### 2005

# THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Attorney-General)

# **Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Amendment Bill 2005**

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Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Amendment Bill 2005

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#### 2005

## THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Attorney-General)

# **Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Amendment Bill 2005**

### A Bill for

An Act to amend the Protection Orders Act 2001, and for other purposes

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

1	1	Name of Act
2		This Act is the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders</i> Amendment Act 2005.
4	2	Commencement
5		This Act commences on the day after its notification day.
6 7		Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
8	3	Legislation amended
9		This Act amends the Protection Orders Act 2001.
10		Note This Act also amends other legislation (see sch 1).
1	4	Section 1
12		substitute
13	1	Name of Act
14		This Act is the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> .
15	5	New section 4A
16		in part 1, insert
17	4A	Offences against Act—application of Criminal Code etc
18		Other legislation applies in relation to offences against this Act.
19		Note 1 Criminal Code
20 21		The Criminal Code, ch 2 applies to all offences against this Act (see Code, pt 2.1).

1 2 3 4			The chapter sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility (including burdens of proof and general defences), and defines terms used for offences to which the Code applies (eg <i>conduct</i> , <i>intention</i> , <i>recklessness</i> and <i>strict liability</i> ).
5		Note 2	Penalty units
6 7			The Legislation Act, s 133 deals with the meaning of offence penalties that are expressed in penalty units.
8 9	6	Object Sectio	ts on 5 (b)
10		substitu	ute
11 12			facilitate the safety and protection of people who fear or sperience violence by—
13 14		(	i) providing a legally enforceable mechanism to prevent violent conduct; and
15 16		(i	i) allowing for the resolution of conflict without the need to resort to adjudication.
17 18	7		ples for making protection orders in 6 (1)
19		substitu	ute
20 21	(1)	•	ding an application for a protection order, the paramount eration is—
22 23 24		ag	r a domestic violence order—the need to ensure that the grieved person, and any child at risk of exposure to domestic olence, is protected from domestic violence; and
25 26 27		or	r a personal protection order (other than a workplace der)—the need to ensure that the aggrieved person is otected from personal violence; and

1 2 3			(c)	other people at the workplace are protected from personal violence at the workplace.
4	8		Sec	ction 9
5			subs	stitute
6	9		Wh	at is domestic violence etc?
7		(1)	For	this Act, a person's conduct is <i>domestic violence</i> if it—
8			(a)	causes physical or personal injury to a relevant person; or
9			(b)	causes damage to the property of a relevant person; or
10 11			(c)	is directed at a relevant person and is a domestic violence offence; or
12 13 14			(d)	is a threat, made to a relevant person, to do anything in relation to the relevant person or another relevant person that, if done, would fall under paragraph (a), (b) or (c); or
15			(e)	is harassing or offensive to a relevant person; or
16 17			(f)	is directed at a pet of a relevant person and is an animal violence offence; or
18 19 20			(g)	is a threat, made to a relevant person, to do anything to a pet of the person or another relevant person that, if done, would be an animal violence offence.
21			Note	Relevant person—see dict.
22		(2)	In th	nis Act:
23			dom	nestic violence offence means an offence against—
24			(a)	section 34 (which is about contravening protection orders); or
25 26			(b)	a provision of the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> mentioned in schedule 1 (which deals with domestic violence offences); or

1		(c) any of the following provisions of the Criminal Code:
2		(i) section 311 (Burglary);
3 4 5		(ii) section 403, section 404, section 405, section 406, section 407 or section 408 (which deal with property offences); or
6 7		(d) any of the following provisions of the <i>Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999</i> :
8		(i) section 6 (1) (which is about negligent driving);
9 10		(ii) section 7 (1) (which is about furious, reckless or dangerous driving);
11		(iii) section 8 (1) or (2) (which is about menacing driving); or
12		(e) any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1996:
13		(i) section 53 (Unregistered firearms);
14 15		(ii) section 80 or section 81 (which are about discharge of firearms or possession endangering life).
16 17		Note A reference to an offence against a territory law includes a reference to a related ancillary offence, eg attempt (see Legislation Act, s 189).
18	(3)	In this section:
19 20		animal violence offence means an offence against any of the following provisions of the Animal Welfare Act 1992:
21		(a) section 7 (Cruelty);
22		(b) section 8 (Pain);
23		(c) section 12 (Administering poison);
24		(d) section 12A (Laying poison);
25 26		(e) section 13 (which is about administering an electric shock to an animal).

1		be an offence if it were engaged in within the ACT, that would
3		personal injury includes nervous shock.
4	9	New section 10A
5		in part 2, insert
6	10A	Who is a relative?
7		For this Act, a <i>relative</i> of a person (the <i>original person</i> )—
8		(a) means the original person's—
9 10		(i) father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, stepfather, stepmother, father-in-law or mother-in-law; or
11 12		(ii) son, daughter, grandson, granddaughter, stepson, stepdaughter, son-in-law or daughter-in-law; or
13 14		(iii) brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepbrother, stepsister, brother-in-law or sister-in-law; or
15		(iv) uncle, aunt, uncle-in-law or aunt-in-law; or
16		(v) nephew, niece or cousin; and
17 18 19 20		(b) if the original person has or had a domestic partner (other than a spouse)—includes someone who would have been a relative of a kind mentioned in paragraph (a) if the original person had been legally married to the domestic partner; and
21		<i>Note</i> For the meaning of <i>domestic partner</i> , see Legislation Act, s 169.
22		(c) includes—
23 24		(i) someone who has been a relative of a kind mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) of the original person; and
25 26		(ii) anyone else who could reasonably be considered to be a relative of the original person.
	-	

1		Examples for par (c) (ii)
2		1 if the original person is an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander, the following people:
4 5 6		(a) a person the original person has responsibility for, or an interest in, in accordance with the traditions and customs of the original person's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander community;
7 8 9 10		(b) a person who has responsibility for, or an interest in, the original person in accordance with the traditions and customs of the original person's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander community
11 12		a person regarded and treated by the original person as a relative, for example, as an uncle or aunt
13 14 15		Note An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
16	10	Section 12
17		substitute
18	12	Applications by people with legal disability
18 19 20	<b>12</b> (1	
19		An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may
19 20		An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may apply for a protection order—
19 20 21		<ul> <li>An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may apply for a protection order—</li> <li>(a) by a next friend; or</li> </ul>
19 20 21 22 23 24		<ul> <li>An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may apply for a protection order— <ul> <li>(a) by a next friend; or</li> <li>(b) in the person's own right with the Magistrates Court's leave.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1 The Macquarie Dictionary (1997) defines next friend as a person bringing action in a court of law on behalf of a minor or person of</li> </ul>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25		<ul> <li>An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may apply for a protection order— <ul> <li>(a) by a next friend; or</li> <li>(b) in the person's own right with the Magistrates Court's leave.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1 The Macquarie Dictionary (1997) defines next friend as a person bringing action in a court of law on behalf of a minor or person of unsound mind.</li> <li>Note 2 A regulation may prescribe how a next friend may be appointed (see s 106 (3) (b) (i)).</li> </ul>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1	<ul> <li>An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may apply for a protection order— <ul> <li>(a) by a next friend; or</li> <li>(b) in the person's own right with the Magistrates Court's leave.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1 The Macquarie Dictionary (1997) defines next friend as a person bringing action in a court of law on behalf of a minor or person of unsound mind.</li> <li>Note 2 A regulation may prescribe how a next friend may be appointed (see s 106 (3) (b) (i)).</li> </ul>
119 220 21 22 23 224 225 226 227	(1	<ul> <li>An aggrieved person with a legal disability (other than a child) may apply for a protection order— <ul> <li>(a) by a next friend; or</li> <li>(b) in the person's own right with the Magistrates Court's leave.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 1 The Macquarie Dictionary (1997) defines next friend as a person bringing action in a court of law on behalf of a minor or person of unsound mind.</li> <li>Note 2 A regulation may prescribe how a next friend may be appointed (see s 106 (3) (b) (i)).</li> </ul> <li>An aggrieved person who is a child may apply for—</li>

1 2			(c) a personal protection order in the person's own right with the Magistrates Court's leave.
3 4		(3)	The Magistrates Court must give leave for an application under subsection (1) (b) or (2) (c) if satisfied that the aggrieved person—
5 6			(a) understands the consequences of applying for a protection order; and
7			(b) will understand the proceeding on the application.
8	11		New section 18A
9			in part 3, insert
10	18A		Referral to mediation
11 12 13 14			If, at any time during the preliminary conference for an application for a protection order, the registrar is satisfied that the application is likely to be more effectively resolved by mediation than by a hearing, the registrar must—
15 16			(a) recommend to the parties to the application that they seek mediation; and
17			(b) give the parties information about mediation; and
18 19			(c) adjourn the preliminary conference until a stated date to allow for mediation to happen.
20 21	12		Explaining orders if aggrieved person present Section 25 (2) (d)
22			omit
23			commit an offence.
24			substitute
25			commit an offence; and

13	New section 25 (2) (e)
	insert
	(e) that the order may be registered and enforced in a State, another Territory or New Zealand.
14	Section 25 (2), note
	substitute
	<i>Note</i> The Criminal Code, pt 2.4 deals with offences of aiding and abetting.
15	Consent orders Section 29 (3), example
	substitute
	Example  The parties to an application agree to the making of a final order. An automatic consequence of the order is that any firearms licence of the respondent is cancelled under section 38 (Firearms and final orders). That consequence automatically flows from the making of the final order. However, under section 38 (3) the Magistrates Court may, in certain circumstances (but not if the final order is a domestic violence order), order that the licence not be cancelled. If those circumstances apply and the parties agree that the firearms licence not be cancelled, the firearms licence would not be cancelled under section 38.  Note  An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but
	does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
16	New section 30A
	insert
30A	Application by respondent for leave to apply for amendment or revocation
(1)	An application for amendment or revocation of a protection order (the <i>original order</i> ) must not be made by the respondent to the original order without the Magistrates Court's leave.

1 ( 2 3	(2)	fix a time to hear the application, and give the respondent written notice of the time.
4 5	(3)	If the respondent does not attend at the time fixed, the Magistrates Court must—
6 7 8 9		(a) if satisfied that the respondent has not been given reasonable notice of the time—fix another time to hear the application adjourn the hearing to the other time and give the respondent written notice of the time; or
10		(b) dismiss the application.
11 ( 12 13 14 15 16		If the respondent attends at the time fixed under subsection (2) or (3) (a), the Magistrates Court may give the respondent leave to apply to amend or revoke the original order only if satisfied, on the basis of evidence provided by the respondent, that there may have been a substantial change in the circumstances surrounding the making of the original order.
17 ( 18 19 20	(5)	To remove any doubt, a decision under subsection (4) that there may have been a substantial change does not affect the hearing and deciding of the application for amendment or revocation of the original order.
21 ( 22 23	(6)	An aggrieved person for the original order is not entitled to attend or take part in a hearing under this section without the Magistrates Court's leave.
24 (	(7)	In this section:
25		aggrieved person includes a representative of the aggrieved person.
26		<b>respondent</b> includes a representative of the respondent.

1 2	17		Amendment or revocation generally Section 31 (1)
3			substitute
4 5		(1)	A protection order may be amended if the Magistrates Court is satisfied that—
6 7			(a) the order as amended could be made on application for a protection order; and
8 9 10			(b) if the amendment would reduce the protection of a child who is 15 years old or younger—the child is no longer in need of the greater protection provided by the unamended protection order.
11 12	18		This Act and Children and Young People Act Section 32 (1) (b)
13			substitute
14 15 16			(b) at least 1 of the criteria mentioned in that Act, section 205A (1) (b) (When Childrens Court may make final protection order) is satisfied; and
17 18	19		Service of non-emergency orders Section 33 (1)
19			substitute
20 21		(1)	If the Magistrates Court makes a protection order (other than an emergency order), the registrar must—
22 23 24 25			(a) if the order is an interim order—serve 2 copies of the order (1 marked as the endorsement copy) on the respondent no later than 14 days before the return date for the application for the final order; and
26 27			(b) if the order is not an interim order—serve a copy of the order on the respondent; and

1		(c) give a copy of the order to—
2		(i) each other party to the proceeding; and
3		(ii) the chief police officer; and
4		(iii) the registrar of firearms.
5 6	20	Offence for contravention of protection order Section 34 (2) and (3)
7		substitute
8 9	(2)	The person commits an offence if the person engages in conduct that contravenes the protection order (including a condition of the order).
10 11		Maximum penalty: 500 penalty units, imprisonment for 5 years or both.
12 13 14		Note In deciding the sentence to be imposed on a person under this section, the Magistrates Court must consider the matters under the <i>Crimes Act</i> 1900, s 342.
15 16	(3)	This section applies to conduct engaged in outside the ACT as well as conduct engaged in within the ACT.
17 18	21	Extension of final orders Section 37 (3)
19		substitute
20 21 22 23 24	(3)	If the original order is a domestic violence order, the Magistrates Court must, on application, amend the original order by extending it for a stated period unless satisfied that a protection order is no longer necessary to protect the aggrieved person from domestic violence by the respondent.

1	22		Section 40
2			substitute
3	40		What are grounds for making final order (other than workplace order)?
5 6 7		(1)	The Magistrates Court may make a final order (other than a workplace order) on application if satisfied that the respondent has—
8			(a) engaged in domestic violence; or
9 10 11 12			(b) engaged in personal violence towards the aggrieved person and may engage in personal violence towards the aggrieved person during the time the order is proposed to operate if the order is not made.
13 14 15 16		(2)	If an interim order has been made on the application and the respondent has objected to the interim order, in making the final order the Magistrates Court must consider the respondent's objection.
17			<i>Note</i> This section does not apply to consent orders (see s 29 (2) (b)).
18 19 20	23		What final orders (other than workplace orders) may contain Section 42 (2) (h)
21			substitute
22 23			(h) prohibit the respondent from doing anything mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (g) in relation to—
24			(i) a child of the aggrieved person; or
25 26 27			<ul><li>(ii) any other child if the Magistrates Court is satisfied that there is an unacceptable risk of the child being exposed to domestic violence;</li></ul>

1	24	Workplace orders
2		Division 5.3 heading, note
3		substitute
4	42A	Definitions
5		In this Act:
6		aggrieved person, for a workplace order—
7 8		(a) means the employer of the person against whom the conduct is directed; and
9		(b) if the workplace is a child facility, includes—
10		(i) a person in control of the child facility; and
11		(ii) an employee of an employer mentioned in paragraph (a).
12		child facility means—
13 14 15		(a) a preschool, childcare centre, school, or other similar facility the main purpose of which is the care or education of children; or
16 17		(b) a paediatric ward, or other facility in a hospital the main purpose of which is to provide health services for children; or
18 19 20 21		(c) an office or other facility used by or for the Territory for children or young people who are, under the <i>Children and Young People Act 1999</i> , chapter 7, in need of care and protection.
22 23		Note The Children and Young People Act 1999, s 156 defines a child or young person in need of care and protection.

1	25		Section 45
2			substitute
3	45		What are grounds for making workplace order?
4 5		(1)	The Magistrates Court may make a workplace order in relation to a workplace on application if satisfied that the respondent—
6 7			(a) has engaged in personal violence in relation to the workplace; and
8 9 10			(b) may engage in personal violence in relation to the workplace during the time the order is proposed to operate if the order is not made.
11 12 13 14		(2)	The Magistrates Court may make a workplace order in relation to a workplace that is a child facility if satisfied that the respondent poses a risk to people at the workplace, for example, children, carers or teachers.
15			Note 1 This section does not apply to consent orders (see s 29 (2) (b)).
16 17 18			Note 2 An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
19 20	26		When can interim order be made? New section 48 (4)
21			insert
22 23 24 25 26		(4)	If an interim order is made and the return date for the application for the final order is less than 21 days after the day the interim order is made, the Magistrates Court must change the return date for the application to a day that is at least 21 days after the day the interim order is made.

1	27		Section 49
2			substitute
3	49		Grounds for making interim order
4 5 6			The Magistrates Court may make an interim order if satisfied that it is necessary to make the interim order to do 1 or more of the following until the application for the final order is decided:
7 8			(a) ensure the safety of the aggrieved person or a child of the aggrieved person;
9 10 11 12			(b) if the interim order is an interim workplace order—ensure the safety of the aggrieved person at the workplace, or an employee of the aggrieved person or other people at the workplace;
13 14			(c) prevent substantial damage to the property of the aggrieved person or a child of the aggrieved person.
15			<i>Note</i> This section does not apply to consent orders (see s 29 (2) (b)).
16 17	28		What interim orders may contain New section 51 (5)
18			insert
19 20 21		(5)	An interim order may require the respondent to return to the aggrieved person personal items reasonably needed by the aggrieved person or a child of the aggrieved person.
22			Examples of personal items
23			1 personal clothing
24			2 toiletries
25			3 books
26			4 photographs

1			5 house or car keys
2 3 4			Note An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
5	29		New section 51A
6			insert
7 8	51A		What if respondent objects to interim order made when not present?
9 10 11		(1)	This section applies if the Magistrates Court makes an interim order in the absence of a respondent and any representative of the respondent.
12		(2)	The respondent may—
13 14			(a) fill out the endorsement copy of the interim order in accordance with the instructions on the copy; and
15 16 17			(b) return it to the Magistrates Court at least 7 days before the return date for the application for the final order to which the interim order relates.
18		(3)	The interim order becomes a final order against the respondent—
19			(a) if—
20 21 22			(i) the Magistrates Court receives the endorsement copy from the respondent at least 7 days before the return date for the application for the final order; and
23 24 25			(ii) the respondent indicated on the endorsement copy that the respondent does not object to the interim order becoming a final order; or
26 27 28			(b) if the respondent does not return the endorsement copy to the Magistrates Court at least 7 days before the return date for the application for the final order.

1	(4	4)	A final order under subsection (3) comes into force—
2 3 4 5			(a) if the respondent returned the endorsement copy to the Magistrates Court and does not object to the interim order becoming final—on the day the Magistrates Court receives the endorsement copy; or
6			(b) on the return date for the application for the final order.
7 8	(5	_	The Magistrates Court may decide the application for the final order if—
9 10 11			(a) the respondent returns the endorsement copy to the Magistrates Court at least 7 days before the return date for the application for the final order; and
12 13			(b) the endorsement copy indicates that the respondent objects to the interim order becoming a final order.
14	(6	5)	In this section:
15 16			<b>endorsement</b> copy, of an interim order, means the copy of the interim order marked as the endorsement copy under section 33 (1).
17			respondent includes a representative of the respondent.
18 19	30		When may emergency order be made? Section 62 (a) (i)
20			substitute
21 22 23 24 25 26			(i) the respondent has behaved in a way that satisfies the judicial officer that there are reasonable grounds for believing that, if an emergency order is not made, the respondent may cause physical injury to, or substantial damage to the property of, the aggrieved person or a child of the aggrieved person; and

1 2	31		Length of emergency orders Section 70 (1) (c)
3			substitute
4 5			(c) a final order or interim order made against the respondent in relation to the aggrieved person is served on the respondent.
6 7	32		Police required to explain emergency order served Section 75 (1)
8			omit
9			effect
10			substitute
11			purpose, terms and effect
12 13	33		Restriction on publication of reports about proceedings Section 100 (1)
14			substitute
15		(1)	A person commits an offence if—
16 17 18			(a) the person publishes (completely or partly) an account or report of a proceeding on an application for a protection order; and
19			(b) the account or report—
20			(i) identifies a party to the proceeding; or
21 22 23 24			(ii) identifies a person who is related to, or associated with, a party to the proceeding or is, or is claimed to be, in any other way concerned in the matter to which the proceeding relates; or
25			(iii) identifies a witness to the proceeding; or

1 2		(iv) allows the identity of a person mentioned in subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii) to be worked out.
3 4		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units, imprisonment for 6 months or both.
5 6	34	Limits of restriction on publication about proceedings Section 101 (2) (c)
7		substitute
8 9 10 11		(c) information from being given to the director of public prosecutions, the director of corrective services or a police officer in relation to the exercise of the director's or officer's functions; or
12 13 14		(ca) information from being given to the community advocate in relation to the exercise of the community advocate's functions; or
15	35	Section 101 (2)
16 17		renumber paragraphs when Act next republished under Legislation Act
18	36	Dictionary, definition of aggrieved person
19		substitute
20		aggrieved person means—
21		(a) for a domestic violence order or personal protection order—a
22 23		person against whom the conduct that may be domestic or person violence has been, or is likely to be, directed; or

1	37	Dictionary, new definition of child facility
2		insert
3		child facility—see section 42A.
4	38	Dictionary, definition of relative
5		substitute
6		relative—see section 10A.
7 8	39	Dictionary, definition of <i>relevant person</i> , paragraph (a), new note
9		insert
10 11		Note A domestic partner need not be an adult (see Legislation Act, s 169).
12	40	Dictionary, definition of <i>relevant person</i> , paragraph (d)
13		substitute
14		(d) a parent of a child of the original person.
15	41	Dictionary, new definition of return date
16		insert
17 18		<i>return date</i> , for an application, means the day fixed by the Magistrates Court for return of the application before the court.

1	42	Further amendments, mentions of behaviour
2		omit
3		behaviour
4		substitute
5		conduct
6		in
7		• section 10
8		• section 20
9		• section 21
10		• section 22 (1) (b)
11		• section 23 (1) and (2)
12		• section 41
13		• section 44
14		• section 46 (1) (c)
15		• section 63 (2) (b) and (4)
16		• section 71 (3)
17		• section 102
18		• dictionary, definitions of domestic violence order and personal
19		protection order

## Schedule 1 Consequential amendments

2 (see s 3)

### Part 1.1 Bail Act 1992

4	[1.1]	Section 2, note 1
5		substitute
6 7 8		Note 1 The dictionary at the end of this Act defines certain terms used in this Act, and includes references ( <i>signpost definitions</i> ) to other terms defined elsewhere in this Act.
9  0  1  2		For example, the signpost definition 'parental responsibility—see the Children and Young People Act 1999, section 17.' means that the term 'parental responsibility' is defined in that section and the definition applies to this Act.
3	[1.2]	Section 9B (b) (iv)
14		omit
15		Protection Orders Act 2001
16		substitute
17		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
8	[1.3]	Section 9F (6)
9		substitute
20	(6)	In this section:
21 22		<i>protected person</i> , in relation to a person accused of a domestic violence offence—
23 24		(a) means a person against whom the alleged conduct making up the offence was directed; and

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#### Schedule 1 Part 1.1

Consequential amendments Bail Act 1992

Amendment [1.4]

1 2		(b) includes any other relevant person in relation to the accused person.
3 4		<i>relevant person</i> —see the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> , dictionary.
5 6 7 8 9		<ul> <li>Note The Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001, dict defines a relevant person in relation to the accused person as any of the following people:</li> <li>a domestic partner of the accused person (domestic partner is defined in the Legislation Act, s 169 (1))</li> </ul>
10 11 12		<ul> <li>a relative of the accused person (<i>relative</i> is defined in the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i>, s 10A)</li> <li>a child of a domestic partner of the accused person</li> </ul>
13		<ul> <li>a child of a dolliestic partier of the accused person.</li> <li>a parent of a child of the accused person.</li> </ul>
14	[1.4]	Section 16 (7)
15		substitute
10	(7)	T .4.1
16	(7)	In this section:
16 17 18	(/)	protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence, means—
17	(/)	protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence,
17 18 19	(/)	<ul><li>protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence, means—</li><li>(a) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at a child—a</li></ul>
17 18 19 20 21	[1.5]	<ul> <li>protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence, means—</li> <li>(a) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at a child—a person with parental responsibility for the child; or</li> <li>(b) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at someone</li> </ul>
17 18 19 20 21 22		<ul> <li>protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence, means—</li> <li>(a) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at a child—a person with parental responsibility for the child; or</li> <li>(b) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at someone else—the person at whom the conduct was directed.</li> </ul>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23		<ul> <li>protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence, means— <ul> <li>(a) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at a child—a person with parental responsibility for the child; or</li> <li>(b) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at someone else—the person at whom the conduct was directed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Section 47A (3)</li> </ul>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		<ul> <li>protected person, in relation to a domestic violence offence, means— <ul> <li>(a) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at a child—a person with parental responsibility for the child; or</li> <li>(b) if the conduct making up the offence was directed at someone else—the person at whom the conduct was directed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Section 47A (3) <ul> <li>omit</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Dictionary, definition of domestic violence offence
substitute
domestic violence offence—an offence that a person is accused of committing is a domestic violence offence if the conduct making up the offence is domestic violence under the Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001.
Dictionary, new definition of parental responsibility
insert
parental responsibility—see the Children and Young People Act 1999, section 17.
Dictionary, definition of relevant person
omit
.2 Children and Young People Act
1999
1999 Section 151 (1), definition of <i>abuse</i> , paragraph (c)
1999
<ul> <li>1999</li> <li>Section 151 (1), definition of abuse, paragraph (c) substitute</li> <li>(c) emotional abuse (including psychological abuse) if the child or young person has suffered, is suffering or is likely to suffer in a</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>1999</li> <li>Section 151 (1), definition of abuse, paragraph (c) substitute</li> <li>(c) emotional abuse (including psychological abuse) if the child or young person has suffered, is suffering or is likely to suffer in a way that has caused, is causing or is likely to cause significant</li> </ul>

<b>Schedule</b>	1
Part 1.2	

Consequential amendments Children and Young People Act 1999

Amendment [1.10]

1 2 3		(ii) the exposure has caused, is causing or is likely to cause significant harm to the child's or young person's wellbeing or development.
4 5	[1.10]	Section 194, definitions of final protection order and interim protection order
6		omit
7		Protection Orders Act 2001
8		substitute
9		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
10	[1.11]	Section 205
11		omit
2		Protection Orders Act 2001
13		substitute
14		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
15	[1.12]	Section 205A (1) and (2)
16		omit
17		Protection Orders Act 2001
18		substitute
19		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
20	[1.13]	Section 205A (3), definition of domestic violence
21		substitute
22		domestic violence—see the Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001, section 9 (1).

	[1.14]	Section 205A (2) definition of nerconal violence
1	[1.14]	Section 205A (3), definition of personal violence
2		omit
3		Protection Orders Act 2001
4		substitute
5		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
6	[1.15]	Section 205B (3)
7		omit
8		Protection Orders Act 2001
9		substitute
10		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
10		
11	[1.16]	Section 205C (1)
	[1.16]	Section 205C (1) omit
11	[1.16]	
11 12	[1.16]	omit
11 12 13	[1.16]	omit Protection Orders Act 2001
11 12 13	[1.16]	omit Protection Orders Act 2001 substitute
11 12 13 14		omit Protection Orders Act 2001 substitute Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
11 12 13 14 15		omit  Protection Orders Act 2001  substitute  Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001  Section 205C (1), example heading
111 112 113 114 115 116		omit  Protection Orders Act 2001  substitute  Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001  Section 205C (1), example heading  omit

Schedule	•
Part 1.3	

Consequential amendments Court Procedures Act 2004

Amendment [1.18]

1	[1.18]	Section 205C (3) and (4)
2		omit
3		Protection Orders Act 2001
4		substitute
5		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
6	[1.19]	Section 380 (4) (b)
7		omit
8		Protection Orders Act 2001
9		substitute
10		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
11	[1.20]	Dictionary, definition of protection order
12		omit
13		Protection Orders Act 2001
14		substitute
15		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
16	Part 1	.3 Court Procedures Act 2004
17	[1.21]	Section 15 (2) (c) (iv) (C)
18		substitute
19 20		(C) the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act</i> 2001;

## Part 1.4 Crimes Act 1900

2	[1.22]	Section 191 (4) (b)
3		omit
4		Protection Orders Act 2001
5		substitute
6		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
7	[1.23]	Section 192 (1) and (5)
8		omit
9		Protection Orders Act 2001
10		substitute
11		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
12	[1.24]	New section 212 (5)
13		insert
14	(5)	In this section:
15 16 17		domestic violence offence—an offence that a person is suspected of committing is a domestic violence offence if the conduct making up the offence is domestic violence under the Domestic Violence and
18		Protection Orders Act 2001.
19	[1.25]	Schedule 1
20		omit
21	[1.26]	Dictionary, definition of domestic violence offence
22		omit
23	[1.27]	Dictionary, definition of relevant person
24		omit

Schedule 1 Part 1.5

page 30

Consequential amendments Crimes (Restorative Justice) Act 2004

Amendment [1.28]

	.5	Crimes (Restorative Justice) Act 2004
[1.28]	Sectio	n 12, definition of <i>domestic violence offence</i>
	substitu	ate
	offence	ic violence offence—an offence is a domestic violence if the conduct making up the offence is domestic violence are Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001.
Part 1	.6	Dangerous Substances Act 2004
[1.29]	Sectio	n 49 (2), definition of <i>protection order</i>
	omit	
	Protect	ion Orders Act 2001
	substitu	ate
		tic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
Part 1	Domest	
Part 1	Domest	Domestic Violence Agencies Act
	Domest	Domestic Violence Agencies Act 1986 n 2, note 1
	Domest	Domestic Violence Agencies Act 1986 n 2, note 1

1	[1.31]	Dictionary, definition of domestic violence
2	[]	substitute
_		
3 4		domestic violence—see the Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001, section 9 (1).
4		Orders Act 2001, section 7 (1).
5	[1.32]	Dictionary, definition of domestic violence offence
6		substitute
7		domestic violence offence—an offence is a domestic violence
8		offence if the conduct making up the offence is domestic violence
9		under the Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001.
	D = 4.4	
10	Part 1.	
11		Provisions) Act 1991
12	[1.33]	Section 7 (c)
13		omit
14		Protection Orders Act 2001
15		substitute
16		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
4-7	[4 2 <i>4</i> ]	Section 44 (2) (a)
17	[1.34]	Section 41 (2) (c)
18		omit
19		Protection Orders Act 2001
20		substitute
21		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001

Schedule 1 Part 1.9

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Consequential amendments Firearms Act 1996

Amendment [1.35]

1	[1.35]	Sectio	n 74 (2) (c)	
2		substitu	ute	
3 4 5		vi	offence if the conduct making up the offence is domestic olence under the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders</i> at 2001.	
6	Part 1.	9	Firearms Act 1996	
7 8	[1.36]		on 4, definitions of <i>interim protection order</i> and etion order	
9		omit		
10		Protect	ion Orders Act 2001	
11		substitu	ute	
12		Domesi	tic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001	
13	[1.37]	Sectio	n 39 (4)	
14		substitu	ute	
15	(4)	In this section:		
16 17 18		offence	ic violence offence—an offence is a domestic violence if the conduct making up the offence is domestic violence the Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001.	
19 20 21 22		Note 1	A licence is automatically suspended under the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> , s 57 (Firearms and interim orders) if the Magistrates Court makes an interim protection order unless the court orders otherwise. Under that section, the Magistrates Court may also order seizure of the licence, and seizure and detention of firearms and ammunition, for the period of the interim order.	
23 24				

1 2						the licence, ar he period of the			ntion
3	[1.38]	Section	on 41 (1), no	ote					
4		omit	•						
5		Protecti	ion Orders Act 2	001					
6		substit	ute.						
7			ic Violence and .	Protection	Orders 2	Act 2001			
•		20			0.00.51	2001			
8	Part 1	1.10	Fir	earms	Reg	julation	1997		
9	[1.39]	Section	on 29 (2) (b)	(xi) (B)					
10		substit	ute						
11			` ' '			any time v		-	
12 13						tion for the or other re	-		
14			-	•		y the same		_	
15						er the Dom			
16						Act 2001 (otlich has been			er or
17					OII WIII	cii iias occii	TEVOKEC	1), 01	
18 19			Example o		er the Da	omestic Violenc	ce Act 19	86 (reneal	ed)
			•					` -	
20 21						of the regulatio loes not limit			
22 23				provision in and s 132).	which	it appears (see	Legislat	ion Act,	s 126
24	[1.40]	New s	section 29 (4	4)					
25		insert							
26	(4	) This	subsection,	and	the	example	and	note	to

Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Amendment Bill 2005

subsection (2) (b) (xi) (B), expire on 27 March 2012.

27

Schedule 1 Part 1.11

Consequential amendments Health Records (Privacy and Access) Act 1997

Amendment [1.41]

Part 1	.11 Health Records (Privacy and Access) Act 1997
[1.41]	Section 31 (1) (c) and (d)
	substitute
	(c) any other order in relation to a matter arising under this Act that the court considers appropriate.
[1.42]	Section 31 (4) to (7)
	omit
Part 1	.12 Magistrates Court Act 1930
[1.43]	Section 256 (a)
	omit
	Protection Orders Act 2001
	substitute
	Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
Part 1	.13 Magistrates Court (Civil Jurisdiction) Rules 2004
[1.44]	Section 4 (a)
	omit
	Protection Orders Act 2001
	substitute
	Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
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2005

# Part 1.14 Prohibited Weapons Regulation 1997

[1.45]	Section 5 (6), definition of interim protection order		
	substitute		
	interim protection order—see the Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act 2001, dictionary, definition of interim ord		
	Note See also s (7).		
[1.46]	Section 5 (6), definition of protection order		
	substitute		
	<i>protection order</i> —see the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> , dictionary, definition of <i>final order</i> .		
	<i>Note</i> See also s (7).		
[1.47]	New section 5 (7) and (8)		
	insert		
(7)	In subsection (6):		
	interim protection order includes—		
	(a) an interim protection order made under the <i>Domestic Violence Act 1986</i> ; and		
	(b) an interim restraining order made under the <i>Magistrates Court Act 1930</i> .		
	protection order includes—		
	(a) a protection order made under the <i>Domestic Violence Act 1986</i> ; and		
	(b) a restraining order made under the Magistrates Court Act 1930.		

Schedule	1
Part 1.15	

1

2

3

16

17

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Consequential amendments
Protection Orders Regulation 2002

Amendment [1.48]

(8) The notes to subsection (6), definitions of *interim protection order* and *protection order*, subsection (7) and this subsection, expire on 27 March 2012.

# Part 1.15 Protection Orders Regulation 2002

6	[1.48]	Section 1
7		omit
8		Protection Orders Regulation 2002
9		substitute
10		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Regulation 2002
11	[1.49]	Dictionary, note 3
12		omit
12 13		omit Protection Orders Act 2001

# Part 1.16 Rehabilitation of Offenders (Interim) Act 2001

#### Section 3, note 1 [1.50] 18 19 substitute 20 Note 1 The dictionary at the end of this Act defines certain terms used in this Act, and includes references (signpost definitions) to other terms 21 defined elsewhere. 22 23 For example, the signpost definition 'institution—see the Children and Young People Act 1999, dictionary.' means that the term 'institution' is 24 defined in that dictionary and the definition applies to this Act. 25

1	[1.51]	Section 9 (2) (i)
2		substitute
3 4 5 6 7		(i) an offence made up of conduct that is domestic violence under the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> in relation to anyone with whom it is likely the person would live in the same household if the home detention order were made;
8	[1.52]	Section 10 (1) (b) (ii)
9		substitute
10 11 12 13 14		(ii) an offence made up of conduct that is domestic violence under the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> , or would be domestic violence if the conduct happened in the ACT, directed at anyone with whom it is likely the person would live in the same household if the home detention order were made; or
16	[1.53]	Section 10 (1) (c) and (4)
17		omit
18		Protection Orders Act 2001
19		substitute
20		Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001
21	[1.54]	Section 13 (2) (e)
22		substitute
23 24 25 26 27		(e) the likelihood that the person will commit an offence that is made up of conduct that is domestic violence under the <i>Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2001</i> in relation to anyone with whom it is likely the person would live in the same household if the home detention order were made;

Schedule 1 Part 1.16 Consequential amendments

Rehabilitation of Offenders (Interim) Act 2001

Amendment [1.55]

### [1.55] Dictionary, definition of domestic violence offence

2 omit

#### **Endnotes**

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1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 2005.

2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on 2005.

3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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