# THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Health, Housing and Community Care)

# **Drugs of Dependence Amendment Bill** 2001

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Drugs of Dependence Amendment Bill 2001

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(Minister for Health, Housing and Community Care)

# **Drugs of Dependence Amendment Bill** 2001

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend the Drugs of Dependence Act 1989

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

2000 197

2	1	Name of Act
3		This Act is the Drugs of Dependence Amendment Act 2001.
4	2	Commencement
5 6		This Act commences on a day fixed by the Minister by notice in the Gazette.
7 8		Note 1 The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act 2001, s 75).
9 10 11		Note 2 A single day or time may be fixed, or different days or times may be fixed, for the commencement of different provisions (see Legislation Act 2001, s 77 (1)).
12 13 14		Note 3 If a provision has not commenced within 6 months beginning on the notification day, it automatically commences on the first day after that period (see Legislation Act 2001, s 79).
15	3	Act amended
16		This Act amends the Drugs of Dependence Act 1989.
17 18	4	Offence notices Section 171A (3) (f)
19		substitute
20		(f) state that—
21 22 23 24		<ul> <li>(i) unless a court orders otherwise, the government analyst may, under section 193C (Destruction of cannabis without court order), destroy seized cannabis without a court order; and</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28		(ii) the alleged offender may apply to the Magistrates Court, under section 193D (Order for preservation of cannabis), for an order for the preservation of cannabis to which the offence relates; and
29		(g) contain any other particulars prescribed under the regulations.

1	5	New section 171B
2		insert
3 4	171B	Cannabis offences—notification of right to apply for preservation order
5 6	(1)	This section applies if a police officer seizes cannabis under this Act.
7 8 9	(2)	As soon as practicable after seizing the cannabis, the police officer must give to each relevant person a written statement to the following effect:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16		'You have been arrested for/charged with/may be charged with* are offence/offences* against the <i>Drugs of Dependence Act 1989</i> relating to seized cannabis. Unless a court orders otherwise, the government analyst may destroy seized cannabis without a court order. You have the right, under section 193D of that Act, to apply to the Magistrates Court for an order for the preservation of the seized cannabis. If you do not make an application within 24 hours, the cannabis may be destroyed and only a sample preserved.'
18		* Omit any alternative that is not relevant
19	(3)	In this section:
20		relevant person means—
21 22		(a) a person arrested for, or charged with, an offence against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis; or
23 24 25		(b) a person who, to the knowledge or in the belief of the police officer, is likely to be charged with an offence against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis.
26 27	6	Interpretation Section 193A
28		insert
29 30		<i>protocol</i> means the seized cannabis plants protocol or the seized cannabis product protocol.

1 2		seized cannabis plant means a cannabis plant that is a seized substance.
3 4 5		seized cannabis plants protocol means the protocol determined under section 193B (1) (a) (Protocols for destruction etc of cannabis).
6 7		seized cannabis product means cannabis, other than in the form of a cannabis plant, that is a seized substance.
8 9 10		seized cannabis product protocol means the protocol determined under section 193B (1) (b) (Protocols for destruction etc of cannabis).
11	7	Section 193A, definitions of seized cannabis and
12		traffickable quantity
13		omit
14	8	Sections 193B, 193C, 193D and 193E
15		substitute
16	193B	Protocols for destruction etc of cannabis
17 18	(1)	The government analyst may, in writing, determine the following protocols:
19		(a) a protocol that sets out methods and procedures for-
20 21		(i) the handling and destruction of seized cannabis plants; and
22		(ii) the preservation of samples of seized cannabis plants;
23		(b) a protocol that sets out methods and procedures for-
24 25		(i) the handling and destruction of seized cannabis product; and
26		(ii) the preservation of samples of seized cannabis product.

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1 2 3	(2)	The government analyst may determine a protocol only if the protocol has been approved, in writing, by the chief health office and the director of public prosecutions.
4	(3)	A determination is a disallowable instrument.
5 6		Note A disallowable instrument must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the Legislation Act 2001.
7	193C	Destruction of cannabis without court order
8 9 10	(1)	The government analyst may, without a court order, destroy seized cannabis plants in accordance with the seized cannabis plants protocol.
11 12 13	(2)	Before destroying seized cannabis plants under subsection (1), the government analyst must preserve samples of the plants in accordance with seized cannabis plants protocol.
14 15 16	(3)	The government analyst may, without a court order, destroy seized cannabis product in accordance with the seized cannabis product protocol.
17 18 19	(4)	Before destroying seized cannabis product under subsection (3), the government analyst must preserve a sample of the product ir accordance with the seized cannabis product protocol.
20 21 22	(5)	The government analyst must not destroy seized cannabis plants of seized cannabis product within 24 hours after the plants or product are given to the analyst under section 191 (Analysis).
23 24	(6)	The government analyst must not destroy seized cannabis plants of seized cannabis product—
25		(a) contrary to a protocol; or
26		(b) contrary to a court order of which the analyst has notice; or

finally decided.

28

29

(c) if the analyst has notice of an application under section 193D in relation to the plants or product—until the application is

1	(7)	The government analyst must not destroy a sample preserved under
2		subsection (2) or (4)—

- (a) without the written consent of the director of public prosecutions; or
  - (b) contrary to a court order of which the analyst has notice.

#### 193D Order for preservation of cannabis

- (1) A person may apply to the Magistrates Court for an order for the preservation of seized cannabis plants or seized cannabis product (the *seized cannabis*) if the person—
  - (a) has been charged with an offence against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis; or
  - (b) believes, on reasonable grounds, that he or she is likely to be charged with an offence against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis.
- (2) The applicant must give notice of the application to the director of public prosecutions and the government analyst.
- (3) Without limiting the ways in which notice of the application may be given, the applicant may give notice by telephone or fax.
- (4) If the Magistrates Court considers that a temporary order should be made to prevent the imminent destruction of the seized cannabis, the court may make an order for the preservation of the seized cannabis for a stated period.
- (5) The Magistrates Court may make an order under subsection (4) even if notice of the application has not been given to the director of public prosecutions or the government analyst.
- (6) The Magistrates Court may make an order for the preservation of the seized cannabis, or a part or quantity of the seized cannabis.

#### 193E Amendment and revocation of cannabis preservation

(1) This section applies if the Magistrates Court has made an order under section 193D for the preservation of seized cannabis plants or

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1 2		seized cannabis product (the <i>seized cannabis</i> ) or a part or quantity of the seized cannabis.
3 4 5	(2)	The director of public prosecutions or the government analyst may apply to the Magistrates Court for the amendment or revocation of the order.
6 7	(3)	The applicant must, if practicable, give written notice of the application to—
8 9		(a) each person who has been charged with an offence against this Act relating to the seized cannabis; and
10 11 12		(b) each person who, to the knowledge or in the belief of the applicant, is likely to be charged with an offence against this Act relating to the seized cannabis.
13 14 15	(4)	For subsection (3), a notice may be given to a person by giving it to a solicitor acting for the person in a proceeding, or expected proceeding, relating to the seized cannabis.
16 17	(5)	The Magistrates Court may amend the order on application under subsection (2) if satisfied that the amendment—
18		(a) is in the public interest; and
19 20		(b) would not prejudice the proper interests of anyone mentioned in subsection (3) (a) or (b).
21 22	(6)	The Magistrates Court must revoke the order on application under subsection (2) if satisfied that—
23 24		(a) all proceedings begun for offences against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis have been finalised; and
25 26		(b) no other proceedings for offences against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis are likely to be brought.
27 28 29	(7)	However, the Magistrates Court must not revoke the order under subsection (6) if it appears to the court that the public interest requires the order to remain in effect.

 (8) The director of public prosecutions or the government analyst may make more than 1 application under this section in relation to an order under section 193D.

#### 193F Making of orders about preservation of cannabis

- (1) This section applies to the making of an order under section 193D (Order for preservation of cannabis), or an order under that section as amended under section 193E (Amendment and revocation of cannabis preservation), for the preservation of seized cannabis plants or seized cannabis product (the *seized cannabis*) or a part or quantity of the seized cannabis.
- (2) The order must not affect a requirement for the preservation of—
  - (a) if the order relates to seized cannabis plants—a sample of the plants required under the seized cannabis plants protocol; or
  - (b) if the order relates to seized cannabis product—a sample of the product required under the seized cannabis product protocol.
- (3) In deciding whether the order should require, or continue to require, the preservation of the seized cannabis to a greater extent than required by the relevant protocol, the Magistrates Court must take account of the following matters:
  - (a) the matters mentioned in any certificate under section 192 (Analysts' certificates) in relation to the seized cannabis;
  - (b) how long the seized cannabis is likely to be kept;
  - (c) the extent (if any) to which facilities are available for the secure keeping of the seized cannabis during that period;
  - (d) the health and safety of people working in or near the place where the seized cannabis is, or will be, kept;
  - (e) the number of people (if any) charged with offences against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis:
  - (f) the likelihood that anyone else will be charged with offences against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis;

1 2		(g) when the hearing of any charge for an offence against this Act in relation to the seized cannabis is likely to take place;
3 4		(h) any other relevant matter (including, in particular, the interests of justice).
5 6 7	9	Disposal of seized substances other than cannabis on order of magistrate Section 194 (1)
8		omit
9		seized
10	10	Section 194 (3)
11		omit
12		analyst, whether pursuant to section 193B or otherwise,
13		substitute
14		analyst
15	11	Section 194
16 17		renumber subsections when Act next republished under Legislation Act 2001
18	12	Section 194A, heading
19		substitute
20	194A	Applications under s 194
21	13	Section 194A
22		omit
23		193D (2), 193E (1) or

### 14 New part 14

2 insert

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### Part 14 Transitional provisions

## 207 Provisions for Drugs of Dependence Amendment Act 2001

(1) The provisions of section 171B and part 11, division 4, as amended by the *Drugs of Dependence Amendment Act 2001* apply in relation to cannabis seized under part 11, division 3, before the commencement of those amendments.

- (2) However—
  - (a) section 171B applies as if the reference in subsection (2) to as soon as practicable after seizing the cannabis were a reference to as soon as practicable after the commencement of that section; and
  - (b) any court order under part 11, division 4 that was in force immediately before the commencement remains in force until it ends or is amended or revoked.
- (3) For the amendment or revocation of an order mentioned in subsection (2) (b), the relevant provisions of part 11, division 4, as amended by the *Drugs of Dependence Amendment Act 2001* apply with all necessary changes.
- (4) This section expires 3 years after it commences.

#### **Endnote**

#### Act amended

1 Republished as in force on 31 January 1999. See also Acts 1999 Nos 23 and 64.

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