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THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Urban Services)

Road Transport (Public Passenger Services) Amendment Bill 2001

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THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Urban Services)

Road Transport (Public Passenger Services) Amendment Bill 2001

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Road Transport (Public Passenger Services) Act* 2001, and for other purposes

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

2000 137B

Section	1
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1	1	Name	of Act		
2	-		Act is the Road Transport (Public Passenger Services)		
3	Amendment Act 2001.				
4	2 Commencement				
5 6	This Act commences on a day fixed by the Minister by notice in the Gazette.				
7 8		Note 1	<i>lote 1</i> The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see <i>Legislation Act 2001</i> , s 75).		
9 10 11		Note 2	A single day or time may be fixed, or different days or times may be fixed, for the commencement of different provisions (see <i>Legislation</i> Act 2001, s 77 (1)).		
12 13 14		Note 3	If a provision has not commenced within 6 months beginning on the notification day, it automatically commences on the first day after that period (see <i>Legislation Act 2001</i> , s 79).		
15	3	Act a	mended		
16 17	This Act amends the Road Transport (Public Passenger Services) Act 2001.				
18	8 4 Section 3				
19	substitute				
20	3 Objects (NSW s 4)				
21		The ob	ojects of this Act include—		
22 23 24		p	o provide for the accreditation of the operators of public assenger services and taxi networks that operate within or artly within the ACT; and		
25 26			o provide for the licensing of vehicles used as taxis within or artly within the ACT; and		

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1 2 3		(c) to encourage public passenger services that meet the reasonable expectations of the community for safe, reliable and efficient public passenger services.		
4	5	Sections 5 to 8		
5		substitute		
6	5	Notes		
7	(1)	A note included in this Act is explanatory and is not part of this Act.		
8 9		<i>Note</i> See <i>Interpretation Act 1967</i> , s 12 (1), (4) and (5) for the legal status of notes.		
10	(2)	In this Act:		
11		note includes material enclosed in brackets in section headings.		
12 13 14 15		<i>Note</i> For comparison, a number of sections contain bracketed notes in their headings drawing attention to equivalent or comparable (though not necessarily identical) provisions of other legislation. The notes include the following abbreviations:		
16		ACT: Road Transport (General) Act 1999		
17		• ACT Taxi: Road Transport (Taxi Services) Regulations 2000		
18		• NSW: Passenger Transport Act 1990 (NSW).		
19 20	(3)	Subsection (2), the notes mentioned in subsection (2) and this subsection expire on 30 June 2002.		
21	6	Functions of road transport authority		
22		The functions of the road transport authority under this Act are—		
23 24 25		 (a) to administer the accreditation schemes established under this Act for the accreditation of the operators of public passenger services and taxi networks; and 		
26 27		(b) to administer the licensing schemes established under this Act for the licensing of taxis; and		

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	(c) to keep registers of accreditations given, and licences issued under this Act; and
	(d) to provide information about accredited and licensed people in accordance with this Act and other laws in force in the Territory; and
	(e) to exercise any other functions given to the authority under this Act.
7	Registers of accredited people and licences
(1)	A register of accreditations given, and licences issued, under this Act may include information given to the road transport authority under this Act and any other information the authority considers appropriate.
	<i>Note</i> Section 6 (c) requires registers for the following to be kept:
	• accredited bus service operators;
	• accredited taxi service operators;
	• accredited taxi network providers;
	• taxi licences;
	• restricted taxi licences.
(2)	A register may be kept in the form of, or as part of, 1 or more computer databases or in any other form the road transport authority considers appropriate.
(3) The road transport authority may correct any mistake, error omission in a register subject to the requirements (if any) of the regulations.	
(4)	This section does not limit the functions of the road transpor authority in relation to a register.
8	Disclosure of information in registers
	The road transport authority must ensure that information in a register of accreditations or licences that is of a personal nature or

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1		(a) accepts bookings for taxis from people; and	
2 3 4		(b) sends messages about bookings to taxi drivers by electromagnetic energy to equipment in taxis that can receive such messages.	
5 6	Divi	sion 3.2 Accreditation of taxi network providers	
7 8	29B	Taxi network providers—purposes of accreditation (NSW s 34 (3))	
9 10		The purpose of accreditation under the regulations to operate a taxi network is to ensure that—	
11 12		(a) the accredited person has the financial capacity to meet the service standards for the network; and	
13 14 15		(b) the accredited person, and each person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the network, are suitable people to operate the network; and	
16 17 18 19		(c) the accredited person, and each person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the network, have demonstrated the capacity to comply with the relevant regulations and, in particular, the regulations about—	
20		(i) the operation of the network; and	
21 22 23		 (ii) the supervision and monitoring of affiliated accredited taxi service operators and drivers of taxis operated by affiliated accredited taxi service operators. 	
24 25	29C	Taxi network providers—regulations about accreditation system (NSW s 34 (4) (a), 34E (6))	
26 27	(1)	The regulations are to provide a system for the accreditation of people to operate taxi networks, including, for example—	

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1 2 3 4		(a)	the kind or kinds of taxi services in relation to which an accredited person is entitled to provide taxi related services; and <i>Note</i> For kinds of taxi services, see s 31B and s 31C.
5		(b)	the conditions of an accreditation; and
6 7		(c)	matters relating to the giving, refusal or surrender of an accreditation; and
8 9		(d)	the action that may be taken in relation to an accredited person in circumstances prescribed under the regulations, including—
10			(i) the suspension or cancellation of an accreditation; and
11 12			(ii) the imposition of a condition on, or the amendment of a condition of, an accreditation; and
13 14			(iii) an order that an accredited person pay to the Territory an amount of not more than—
15			(A) for an individual—\$5,000; or
16			(B) for a corporation—\$25,000; and
17			(iv) the reprimanding of an accredited person.
18 19	(2)		regulations may make provision in relation to the accreditation cople to operate taxi networks, including, for example—
20 21 22		(a)	requirements about the suitability of the applicant and each person who will be concerned with, or take part in, the management of the network; and
23		(b)	capacity to meet service standards; and
24		(c)	financial viability.

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1 Division 3.3 Entitlement to operate taxi 2 networks

3 29D Entitlement to operate taxi networks

A person is entitled to operate a taxi network, within or partly within
the ACT, for a particular kind of taxi service if the person is
accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi network for that
kind of taxi service.

8 29E Unaccredited persons not to operate taxi network 9 (NSW s 34 (2))

A person must not operate, within or partly within the ACT, a taxi
 network for a particular kind of taxi service unless the person is
 accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi network for that
 kind of taxi service.

14 Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

15 **29F** Pretending to be an accredited taxi network provider

- 16 (1) A person must not pretend to be accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi network.
- 18 Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.
- (2) A person must not pretend to be accredited under the regulations to
 operate a taxi network for a particular kind of taxi service.
- 21 Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.

22 29G Taxi booking services to be operated by taxi networks

(1) A person must not operate a taxi booking service for a particular
 kind of taxi service that operates within or partly within the ACT
 unless the person is accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi
 network for that kind of taxi service.

27 Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

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1 2 3 4	(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply to a person who is authorised to operate a taxi booking service under the law of another jurisdiction if a taxi booked by the person completes in the ACT a hiring begun in another jurisdiction.
5	Divis	sion 3.4 Regulation of taxi networks
6 7	29H	Regulations about operation of taxi networks by accredited people (NSW s 34 (4) (b), 34E (4)-(5))
8 9		The regulations may make provision in relation to the operation of taxi networks by accredited people, including, for example—
10 11		(a) the affiliation of accredited taxi service operators with networks; and
12 13 14		(b) network rules for affiliated accredited taxi service operators and drivers of taxis operated by affiliated accredited taxi service operators; and
15 16		(c) the specifications for equipment operated by networks for sending messages to taxi drivers and for taximeters; and
17 18 19		(d) the circumstances in which networks must accept applications for affiliation from, and maintain affiliation with, accredited taxi service operators; and
20 21 22 23 24		(e) the operation of, and service standards for, network taxi booking services (including, for example, different standards for different kinds of taxi services and standards about when a booking must be transferred to another taxi or taxi network); and
25 26 27 28		(f) the numbers and kinds of taxis, and the numbers of taxis with particular equipment (including, for example, baby capsules), operated by affiliated accredited taxi service operators that are to be available at particular times and places; and

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1 2 3	(g)	directions that networks may give to affiliated accredited taxi service operators and drivers of taxis operated by affiliated accredited taxi service operators; and
4 5 6 7 8 9	(h)	the supervision and monitoring of affiliated accredited taxi service operators, and drivers of taxis operated by affiliated accredited taxi service operators, for compliance with network service standards and other requirements and the responsibilities of networks in relation to a failure to comply with the standards; and
10 11	(i)	the management of particular kinds of taxis (including, for example, taxis with wheelchair access) and taxi services; and
12	(j)	customer complaints and inquiries; and
13	(k)	the making and keeping of records and their inspection; and
14	(1)	the auditing of records and systems; and
15 16	(m)	the provision of information and reports to the road transport authority.
17	29i Reç	gulations about operation of taxi networks
18 19 20 21 22	that accr affil	regulations may make provision in relation to the obligations an accredited taxi network provider must ensure that affiliated edited taxi service operators, and drivers of taxis operated by iated accredited taxi service operators, must comply with, uding, for example—
23	(a)	service standards for booked taxis;
24 25	(b)	the safety of drivers and passengers (including, for example, particular kinds of security devices); and
26 27 28	(c)	the qualifications, training and experience of affiliated accredited taxi service operators, taxi drivers and other people providing services on behalf of networks; and
29 30	(d)	the operation of equipment for sending messages between a taxi network and taxi drivers; and
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1		(e) the maintenance and cleaning of taxis.
2	Part	4 Licensing of taxi vehicles
3	Divis	ion 4.1 Basic concepts
4	30	Meaning of taxi licence (ACT s 106 (1))
5 6		A <i>taxi licence</i> is a licence issued under the regulations to use a vehicle as a taxi.
7 8 9		<i>Note</i> References to <i>taxi licence</i> include <i>restricted taxi licence</i> unless the contrary intention otherwise appears (see <i>Interpretation Act 1967</i> , s 11F and s 11G).
10	30A	Meaning of restricted taxi licence (ACT s 108 (1))
11 12		A <i>restricted taxi licence</i> is a licence issued under the regulations to use a vehicle as a restricted taxi.
13	Divis	ion 4.2 Taxi licences
14	30B	Maximum numbers of taxi licences (ACT s 102 (3) (b), 107)
15 16	(1)	The Minister may, in writing, determine the number of taxi licences or restricted taxi licences.
17	(2)	A determination is a notifiable instrument.
18		<i>Note</i> A notifiable instrument must be notified under the <i>Legislation Act 2001</i> .
19	30C	Issue of taxi licences (ACT s 106 (4), 108 (2))
20 21 22 23		The road transport authority must not issue a taxi licence or a restricted taxi licence if the number of taxi licences or restricted taxi licences (as appropriate) would exceed the relevant number determined by the Minister.

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1	30D	Transferability of taxi licences (ACT s 108 (6), 109 (1)-(2))
2 3 4	(1)	If the holder of a taxi licence (other than a restricted taxi licence) asks the road transport authority to transfer the licence to someone else, the authority must transfer the licence to the person.
5 6	(2)	A restricted taxi licence is not transferable (including, for example, by hiring the licence to another person).
7	30E	Use of vehicles as taxis (ACT s 101)
8 9	(1)	A person must not use a vehicle as a taxi (other than a restricted taxi) unless the vehicle is licensed under the regulations as a taxi.
10		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
11 12	(2)	A person must not use a vehicle as a restricted taxi unless the vehicle is licensed under the regulations as a restricted taxi.
13		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
14	(3)	However, this section does not apply to a person who is using—
15 16 17		 (a) a vehicle that is licensed as a taxi under the law of another jurisdiction if the vehicle completes in the ACT a hiring begun in another jurisdiction; or
18 19		(b) a substitute vehicle as a licensed taxi in accordance with the regulations.
20	30F	Pretending vehicles are licensed taxis
21 22	(1)	A person must not pretend that a vehicle is licensed under the regulations as a taxi (other than a restricted taxi).
23		Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.
24 25	(2)	A person must not pretend that a vehicle is licensed under the regulations as a restricted taxi.
26		Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.

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1 2	30G	Regulations about taxi licences (ACT s 157 (b), NSW s 32 (4), 32F (1) (a))
3 4	(1)	The regulations are to provide a system for the licensing of taxis and restricted taxis, including, for example—
5 6		(a) matters relating to the giving, refusal or surrender of licences; and
7		(b) the term of restricted taxi licences; and
8		(c) the conditions of licences; and
9 10		(d) the circumstances in which a substitute vehicle may be used as a licensed taxi; and
11 12		(e) the action that may be taken in relation to licences in circumstances prescribed under the regulations, including—
13		(i) the suspension or cancellation of a licence; and
14 15		(ii) the imposition of a condition on, or the amendment of a condition of, a licence; and
16 17		(iii) an order that the holder of a licence pay to the Territory an amount of not more than—
18		(A) for an individual—\$5,000; or
19		(B) for a corporation—\$25,000; and
20		(iv) the reprimanding of the holder of a licence.
21 22 23 24 25		 Example of conditions for restricted taxi licences—s (1) (c) How the vehicle to which the restricted taxi licence relates must be equipped. The kinds of restricted taxi services that may be operated using the vehicle.
26 27 28	(2)	The regulations may place different requirements on the person to whom a taxi licence (other than a restricted taxi licence) is issued and a person to whom the licence is hired.

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Taxi services Part 5 1 **Division 5.1 Basic concepts** 2 3 31 Meaning of taxi (ACT s 100, def of taxi, NSW s 3, def of taxi-cab) 4 A *taxi* is a vehicle (other than a bus) that stands or plies for hire for 5 the transport of passengers along a road or road related area. 6 Note References to taxi includes restricted taxi unless the contrary intention 7 otherwise appears (see Interpretation Act 1967, s 11F and s 11G). 8 31A Meaning of restricted taxi (ACT s 100, def of restricted 9 10 taxi) A restricted taxi is a vehicle (other than a bus) that stands or plies 11 for hire for the transport of passengers along a road or road related 12 area and that is licensed under this Act as a restricted taxi. 13 31B Meaning of taxi service (NSW s 29A, def of taxi-cab 14 15 service) A taxi service is a public passenger service operated using 1 or more 16 taxis (including restricted taxis). 17 31C Meaning of restricted taxi service 18 A restricted taxi service is a public passenger service operated using 19 only 1 or more restricted taxis. 20 Examples of kinds of restricted taxi services 21 A service that must give priority to the transport of people with disabilities. 22 1 23 2 A service with no requirement to give priority to the transport of people with disabilities. 24 3 A service that can only operate during particular times. 25

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1 2	Divis	ion 5.2 Accreditation of taxi service operators
3 4	31D	Taxi service operators—purposes of accreditation (NSW s 31 (2))
5 6		The purpose of accreditation under the regulations to operate a taxi service is to ensure that—
7 8		(a) the accredited person has the financial capacity to meet the service standards for the service; and
9 10 11		(b) the accredited person, and each person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the service, are suitable people to operate the service; and
12 13 14 15		(c) the accredited person, and each person who is concerned with, or takes part in, the management of the service, have demonstrated the capacity to comply with the relevant regulations and, in particular, the regulations about—
16		(i) the safety of passengers and the public; and
17		(ii) the maintenance of taxis.
18 19	31E	Taxi service operators—regulations about accreditation system (ACT s 157, NSW s 31 (3) (a), 31E (5))
20 21	(1)	The regulations are to provide a system for the accreditation of people to operate taxi services, including, for example—
22		(a) the kinds of accreditations; and
23 24		(b) the kinds of taxis and taxi services that a person who holds a particular kind of accreditation is entitled to operate; and
25		(c) the conditions of accreditations; and
26 27		(d) matters relating to the giving, refusal or surrender of accreditations; and

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27		within or partly within the ACT, if—	
25 26	31F	Entitlement to operate taxi servention operate a servention of the servent operate a servention operate a ser	
24	245	services	
23	Divis	on 5.3 Entitlement	to operate taxi
22		Vote For examples of kinds of restricted	d taxi services, see s 31C.
21		(b) a restricted taxi service.	<i>,</i> -
20		(a) a taxi service (other than a restr	icted taxi service); and
18 19	(3)	For subsection (1) (a), the regu accreditation of people to operate—	lations must provide for the
17		(c) financial viability.	
16		(b) capacity to meet service standar	rds; and
13 14 15			ility of the applicant and each ed with, or take part in, the l
11 12	(2)	The regulations may make provision of people to operate taxi services, inc	
10		(iv) the reprimanding of an ac	credited person.
9		(B) for a corporation—\$	25,000; and
8		(A) for an individual—\$	5,000; or
6 7		(iii) an order that an accredite amount of not more than-	d person pay to the Territory an
4 5		(ii) the imposition of a condi condition of, an accreditat	tion on, or the amendment of a tion; and
3		(i) the suspension or cancella	tion of an accreditation; and
1 2		(e) the action that may be taken in in circumstances prescribed und	ler the regulations, including—

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1 2		(a) the person is accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi service of that kind; and
3 4		(b) the vehicles used to operate the service are licensed under the regulations as taxis for that kind of taxi service; and
5 6 7		(c) the person is affiliated with an accredited taxi network provider who is entitled to provide taxi related services to that kind of taxi service.
8 9	31G	Unaccredited operators not to operate taxi services (NSW s 30 (1))
10 11 12	(1)	A person must not operate, within or partly within the ACT, a taxi service of a particular kind unless the person is accredited under the regulations to operate the taxi service of that kind.
13		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
14 15 16 17	(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply to a person who is authorised to operate a taxi service under the law of another jurisdiction if a taxi operated by the person completes in the ACT a hiring begun in another jurisdiction.
18	31H	Pretending to be an accredited taxi service operator
19 20	(1)	A person must not pretend to be accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi service.
21		Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.
22 23	(2)	A person must not pretend to be accredited under the regulations to operate a particular kind of taxi service.
24		Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.
25	311	Taxi service operators to be affiliated with taxi network
26 27		An accredited taxi service operator must not operate a taxi service of a particular kind unless the person is affiliated with an accredited

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1 2		taxi network provider who is entitled to provide taxi related services to that kind of taxi service.
3		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
4	31J	Pretending to be affiliated with taxi network
5 6		A person must not pretend to be affiliated with an accredited taxi network provider.
7		Maximum penalty: 30 penalty units.
8	Divis	sion 5.4 Regulation of taxi services
9 10 11	31K	Regulations about operation of taxi services by accredited people (ACT s 157, NSW s 31 (3) (b), 31E (2), (3))
12 13 14		The regulations may make provision in relation to the operation of taxi services by accredited taxi service operators, including, for example—
15 16 17 18		(a) the specifications for, and operation of, equipment in taxis operated by accredited taxi service operators to receive messages from the accredited taxi network provider with which the operator is affiliated and for taximeters; and
19 20 21		(b) compliance with the requirements of the accredited taxi network provider with which an accredited taxi service operator is affiliated; and
22 23 24 25 26 27		(c) the supervision and monitoring of drivers of taxis operated by an accredited taxi service operator for compliance with the service standards and other requirements of the operator's affiliated taxi network provider and the responsibilities of the operator in relation to a failure to comply with the standards; and
28 29		(d) the safety of passengers (including, for example, particular kinds of security devices) and the public; and

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1 2 3		(e)	the qualifications, training and experience of accredited taxi service operators and taxi drivers (including, for example, in relation to particular kinds of taxi services); and
4 5		(f)	maximum driving times and minimum rest times of taxi drivers; and
6		(g)	insurance; and
7		(h)	customer complaints and inquiries; and
8 9 10			<i>Note</i> For the vehicle age limitations on the registration of a motor vehicle as a taxi, see the <i>Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Regulations 2000</i> , reg 32.
11		(i)	lost property; and
12 13 14		(j)	the obligations of accredited taxi network providers and taxi drivers and other people providing services to or on behalf of accredited taxi service operators; and
15 16		(k)	the operation of particular kinds of taxis (including, for example, taxis with wheelchair access) and taxi services; and
17 18 19		(1)	the requirements that taxis, and their equipment and fittings (internal and external) (including, for example, baby capsules), must comply with; and
20		(m)	the maintenance and cleaning of taxis; and
21		(n)	the making and keeping of records and their inspection; and
22		(0)	the auditing of records and systems; and
23 24		(p)	the provision of information and reports to the road transport authority.
25	31L	Reg	ulations about operation of taxis
26 27			regulations may make provision in relation to the operation of s, including, for example—
28		(a)	the solicitation of passengers or hirings; and

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	(b) the hiring of vehicles and the payment of fares; and
	(c) the picking-up and dropping-off of passengers and other matters relating to the transport of passengers; and
	(d) the transport of passengers' luggage or other goods, and animals; and
	(e) the regulation or prohibition of the use of vehicles on certain roads or road related areas; and
	(f) the maximum speed of a vehicle; and
	(g) the design, equipment and fittings (internal or external) of vehicles; and
	(h) the regulation or prohibition of notices, signs and advertisements inside or on the outside of vehicles; and
	(i) the records to be made and kept by drivers, how they are to be made and kept, and their inspection; and
	(j) the provision, use and operation of taxi zones.
31 M	Regulations about taxi drivers
	The regulations may make provision in relation to taxi drivers, including, for example—
	(a) the powers, duties and conduct of taxi drivers; and
	(b) the training of drivers; and
	(c) how taxi drivers must dress.
	Note For the licensing of people to drive taxis, see the Road Transport (Driver Licensing) Regulations 2000.
31N	Regulations about conduct of taxi passengers
	The regulations may make provision in relation to the conduct of
	passengers being carried by taxis, including, for example—

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19 20	(1)	The Executive may make regulations for this Act.
18	32	Regulation-making power (NSW s 63 (1), (4))
17	Part	6 Miscellaneous
16		fare includes a charge relating to hiring or using a taxi.
15	(4)	In this section:
12 13 14		<i>Note</i> The Independent Competition and Regulatory Commission may give price directions for regulated industries, see the <i>Independent Competition and Regulatory Commission Act 1997</i> , s 20.
10 11	(3)	This section does not require the Minister to determine maximum fares for hiring or using a taxi.
8 9		<i>Note</i> A disallowable instrument must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the <i>Legislation Act 2001</i> .
7	(2)	A determination is a disallowable instrument.
5 6	(1)	The Minister may, in writing, determine maximum fares, and ways of calculating maximum fares, relating to hiring or using a taxi.
4	310	Power to determine maximum taxi fares (ACT s 115)
1 2 3		(b) the authority of taxi drivers, police officers and authorised people to direct people contravening a regulation to leave a taxi and to remove them if they fail to leave.

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- 20 Note Regulations must be notified and presented to the Legislative Assembly,
 21 under the Legislation Act 2001.
- (2) The regulations may create offences for contraventions of the
 regulations and prescribe maximum penalties of not more than
 20 penalty units for offences against the regulations.

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1	32A	Regulations may apply certain documents etc	
2 3 4		The regulations may apply, adopt or incorporate, entirely or in part and with or without changes, a publication (including an Act or regulation of another jurisdiction), as in force from time to time.	
5 6 7 8		Note 1 A statutory instrument may also apply, adopt or incorporate (with or without change) a law or instrument (or a provision of a law or instrument) as in force at a particular time (see Legislation Act 2001, s 47 (1)).	
9 10 11 12		Note 2 If a statutory instrument applies, adopts or incorporates a law or instrument (or a provision of a law or instrument), the law, instrument or provision may be taken to be a notifiable instrument that must be notified under the <i>Legislation Act 2001</i> (see s 47 (2)-(6)).	
13	32B	Regulations about enforcement	
14 15 16 17 18		The regulations may make provision in relation to the powers and duties of police officers and authorised officers in relation to public passenger services, including, for example, in relation to public passenger vehicles, drivers of public passenger vehicles and passengers.	
19	32D	Minister may exempt vehicles and people from Act	
20 21	(1)	The Minister may exempt a vehicle or person from this Act (or a stated provision of this Act).	
22	(2)	An exemption is a disallowable instrument.	
23 24		<i>Note</i> A disallowable instrument must be notified, and presented to the Legislative Assembly, under the <i>Legislation Act 2001</i> .	
25 26	32E	Regulations may exempt vehicles and people from Act (NSW s 63 (3))	
27	(1)	The regulations may—	
28 29 30		(a) exempt a vehicle or person, or a kind of vehicle or person, prescribed under the regulations from this Act (or a stated provision of this Act); or	

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1 2 3		(b) authorise the road transport authority to exempt a vehicle or person, or a kind of vehicle or person, prescribed under the regulations from this Act (or a stated provision of this Act).
4 5	(2)	An exemption given under a regulation mentioned in subsection (1) may be conditional.
6	(3)	The regulations may provide for the road transport authority to-
7 8 9		 (a) suspend the operation of a regulation mentioned in subsection (1) (a) in the way and circumstances prescribed under the regulations; or
10 11 12		(b) suspend the operation of an exemption given by the authority to a vehicle or person in the way and circumstances prescribed under the regulations.
13	9	Part 4
14		renumber as part 7
15 16	10	Section 33, new definitions of taxi operator's licence and restricted taxi operator's licence
17		insert
18 19		<i>restricted taxi operator's licence</i> —see the General Act, section 108 (1).
20		taxi operator's licence-see the General Act, section 106 (1).
21	11	New division 7.7
22		insert
23	Divis	sion 7.7 Taxis
24	51A	Existing approved taxi networks
25 26	(1)	This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencement, held an authority to operate a taxi network under

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the Road Transport (Taxi Services) Regulations 2000, regulation 57 1 (Taxi network authorities). 2 3 (2) The person is taken, after the commencement, to be accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi network. 4 accreditation the person is taken to hold (3) The under 5 subsection (2) may be varied or ended by the road transport 6 authority in accordance with the regulations. 7 (4) If the accreditation the person is taken to hold under 8 subsection (2) has not been ended in accordance with the 9 regulations, the accreditation expires 1 year after this section 10 commences. 11 Existing taxi licences and restricted taxi licences 51B 12 This section applies to a person who, immediately before the (1)13 commencement, was the holder of-14 (a) a taxi operator's licence; or 15 (b) a restricted taxi operator's licence. 16 (2) The person is taken, after the commencement— 17 (a) for a person mentioned in subsection (1) (a)-to be the holder 18 of a taxi licence (other than a restricted taxi licence) issued 19 under this Act; or 20 (b) for a person mentioned in subsection (1) (b)—to be the holder 21 of a restricted taxi licence issued under this Act. 22 (3) If the licence held by the person was, immediately before the 23 commencement, subject to conditions, the licence the person is 24 taken to hold under subsection (2) is taken to be subject to the 25 conditions. 26 The period of a restricted taxi operator's licence that is taken to be a (4) 27 restricted taxi licence issued under this Act is taken to be the 28 unexpired period of the licence before the commencement. 29

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1	51C	Interim accreditation of existing taxi operators
2 3	(1)	This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencement, operated—
4 5		(a) a taxi service (other than a restricted taxi service) (within the meaning of this Act); or
6		(b) the holder of a restricted taxi operator's licence.
7	(2)	The person is taken, after the commencement—
8 9		(a) for a person mentioned in subsection (1) (a)—to be accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi service; or
10 11		(b) for a person mentioned in subsection (1) (b)—to be accredited under the regulations to operate a restricted taxi service.
12 13 14	(3)	The accreditation the person is taken to hold under subsection (2) may be varied or ended by the road transport authority in accordance with the regulations.
15 16 17 18	(4)	If the accreditation the person is taken to hold under subsection (2) has not been ended in accordance with the regulations, the accreditation expires 1 year after this section commences.
19	51D	Determination about maximum number of taxi licences
20 21 22 23	(1)	This section applies to a determination in force under the General Act, section 106 (4) immediately before the commencement (including a determination that was taken under the General Act, section 253 to be a determination under section 106 (4)).
24 25 26 27	(2)	The determination is taken, after the commencement, to be a determination under section 30B (Maximum numbers of taxi licences) of the maximum number of taxi licences (other than restricted taxi licences).

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1 **51E** Determination about maximum number of restricted taxi 2 licences

- (1) This section applies to a determination in force under the General Act, section 107 immediately before the commencement (including a determination that was taken under the General Act, section 254 to be a determination under section 107).
- 7 (2) The determination is taken, after the commencement, to be a
 8 determination under section 30B (Maximum numbers of taxi
 9 licences) of the maximum number of restricted taxi licences.

10 51F Application to transfer taxi licence

An application under the General Act, section 109 (1) in relation to a taxi licence that had not been finally dealt with immediately before the commencement is taken, after the commencement, to be an application made to the road transport authority under section 30E (1) (Transferability of taxi licences).

16 **51G Determination about maximum taxi fares**

A determination in force under the General Act, section 115 immediately before the commencement is taken, after the commencement, to be a determination under section 31O(1) (Power to determine maximum taxi fares).

21 **51H Expiry of div 7.7**

22 This division expires 1 year after it commences.

12 Dictionary, definitions of accredited, holder and public
 passenger vehicle

25 *substitute*

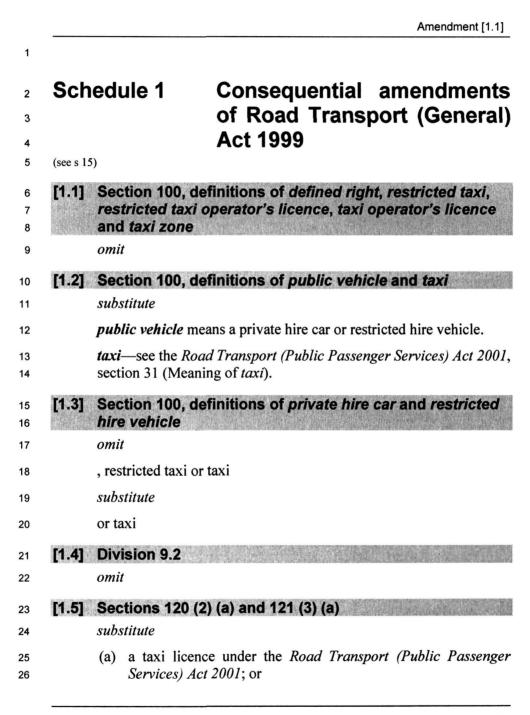
page 26

- accredited, in relation to a kind of public passenger service, means
 accredited under the regulations to operate that kind of public
 passenger service.
- 29 *holder* means—

1 2	 (a) of a service contract—the person who (apart from the road transport authority) is a party to the contract; or
3	(b) of a taxi licence—the person to whom the licence was issued.
4	public passenger vehicle means a bus or taxi.
5	13 Dictionary, new definitions
6	insert
7 8	<i>accredited taxi network provider</i> means accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi network.
9 10	<i>accredited taxi service operator</i> means accredited under the regulations to operate a taxi service.
11 12	<i>affiliated</i> , in relation to an accredited taxi service operator, means affiliated with an accredited taxi network provider.
13 14	<i>licence</i> , in relation to a taxi, means a licence issued under the regulations to use a vehicle as a taxi.
15 16	<i>public vehicle licence</i> —see the <i>Road Transport (Driver Licensing)</i> Act 1999, dictionary.
17	restricted taxi—see section 31A (Meaning of restricted taxi).
18 19	<i>restricted taxi licence</i> —see section 30A (Meaning of <i>restricted taxi licence</i>).
20 21	<i>restricted taxi service</i> —see section 31C (Meaning of <i>restricted taxi service</i>).
22	taxi—see section 31 (Meaning of taxi).
23 24	<i>taxi booking service</i> —see section 29A (Meaning of <i>taxi booking service</i>).
25 26 27	<i>taxi driver</i> means the person driving a taxi if the person holds a public vehicle licence authorising the person to drive the taxi for hire or reward.
28	taxi licence—see section 30 (Meaning of taxi licence).

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	Sectio	n 14
1		taxi network—see section 29 (Meaning of taxi network).
2		taxi service—see section 31B (Meaning of taxi service).
3		taxi zone—see the Australian Road Rules, rule 182.
4	14	Dictionary, definition of accredited bus operators register
5		omit
6	15	Road Transport (Taxi Services) Regulations 2000
7		repeal
8	16	Schedule 1
9		Schedule 1 amends the Road Transport (General) Act 1999.
10	17	Renumbering of Act
11 12		renumber the sections of the Road Transport (Public Passenger Services) Act 2001 when Act next republished under Legislation Act



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	Schedule 1	Consequential amendments of Road Transport (General) Act 1999
	Amendment [1.6]	
1	[1.6] Section	128 (2) (d)
2	omit	
3	(includin	g restricted taxis)
4	[1.7] Section	129 (7) (d)
5	omit	
6	, taxis an	d restricted taxis
7	substitute	?
8	and taxis	
9	[1.8] Section	152 (1) and (2)
10	omit	
11	taxi, rest	ricted taxi,
12	[1.9] Section	152 (1)
13	omit	
14	taxi oper	ator's licence, restricted taxi operator's licence,
15	[1.10] Section	155 (2)
16	after	
17	public bu	IS
18	insert	
19	or taxi	
20	[1.11] Section	156 (1)
21	omit	
22	taxi oper	ator's licence, restricted taxi operator's licence or

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Consequential amendments of Road Transport (General) Act 1999 Schedule 1

	Amendment [1.12]
1	[1.12] Section 156 (2)
2	omit
3	taxi operator's licence, restricted taxi operator's licence,
4	[1.13] Section 158, definition of <i>public vehicle</i>
5	omit
6	, restricted taxi or taxi
7	substitute
8	or taxi
9	[1.14] Dictionary, definitions of defined right, restricted taxi,
10	restricted taxi operator's licence, taxi operator's licence and taxi zone
11	
12	omit
13	[1.15] Dictionary, definition <i>taxi</i>
14	substitute
15 16	<i>taxi</i> —see the <i>Road Transport (Public Passenger Services) Act 2001</i> , section 31 (Meaning of <i>taxi</i>).

Endnote

Penalty units

The *Legislation Act 2001*, section 133 deals with the meaning of offence penalties that are expressed in penalty units.

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