section 6.

carer means a person who works with intoxicated persons at a licensed place.

caring service means a service that provides immediate, short-term care for intoxicated persons, but does not include a service provided at a hospital or other medical facility.

health practitioner means a medical practitioner, nurse or paramedic.

inspector means a public servant for the time being performing the functions of an inspector by virtue of section 27.

intoxicated means apparently under the influence of alcohol, another drug or substance, or a combination of alcohol, drugs or substances.

Examples of substances

- 1 glue
- 2 petrol
- 3 another solvent

licensed place means a place at which a licensee is licensed to provide a caring service.

licensee means a person who holds a licence granted under section 16.

manager, in relation to a licensed place, means the person in charge of the place for the time being.

office-holder means—

- (a) in relation to a corporation—an executive officer; or
- (b) in relation to an incorporated association—the president, secretary or public officer of the association; or
- (c) in relation to a body established by or under a law of the Territory or elsewhere—any person with overall responsibility for the conduct of that body.

prescribed includes prescribed by the standards.

public place means any premises, street, road, public park, recreation reserve or other place which the public are entitled to use or which is open to, or used by, the public, whether on payment of money or otherwise, and includes a school.

responsible person, in relation to an intoxicated person, includes—

- (a) a relative, guardian or friend of the intoxicated person who has attained the age of 18 years; or
- (b) a solicitor acting on behalf of the intoxicated person.

school means—

- (a) any preschool, primary school, high school or secondary college established and conducted in the Territory; or
- (b) any school or other educational or related institution approved by the Minister;

and includes any land or premises which belong to or are occupied or used in connection with a school.

standard means a standard made under section 31.

(2) A reference in this Act to the *name and address* of an applicant or person is a reference to the full name and business address of the applicant or person and, if the applicant or person is not an individual, the full name and residential address of each office-holder.

Part 2 Intoxicated persons

4 Detention of intoxicated persons

- (1) Where a police officer believes on reasonable grounds that a person in a public place is intoxicated and is, because of that intoxication—
 - (a) behaving in a disorderly manner; or
 - (b) behaving in a manner likely to cause injury to himself, herself or another person, or damage to any property; or
 - (c) incapable of protecting himself or herself from physical harm;

the officer may take the person into custody and detain him or her.

- (2) The police officer may take the person into custody only if the officer is satisfied that there is no other reasonable alternative for the person's care and protection.
- (3) A person detained under subsection (1) shall be released—
 - (a) when he or she ceases to be intoxicated; or
 - (b) at the expiration of the period of 8 hours after he or she is so detained:

whichever is earlier.

- (4) A police officer shall not allow a person detained under subsection(1) to remain at a police station in which the person was detained for more than 12 hours after the person is first detained.
- (5) Nothing in this section prevents a police officer from releasing a person detained under subsection (1) if, in the opinion of the police officer, it is reasonable to do so.
- (6) For subsection (5), a police officer shall be taken to have acted reasonably if the officer releases a person detained under subsection (1) into the care of the manager of a licensed place.

5 Search of persons in custody

- (1) A police officer may search a person who is taken into custody under section 4 (1) and may take possession of any articles found in his or her possession.
- (2) A person is entitled to the return of any articles taken from him or her under subsection (1) when he or she ceases to be detained under section 4.
- (3) In subsection (1):

search means a search of a person or of articles in the possession of a person that may include—

- (a) requiring the person to remove his or her overcoat, coat or jacket and any gloves, shoes, socks and hat; and
- (b) an examination of those items.

6 Admission statement and other relevant information

- (1) Where a police officer releases a person from custody under section 4 into the care of the manager of a licensed place and the person enters that place, the officer shall give the manager an admission statement relating to the intoxicated person.
- (2) An admission statement shall be in writing and shall contain the following:
 - (a) the name of the intoxicated person (if known);
 - (b) the date of birth of the person (if known);
 - (c) the time and date when the person was detained by the officer;
 - (d) an itemised list of any articles taken from the person under section 5 (1);
 - (e) confirmation that the officer signing the statement has returned the articles so listed to the person.

(3) An officer referred to in subsection (1) may release to the manager such further information relating to the intoxicated person as the officer believes on reasonable grounds will assist the manager in caring for the person.

6A Power of carer to search intoxicated person

- (1) A carer may search an intoxicated person at a licensed place where the carer believes on reasonable grounds that the intoxicated person does not object to the search.
- (2) In subsection (1):

search means a search of a person or of articles in the possession of a person and includes—

- (a) requiring the person to remove any overcoat, coat, jacket, gloves, shoes, socks or hat; and
- (b) an examination of those items of clothing.

6B Safekeeping of articles in possession

A carer who is conducting a search under section 6A shall take possession of any articles found in the possession of the intoxicated person where the carer believes on reasonable grounds that—

- (a) the intoxicated person does not object; and
- (b) it is necessary for the protection of the intoxicated person or other persons at the licensed place or the security of those articles.

6C List of articles

- (1) Where articles are taken from an intoxicated person under section 6B the carer who conducted the search shall prepare a list of those articles.
- (2) The carer who conducted the search shall sign each entry on the list and, if the intoxicated person is unable or unwilling to sign, arrange for another carer to sign if practicable.

6D Return of articles

- (1) An intoxicated person from whom articles have been taken under section 6B is entitled to have those articles returned to him or her on his or her departure from the licensed place.
- (2) Where articles are returned to an intoxicated person, the carer who returned the articles shall make an appropriate entry on the list of each article that has been returned.
- (3) The carer who returned the articles shall sign each entry on the list and, if the intoxicated person is unable or unwilling to sign, arrange for another carer to sign if practicable.

7 Right to leave

The carer who admits an intoxicated person to a licensed place shall inform the person—

- (a) that he or she may leave the licensed place at any time; and
- (b) that he or she will be given access to facilities, and adequate opportunity, to contact a responsible person or other appropriate person.

8 Contacting other persons

A licensee shall ensure that an intoxicated person admitted to a licensed place has access to facilities, and adequate opportunity, to contact a responsible person or other appropriate person.

9 Leaving in dangerous condition

If an intoxicated person who, in the opinion of a carer, is a danger to himself, herself, another person or property leaves, or is about to leave, the licensed place, the carer shall notify the police.

10 Transfer—medical treatment

If a carer at a licensed place is satisfied that an intoxicated person requires, or may require, medical treatment, the carer shall arrange for the intoxicated person to be transferred to the emergency department of a hospital.

11 Remaining at licensed place

A licensee shall not allow a person admitted to a licensed place to remain at the place for more than 15 hours.

12 Objection to care

Nothing in this Act shall be taken to authorise the provision of care to a person at a licensed place if the person objects to being provided with that care.

13 Protection of carers, managers and licensees

No action, suit or proceeding lies against a person who is or has been a licensee, manager of a licensed place or carer in relation to any act done or omitted to be done by that person as licensee, manager of a licensed place or carer in good faith for the performance or exercise, or purported performance or exercise, of a function or power for the purposes of this Act or another law of the Territory.

Part 3 Licences

Division 3.1 Approval

14 Provision of services

A person shall not provide a caring service unless licensed to do so.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units, imprisonment for 6 months or both.

15 Applications

- (1) A person may apply for a licence to provide a caring service.
- (2) An application under subsection (1) shall—
 - (a) be in writing signed by the applicant; and
 - (b) specify the following:
 - (i) the name and address of the applicant;
 - (ii) the proposed name and address of each place at which the applicant proposes to provide a caring service;
 - (iii) particulars of any experience the applicant has in dealing with intoxicated persons or persons with problems related to alcohol or other drugs; and
 - (c) be accompanied by—
 - (i) if the applicant is an individual—a written statement signed by the applicant stating that he or she has never been bankrupt, applied to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounded with creditors or made an assignment of remuneration for their benefit; or

- (ii) if the applicant is a corporation—a written statement signed on behalf of the corporation by an office-holder stating that as at the date of the application—
 - (A) a liquidator, receiver, official manager or receiver and manager has not been appointed in relation to the corporation, any of its assets or any part of its affairs or undertaking; and
 - (B) no compromise or arrangement of a kind specified in the Corporations Act, part 5.1 has been entered into or is proposed; and
 - (C) the corporation is solvent; or
- (iii) if the applicant is an incorporated association or a body established by or under a law of the Territory or elsewhere—a written statement signed on behalf of the association or body by an office-holder stating that the association or body can meet its debts.

16 Grant

- (1) On receiving an application in accordance with section 15 the Minister may grant the applicant a licence to provide a caring service if satisfied that—
 - (a) the applicant has adequate experience in dealing with intoxicated persons or persons with problems related to alcohol or other drugs; and
 - (b) the applicant will provide a caring service at each place specified in the application in accordance with the Act and any standards.
- (2) A licence shall specify—
 - (a) the name and address of the person to whom it is granted; and
 - (b) the location of each place at which a caring service may be provided under it.

Division 3.2 Conditions

17 Licence conditions

A licence is subject to the conditions imposed by or under this division.

18 Employees

- (1) A licensee shall ensure that every person employed by the licensee at a licensed place, including any volunteer, holds a current first-aid certificate.
- (2) In subsection (1):

first-aid certificate means a first-aid certificate issued by a provider approved under section 37.

19 Insurance

A licensee shall maintain a prescribed policy or policies of insurance.

20 Annual reports

- (1) A licensee shall give the Minister a written report in relation to each year, or part of such a year, in which the licensee provides a service.
- (2) A report under subsection (1) shall be given to the Minister no later than 30 September immediately following the year to which the report relates.
- (3) A report shall specify the following:
 - (a) in respect of any caring service provided by the licensee—the number of persons admitted to the licensed place during the period to which the report relates, and the age and gender of each person so admitted (if known);
 - (b) whether, in the opinion of the licensee, the licensee has complied with the Act and standards;

- (c) if the licensee has not so complied, the particulars of any failure to comply.
- (4) In this section:

year means a period of 12 months ending on 30 June.

21 Further conditions

- (1) The Minister may, by notice in writing, impose such further conditions on a licence as are necessary and reasonable for the care and protection of intoxicated persons.
- (2) A condition under subsection (1) takes effect at the expiration of the period of 28 days after the date of the notice, or on such later date as is specified in the notice.

Division 3.3 Suspension and cancellation of licences

22 Emergency suspension and cancellation

- (1) Where the Minister believes on reasonable grounds that there is an immediate risk of danger to the health or safety of persons being cared for, or persons providing care, at a licensed place, he or she may suspend the licence in relation to that place.
- (2) A suspension under subsection (1) takes effect from the time at which notice of the suspension is given to the licensee.
- (3) A notice under subsection (2) shall—
 - (a) state the facts and circumstances on which the Minister's belief is based; and
 - (b) specify the licensed places in relation to which the licence is suspended; and
 - (c) state that, while the licence is suspended, the licensee may not provide caring services at the places so specified; and

- (d) invite the licensee, within 28 days after the date of the notice, to show cause why the licence should not be cancelled in relation to the places so specified.
- (4) After the expiration of the period of 28 days after the date of the notice, the Minister may cancel the licence in relation to any licensed place specified in the notice on the ground referred to in subsection (1).
- (5) The cancellation of a licence under this section takes effect on—
 - (a) the date on which notice under section 34 (1) of the cancellation is given to the licensee; or
 - (b) if a later date is specified in that notice—on that later date.

23 Cancellation of licences

- (1) The Minister may, subject to this section, cancel a licence in relation to a licensed place on any of the following grounds:
 - (a) if the licensee is an individual—the licensee has become bankrupt, applied to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounded with creditors or made an assignment of remuneration for their benefit;
 - (b) if the licensee is a corporation—
 - (i) a liquidator, receiver, official manager or receiver and manager has been appointed in relation to the corporation, any of its assets or any part of its affairs or undertaking; or
 - (ii) a compromise or arrangement of a kind specified in the Corporations Act, part 5.1 has been entered into or is proposed; or
 - (iii) the corporation is insolvent;
 - (c) if the licensee is an incorporated association or a body established by or under a law of the Territory or elsewhere—that the association or body is unable to meet its debts;

- (d) the licensee is no longer providing a caring service at the licensed place;
- (e) the licensee has contravened this Act or the standards;
- (f) the licensee has breached a condition of the licence.
- (2) The Minister shall not cancel a licence in relation to a licensed place unless he or she has given written notice to the licensee of the proposal to do so—
 - (a) specifying the ground for the proposed cancellation;
 - (b) setting out the facts and circumstances on which that ground is based;
 - (c) specifying the licensed places in relation to which he or she proposes to cancel the licence; and
 - (d) inviting the licensee, within 28 days after the date of the notice, to show cause why the licence should not be so cancelled.
- (3) After the expiration of the period of 28 days after the date of the notice, the Minister may cancel the licence in relation to any licensed place specified in the notice on the ground specified in the notice.
- (4) The cancellation of a licence under this section takes effect on—
 - (a) the date on which notice under section 34 (1) of the cancellation is given to the licensee; or
 - (b) if a later date is specified in that notice—on that later date.

24 Requested cancellation

- (1) A licensee may, by notice in writing, request the Minister to cancel the licensee's licence in relation to 1 or more licensed places.
- (2) On receiving a notice under subsection (1), the Minister shall cancel the licence in accordance with the request and the cancellation shall

Part 3 Division 3.3 Licences

Suspension and cancellation of licences

Section 25

take effect immediately or on such later day as is specified in the notice.

25 Amendment of licence

(1) A licensee shall, within 14 days after receiving notice under subsection 34 (1) of the cancellation of the licence in relation to a place specified in the licence, return the licence to the Minister.

Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.

(2) The Minister shall amend any licence returned under subsection (1) to reflect the cancellation and shall return the amended licence to the licensee.

26 Return of licence

A person whose licence has been cancelled in relation to all the places specified in the licence shall not, without reasonable excuse, fail to return the licence to the Minister.

Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.

Part 4 Inspection

27 Inspectors

- (1) There shall be 1 or more inspectors for this Act.
- (2) An inspector shall perform such functions for this Act as the Minister directs.
- (3) The Minister may create and maintain 1 or more offices in the public service the duties of which include performing the functions of an inspector.
- (4) An inspector shall be any public servant for the time being performing the duties of a public service office referred to in subsection (3).

28 Inspectors—identity cards

- (1) The Minister shall issue to an inspector an identity card that specifies the inspector's name and office, and on which appears a recent photograph of the inspector.
- (2) On ceasing to occupy, or act in, an office of inspector, a person shall not, without reasonable excuse, fail to return his or her identity card to the Minister.

Maximum penalty (subsection (2)): 1 penalty unit.

29 Powers of inspection

- (1) An inspector may, at any reasonable time, enter a licensed place and—
 - (a) inspect the place and any equipment used at the place in connection with the care of persons admitted to the place; and
 - (b) inspect any books, documents or other records that are in the possession of the licensee, or to which the licensee has access, relating to the conduct of the licensed place; and

- (c) require the licensee to furnish the inspector with any information, books, documents or other records that are in the possession of the licensee, or to which the licensee has access, relating to the conduct of the licensed place.
- (2) An inspector who enters premises under subsection (1) is not authorised to remain on the premises if, when requested to do so by the licensee, the inspector does not show his or her identity card to the licensee.
- (3) A person is not required to furnish material to an inspector under subsection (1) (c) if, when requested to do so by the person, the inspector does not show his or her identity card to the person.
- (4) Where an inspector enters premises under subsection (1), a reference in this section to the licensee shall include a reference to the manager.

30 Obstruction of inspectors

(1) A person shall not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct or hinder an inspector acting under section 29.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

(2) A person shall not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a requirement to furnish material under section 29 (1) (c).

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

Part 5 Standards

31 Making standards

- (1) The Minister may, in writing, make standards for this Act.
- (2) A standard may make provision in relation to—
 - (a) the condition and maintenance of premises used as licensed places; and
 - (b) the condition and maintenance of equipment used at licensed places; and
 - (c) the operation of caring services, including the conduct of persons providing care; and
 - (d) the training of persons working with intoxicated persons at licensed places; and
 - (e) the basic skills required by persons working with intoxicated persons at licensed places; and
 - (f) the collection, use, storage and disclosure of information relating to the conduct of licensed places and persons admitted to them.
- (3) A standard is a disallowable instrument.

Note A disallowable instrument must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the Legislation Act 2001.

33 Publication in newspaper

- (1) The Minister shall cause to be published in the principal daily newspaper circulating in the Territory, on or before the date on which a standard is made under section 31, notice of the making of the standard—
 - (a) specifying the date on which the standard takes effect; and

- (b) specifying the place or places at which copies of the standard may be purchased; and
- (c) containing a statement to the effect that a copy of the standard may be inspected by members of the public at the place or places specified in the notice; and
- (d) containing a statement to the effect that the standard is subject to disallowance by the Legislative Assembly under the Legislation Act 2001.
- (2) The Minister shall ensure that—
 - (a) a copy of the standard is made available for public inspection at the place or places so specified in the notice under subsection (1); and
 - (b) copies of that standard are made available for purchase at the place or places so specified in the notice.
- (3) In this section:

standard includes any document, or part of a document, the provisions of which are applied by a standard.

Part 6 Appeals to administrative appeals tribunal

34 Notice of decision

- (1) Where the Minister makes a decision—
 - (a) under section 16 (1) that he or she is not satisfied in relation to section 16 (1) (a) or (b) in relation to an applicant; or
 - (b) under section 21 (1) to impose a further condition on a licence; or
 - (c) under section 22 (1) suspending a licence; or
 - (d) under section 22 (4) or 23 (1) cancelling a licence; or
 - (e) under section 37 to refuse to approve a person or body as a provider of first-aid courses;

the Minister shall give notice in writing of the decision to the relevant person.

- (2) For subsection (1), the relevant person is—
 - (a) in relation to a decision referred to in subsection (1) (a)—the applicant; or
 - (b) in relation to a decision referred to in subsection (1) (e)—the person or body; or
 - (c) in any other case—the licensee.
- (3) A notice under subsection (1) shall be in accordance with the requirements of the code of practice in force under the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1989*, section 25B (1).

35 Review by administrative appeals tribunal

Application may be made to the administrative appeals tribunal for a review of a decision referred to in section 34.

R3 21/12/02 Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994

page 21

Part 7 Miscellaneous

36 Confidentiality

(1) A person shall not, otherwise than for the purposes of this Act or as required by law, make a record of or divulge or communicate to any person any information or document, being information or a document that the firstmentioned person acquired under or by virtue of this Act.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units, imprisonment for 6 months or both;

(2) This section does not affect the operation of any other law relating to the confidentiality of information or documents.

37 Approval of first-aid providers

The Minister may, by instrument, approve a person or body as a provider of first-aid courses for this Act.

38 Approved forms

- (1) The Minister may, in writing, approve forms for this Act.
- (2) If the Minister approves a form for a particular purpose, the form must be used for that purpose.
- (3) An approved form is a notifiable instrument.

Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act 2001.

39 Regulation-making power

The Executive may make regulations for this Act.

Note Regulations must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the *Legislation Act 2001*.

Endnotes

1 About the endnotes

Amending and modifying laws are annotated in the legislation history and the amendment history. Current modifications are not included in the republished law but are set out in the endnotes.

Not all editorial amendments made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 are annotated in the amendment history. Full details of any amendments can be obtained from the Parliamentary Counsel's Office.

Uncommenced amending laws and expiries are listed in the legislation history and the amendment history. These details are underlined. Uncommenced provisions and amendments are not included in the republished law but are set out in the last endnote.

If all the provisions of the law have been renumbered, a table of renumbered provisions gives details of previous and current numbering.

The endnotes also include a table of earlier republications.

If the republished law includes penalties, current information about penalty unit values appears on the republication inside front cover.

2 Abbreviation key

am = amended amdt = amendment ch = chapter cl = clause def = definition dict = dictionary

disallowed = disallowed by the Legislative

Assembly div = division

exp = expires/expired Gaz = Gazette

hdg = heading IA = Interpretation Act 1967

ins = inserted/added LA = Legislation Act 2001 LR = legislation register

LRA = Legislation (Republication) Act 1996

mod = modified / modification

No = number num = numbered o = order

om = omitted/repealed

ord = ordinance

orig = original p = page par = paragraph

pres = present prev = previous (prev...) = previously

prov = provision pt = part r = rule/subrule

reg = regulation/subregulation

renum = renumbered
reloc = relocated
R[X] = Republication No

RI = reissue

s = section/subsection sch = schedule sdiv = subdivision sub = substituted

SL = Subordinate Law underlining = whole or part not commenced

or to be expired

Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994

R3

21/12/02

3

3 Legislation history

Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994 No 85

notified 15 December 1994 (Gaz 1994 No S280) s 1, s 2 commenced 15 December 1994 (s 2 (1)) remainder commenced 15 June 1995 (s 2 (3))

as amended by

Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) (Amendment) Act 1997 No 71

notified 10 November 1997 (Gaz 1997 No S350) commenced 10 November 1997 (s 2)

Legal Practitioners (Consequential Amendments) Act 1997 No 96 sch 1

notified 1 December 1997 (Gaz 1997 No S380) s 1, s 2 commenced 1 December 1997 (s 2 (1)) sch 1 commenced 1 June 1998 (s 2 (2))

Statute Law Revision (Penalties) Act 1998 No 54 sch

notified 27 November 1998 (Gaz 1998 No S207) s 1, s 2 commenced 27 November 1998 (s 2 (1)) sch commenced 9 December 1998 (s 2 (2) and Gaz 1998 No 49)

Legislation (Consequential Amendments) Act 2001 No 44 pt 198

notified 26 July 2001 (Gaz 2001 No 30) s 1, s 2 commenced 26 July 2001 (IA s 10B) pt 198 commenced 12 September 2001 (s 2 and see Gaz 2001 No S65)

Crimes Legislation Amendment Act 2001 No 63 pt 7

notified 10 September 2001 (Gaz 2001 No S66) s 1, s 2 commenced 10 September 2001 (IA s 10B) pt 7 commenced 27 September 2001 (s 2 (2) and CN 2001 No 3)

Statute Law Amendment Act 2002 (No 2) No 49 pt 1.2

pt 1.2 commenced 21 December 2002 (s 2 (3))

notified LR 20 December 2002 s 1, s 2 taken to have commenced 7 October 1994 (LA s 75 (2))

Amendment history

Amendment history

Commencement

om 2001 No 44 amdt 1.2268 s 2

Interpretation for Act

def *carer* sub 1997 No 71 s 4 s 3

def intoxicated sub 2001 No 63 s 53

def legal representative om 1997 No 96 sch 1 def licensed place sub 1997 No 71 s 4 def responsible person am 1997 No 96 sch 1

Detention of intoxicated persons

am 2001 No 63 ss 54-56

Search of persons in custody am 1997 No 71

Admission statement and other relevant information

am 1997 No 71 s 6

Power of carer to search intoxicated person

ins 1997 No 71

Safekeeping of articles in possession

ins 1997 No 71

List of articles

s 6C ins 1997 No 71

Return of articles

s 6D ins 1997 No 71

Right to leave

s 7

am 1997 No 71 Leaving in dangerous condition am 1997 No 71

Remaining at licensed place

am 2002 No 49 amdt 1.2

Protection of carers, managers and licensees

s 13 am 1997 No 71

Approval

div 3.1 hdg (prev pt 3 div 1 hdg) renum R2 LA

Provision of services

am 1998 No 54 s 14

Conditions

page 26

div 3.2 hdg (prev pt 3 div 2 hdg) renum R2 LA

Intoxicated Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1994

R3

Suspension and cancellation of licences

div 3.3 hdg (prev pt 3 div 1 hdg) renum R2 LA

Amendment of licence

s 25 am 1998 No 54

Return of licence

s 26 am 1998 No 54

Inspectors—identity cards

s 28 am 1998 No 54

Obstruction of inspectors

s 30 am 1998 No 54

Making standards

s 31 am 2001 No 44 amdts 1.2269-1.2271

Disallowance

s 32 om 2001 No 44 amdt 1.2272

Publication in newspaper

s 33 am 2001 No 44 amdt 1.2273

Confidentiality

s 36 am 1998 No 54

Approved forms

s 38 sub 2001 No 44 amdt 1.2274

Regulation-making power

s 39 ins 2001 No 44 amdt 1.2274

5 Earlier republications

Some earlier republications were not numbered. The number in column 1 refers to the publication order.

Since 12 September 2001 every authorised republication has been published in electronic pdf format on the ACT legislation register. A selection of authorised republications have also been published in printed format. These republications are marked with an asterisk (*) in column 1. Except for the footer, electronic and printed versions of an authorised republication are identical.

Republication No	Amendments to	Republication date
1	Act 1997 No 96	1 June 1998
2	Act 2001 No 63	22 November 2001

R3

