2007

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Planning)

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

2007

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Planning)

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

A Bill for

An Act to amend legislation relating to building because of the enactment of the *Planning and Development Act 2006*, and for other purposes

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

J2007-204

Section 1

1	1	Name of Act
2		This Act is the Building Legislation Amendment Act 2007.
3	2	Commencement
4 5		This Act commences on the commencement of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i> .
6 7		<i>Note</i> The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
8	3	Legislation amended—sch 1
9		This Act amends the legislation mentioned in schedule 1.

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

Schedule 1 Legislation amended

2 (see s 3)

³ Part 1.1 Building Act 2004

4	[1.1]		Section 7
5			substitute
6	7		Meaning of <i>building</i>
7		(1)	In this Act:
8			<i>building</i> includes—
9			(a) a structure on or attached to land; and
10			(b) an addition to a building; and
11			(c) a structure attached to a building; and
12			(d) fixtures; and
13			(e) part of a building, whether the building is completed or not.
14			Example of part of building
15			footings poured for a building that is being built
16			<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend,
17			but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it
18			appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
19		(2)	However, <i>building</i> does not include—
20			(a) a vehicle or craft that is not used or adapted for use as a class
21			of building or structure classified under the building code; or

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004
	Amendment [1.1]	
1 2	(b)	a transportable building, mobile home, caravan or similar that—
3		(i) is not used for long-term habitation; and
4 5 6 7		 (ii) is readily transportable without being disassembled or removed from associated components including a footing, pier, stump, rigid annexe or an attached building or similar; or
8 9	(c)	if on the ground and not inside a building—paving, a driveway or a road; or
10	(d)	a surface-level carpark that is not inside a building; or
11	(e)	a ground treatment; or
12	(f)	vegetation; or
13	(g)	ground excavations or fillings; or
14	(h)	fittings, other than fittings included in a building—
15		(i) to make the building comply with the building code; or
16 17		(ii) that cause the building to not comply with the building code; or
18 19 20	(i)	fixtures that are not integral to the building, but are fixed to the building to prevent theft or for some other reason not related to the building; or
21	(j)	something exempted under the regulations.
22		Examples—par (h)
23		1 An existing house was built when there was no requirement for the
24 25		house to satisfy any energy efficiency requirements or thermal insulation requirements. Bulk thermal insulation batts are included in
26		an extension to the house to comply with the building code's energy
27		efficiency provisions which apply to the extension. The opportunity is taken to include bette in the spilling of the existing house. The bette sit
28 29		taken to include batts in the ceiling of the existing house. The batts sit loosely on the ceiling and are not fixed to the building.

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Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.1]

1		The batts are part of the extension, because they are regulated under
2		the building code for the extension. However, they are not part of the
3		existing house, because they are not fixtures, and are not regulated
4		under the building code in relation to the existing house, unless they
5		are needed in the existing house to make the extension comply with
6		the building code.
7	2	Some light fittings in an office building are fitted with energy efficient
8	-	lamps to comply with the energy efficiency provisions of the building
9		code. The lamps are part of the building. However, other lamps that
10		are not relied on to comply with the building code are not part of the
11		building unless another provision brings them within the definition of
12		building for the Act.
13	3	An office building has cubicles that are not fixed to the building. The
14	0	cubicles have partition walls, are part of the fit-out for the building and
15		are shown in the building approval. Some cubicles are placed where
16		they obstruct a fire evacuation path in a way that prevents compliance
17		with the building code. Those cubicles are part of the building. The
18		others are not unless another provision brings them within the
19		definition of <i>building</i> for the Act.
20	4	A warehouse is being extended. The warehouse stores furniture.
21		Some partitions for cubicles stored in the warehouse impede fire
22		evacuation paths relied on for the extension to comply with the fire
23		evacuation provisions of the building code. The partitions cause the
24		extension to not comply with the building code. The partitions are
25		stored goods and not fittings, so they are not part of the building unless
26		another provision of the Act brings them within the definition of
27		building for the Act.
28	5	An apartment building has a surface-level carpark, part of which is
29		below the apartments and part of which is adjacent to the building with
30		no building above, below or within it. The part of the surface-level
31		carpark below the apartments is part of the building or a separate
32		building, depending on the building code. The other part of the
33		carpark is not part of the building unless another provision of the Act
34		brings it within the definition of <i>building</i> for the Act.
35	6	A concrete floor slab for a home is being poured together with a floor
36		slab for a garage and a surface-level driveway to the garage. The floor
37		slabs are parts of the building. The surface-level driveway is not part
38		of the building unless another provision of the Act brings it within the
39		definition of <i>building</i> for the Act.

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004	
	Amendment [1.2]		
1 2 3	(3)	To remove any doubt, something is not excluded from the definition of <i>building</i> only because it is temporary or novel. Example	
4 5 6		a building used in connection with a fair, circus, carnival, celebration, market, show, concert, display, exhibition, competition, training event, recreational event or publicity event is not excluded on the basis of its temporary or novel nature	
7	7A	Meaning of site work	
8		In this Act:	
9		<i>site work</i> is development that is—	
10		(a) building work; and	
11		(b) work other than building work that—	
12 13		(i) physically affects the place (the <i>building site</i>) where the building work is being carried out; and	
14 15		(ii) if not carried out at the building site, is carried out near, and connected with, the building site.	
16		Examples of site work	
17		1 putting up temporary fencing to protect trees growing on a road verge	
18		2 building a house	
19 20		3 damaging or removing a significant tree4 laying paving for driveways and parking areas	
20			
21 22		<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see	
23		Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).	
24	[1.2]	Section 10A	
25	-	omit	

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1

1	[1.3]	Section 12, note
2		substitute
3		<i>Note 1</i> Exempt building is used to narrow the application of pt 3, pt 5 and pt 6.
4 5		<i>Note 2</i> A regulation may also exempt a building from the application of this Act or a part of the Act (see s 152 (1A)).
6	[1.4]	Section 13
7		omit
8	[1.5]	Section 14
9		omit
10	[1.6]	Section 15 (2) (b)
11		substitute
12		(b) the work is not exempt from this subsection under a regulation.
13	[1.7]	Section 16
13 14	[1.7]	Section 16 omit
-	[1.7] [1.8]	
14		omit
14 15		omit Division 3.2, new note
14 15 16		omit Division 3.2, new note insert
14 15 16 17		omit Division 3.2, new note insert Note about application—div 3.2
14 15 16 17 18 19	[1.8]	omit Division 3.2, new note insert Note about application—div 3.2 This division applies to building work and other site work. Section 17, definitions of eligible person and government
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	[1.8]	omit Division 3.2, new note insert Note about application—div 3.2 This division applies to building work and other site work. Section 17, definitions of eligible person and government certifier

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.10]	

1	[1.10]	Section 18	
2		omit everything before paragraph (a), substitute	
3 4	18	Eligibility for appointment—certifiers and government certifiers	
5 6 7		A licensed construction practitioner (an <i>eligible entity</i>) is eligible to be appointed certifier or government certifier for building work if the construction practitioner—	
8	[1.11]	Section 19	
9		substitute	
10	19	Appointment of certifiers—work not begun	
11 12		The owner of land where it is proposed to carry out building work may appoint an eligible entity as certifier for the work.	
13		<i>Note</i> An appointment must be in writing (see Legislation Act, s 206).	
14	19A	Appointment of certifiers—work begun	
15	(1)	This section applies if—	
16		(a) building work has begun on a parcel of land; and	
17 18		(b) the building work has been carried out in accordance with this part.	
19 20	(2)	The owner of land may appoint an eligible entity as certifier for the building work.	
21	19B	Automatic suspension	
22 23		An entity's appointment as certifier is suspended if the entity stops being an eligible entity.	

1	19C		Ending suspensions
2 3		(1)	This section applies if an entity's appointment as certifier is suspended.
4		(2)	The entity's suspension ends when—
5			(a) the entity becomes an eligible entity; or
6			(b) the entity's appointment as a certifier ends.
7	19D		Ending appointments
8 9		(1)	An entity's appointment as certifier for building work on land ends if—
10 11			(a) the owner of the land revokes the appointment by written notice given to the entity; or
12			(b) the entity resigns the appointment; or
13 14			(c) the entity's appointment has been suspended for a single period of 3 months; or
15			(d) each of the following apply:
16 17			(i) a certificate under part 5 (Building occupancy) is issued for the building work;
18 19			(ii) the certificate is not subject to a condition that requires building work to be done;
20 21			(iii) there is no part of the building work for which a certificate under part 5 has not been issued; or
22 23			(e) it has been 5 years since the certifier was last appointed as certifier for the building work.
24		(2)	An entity may resign an appointment as certifier only—
25 26			(a) with the written approval of the construction occupations registrar; and

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004
	Amendment	
1		(b) by written notice given to the owner of the land.
2 3	(3)	The construction occupations registrar may approve the resignation of the entity as certifier only if satisfied that—
4 5 6		(a) the entity can not exercise the entity's functions as a certifier in relation to the building work because of mental or physical incapacity; or
7 8 9		(b) the entity has arranged for another certifier to take over the entity's functions as a certifier in relation to the building work; or
10		(c) it is otherwise appropriate to approve the resignation.
11 12	(4)	An appointment that ends under subsection (1) (c) ends on the day after the end of the 3-month period.
13	[1.12] Section 21	
14		substitute
15	21	Power to require building documents
16 17 18 19 20	(1)	A government certifier appointed for building work may, by written notice, require the entity that was the certifier (or last certifier) for the building work to give the government certifier any building document the entity has in relation to the work within the period stated in the notice.
21 22	(2)	The period stated in the notice must not be less than 2 weeks after the day the notice is given.
23 24	(3)	A person commits an offence if the person contravenes a notice given to the person under subsection (1).
25		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
26 27	(4)	Each partner commits an offence if the partnership contravenes a notice given to the partnership under subsection (1).
28		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
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 $\label{eq:author} \mbox{Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel-also accessible at www.legislation.act.gov.au$

1 2	(5)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (4) if the partner proves—	
3		(a) that—	
5			
4 5		(i) the partner did not know about the contravention of the subsection involved in the offence; and	
6 7		(ii) the partner took reasonable precautions and exercised appropriate diligence to avoid the contravention; or	
8 9 10		(b) that the partner was not in a position to influence the partnership in relation to the conduct involved in the contravention.	
11	(6)	An offence against subsection (3) or (4) is a strict liability offence.	
12	(7)	In this section:	
13 14		<i>building document</i> means a document mentioned in section 48 (2) (Completion of building work).	
	F4 401	Section 22 (1)	
15	[1.13]	Section 23 (4)	
16		substitute	
17 18 19	(4)	This section does not prevent a certifier from sketching a required design solution as part of a direction in a notice under section $44(2)(a)$.	
20	[1.14]	Section 24	
	[1.14]		
21		substitute	
22	24	Notice of certifier's appointment or end of appointment	
23	(1)	This section applies if—	
24		(a) a building approval has been issued for building work; and	

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004		
	Amendment [1.15]			
1		(b) after the issue, either—		
2		(i) an entity is appointed certifier for the work; or		
3		(ii) an entity's appointment as certifier for the work ends.		
4 5 6	(2)	Within 7 days after the day the entity is appointed or the appointment ends, the entity must give the construction occupations registrar written notice of the appointment or end.		
7 8		<i>Note</i> If a form is approved under s 151 for a notification, the form must be used.		
9	[1.15]	New sections 25A to 25C		
10		in division 3.3, insert		
11	25A	Overview—div 3.3		
12 13 14	(1)	This division deals with building approvals for building work carried out on land and how the owner of the land may apply for building approval.		
15 16	(2)	Section 27 to section 30A affect the issue of building approvals as follows:		
17 18 19 20		(a) section 27 provides that a certifier must not consider an application for building approval unless, amongst other things, the accompanying plans comply with the requirements prescribed by regulation;		
21 22 23		(b) section 28 provides that an application for building approval must be approved if the plans meet each approval requirement under section 29, and deals with how the approval is given;		
24 25		(c) section 28A sets out how a building approval is marked on plans;		
26		(d) section 29 sets out the approval requirements for the plans;		
27 28		(e) section 30 and section 30A set out when an application for building approval must be refused.		

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Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.15]

1	25B		Why are building approvals necessary?	
2		(1)	A building approval is necessary because—	
3 4 5			(a) section 42 (1) (d) requires building work to be carried out in accordance with approved plans (which may have to comply with this Act in relation to asbestos); and	
6 7			(b) approved plans are plans that relate to building work for which a building approval is in effect.	
8 9		(2)	Section 42 provides that building work must not be carried out except in accordance with the requirements set out in the section.	
10		(3)	Not complying with section 42, for example—	
11 12 13 14			 (a) is an element of offences against section 42A (Contravention of requirements for building work involving asbestos) and section 51 (Carrying out building work in contravention of s 42); and 	
15 16			(b) is a ground for giving a notice to a building licensee under section 44 (2) (a) (Stage inspections); and	
17 18			(c) is a ground for giving a notice to carry out building work under section 62 (see s 61 (b)).	
19 20			<i>Note 1</i> Not complying with s 42 may also be grounds for disciplinary action under the <i>Construction Occupations (Licensing) Act 2004.</i>	
21 22 23			<i>Note 2</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).	
24	25C		Building approvals apply to building work	
25			To remove any doubt—	
26 27			(a) a building approval only relates to building work shown on the approved plans under the approval, other than building work—	
28 29			(i) identified in the plans as not forming part of the approval; and	

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.15]	

1 2	(ii) on a parcel of land other than a parcel to which the application for approval relates; and
3	(b) the issue of a building approval does not indicate that carrying
4	out work other than building work identified in the plans is
5	consistent with the law or lease provisions applying to carrying
6	out the work.
7	Example of work other than building work shown in approved plans
8	Approved plans show a multi-unit townhouse development. As well as showing
9	the townhouse buildings, the plans include landscape plans and structural
10	engineer's plans for structural elements, brickwork screen walls, paling fencing
11	and reinforced concrete pedestrian surface paving. The building approval only
12	relates to the townhouse buildings (including their structural elements), the
13	retaining walls, the screen walls and the fencing.
14	Example of building work on parcel of land other than parcel to which
15	application relates
16	1 Approved plans show a shop which is proposed to have an awning over the
17	footpath in front of the shop. The awning is over unleased territory land,
18	while the rest of the shop is on leased land. An application for building approval may only be made by the owner of the parcel of land for approval
19 20	to carry out building work on the land. If only the owner of the leased land
20	applies for building approval and the building approval is issued, the
22	building approval can relate only to building work on the leased land and not
23	to the awning. However, if the Territory and the owner of the leased land
24	jointly apply for building approval and the approval is issued, the approval
25	can relate to building work on both the awning and the leased land. But, if
26	the Territory grants the applicant a permit for the awning to be over a public
27	place, the permit-holder is, under this Act, taken to be the owner and may
28	apply for building approval for all the building work, including the awning.
29	2 Approved plans show proposed demolition of a fence and a party wall. The
30	wall and fence straddle a common boundary shared by 2 land parcels. The
31	building approval can not operate in relation to only 1 of the parcels. If
32	building approval is required for the demolition, it must relate to both parcels
33	of land.
34	<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but
35	does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see
36	Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

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Amendment [1.16]

1	[1.16]	New sections 26A to 26C
2		insert
3 4	26A	Applications for building approval—certifier may require further information
5	(1)	This section applies if—
6 7 8		(a) the owner of a parcel of land (the <i>applicant</i>) has applied to a certifier for building approval for building work to be carried out on the land; and
9 10 11		(b) further information is required for the certifier to be able to decide the application without personally inspecting the land where the building work is to be carried out; and
12 13		(c) the applicant and the certifier have not agreed that the certifier will obtain the further information.
14 15 16 17 18	(2)	The certifier may, by written notice, ask the applicant to give the certifier stated further information in relation to the application if the certifier believes on reasonable grounds that the information will help the certifier to decide the application without personally inspecting the land where the building work is to be carried out.
19		Examples of what certifier may ask for
20 21		1 photos, including ground, aerial, or satellite photos of the land or anything on, over or near the land
22 23		2 approval, permission or tenure documents, including leases, licences, permits, statutory approvals or advices
24 25		3 topographical information, including ground surface height contours, for the land and surroundings
26 27 28		<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.16]	

1 2	(3)	To remove any doubt, this section does not entitle a certifier to require—
3 4		(a) photographs to be taken by someone other than the applicant; or
5 6		(b) photographs to be taken using equipment of the applicant's choice at or near ground level; or
7		(c) further information if—
8 9 10 11		(i) the certifier has, or has reasonable access to, suitable information that allows the certifier to decide the application without personally inspecting the land where the building work is to be carried out; or
12 13		(ii) a territory law requires the certifier to personally obtain or be given the information.
14		Examples of suitable information certifier has or has reasonable access to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24		 The internet website www.actmapi.act.gov.au provides aerial photographs and topographical information including ground contours for some ACT areas. If the land to which an application relates is covered by the website, the photographs and contours have sufficient information, and are accurate and recent enough, to decide the application in relation to tree and ground-height related matters, the certifier may not require further information or documents by way of photographs or topographical information in relation to trees and ground heights. A certifier may verify land tenure and permit and statutory approval matters by contacting the statutory custodians of the information to a sufficient
25 26		degree to decide the application in relation to those matters. The certifier may not require further information in relation to those matters.

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.16]

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9			3 The land to which an application relates is covered by www.actmapi.act.gov.au but, because the slope of the land to be built on is steeper than would be adequately shown on the website, the certifier does not have suitable information to allow the certifier to decide the application without personally inspecting the land. Another website has some topographical information on the land, but it is not of sufficient resolution, or recent enough, to be relied on by the certifier in relation to ground heights to decide the application. The certifier may require further information in relation to ground heights.				
10 11 12			<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).				
13 14		(4)	For this section, a certifier that is a partnership inspects land personally if any partner inspects the land.				
15	26B		Contents of request for further information				
16		(1)	A request under section 26A must—				
17 18			(a) state the period within which the further information asked for must be provided; and				
19 20			(b) if the further information is not a document—state that the further information must be provided in writing; and				
21 22 23 24			(c) state that the applicant need not provide the further information, but if the applicant fails to provide some or all of the information in accordance with the request, the certifier may refuse to issue a building approval under section 28; and				
25 26 27 28			(d) state that, despite the applicant and certifier having previously not agreed that the certifier would obtain the further information, the applicant and certifier may agree that the certifier will obtain the information.				
29 30		(2)	The request may require the applicant to verify all or part of any information provided by statutory declaration.				

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004				
	Amendment	[1.17]				
1 2 3	(3)	The period stated under subsection (1) (a) must be at least 20 working days or, if a shorter period is prescribed by regulation, the shorter period.				
4 5 6 7	(4)	The certifier may, on application before the end of the period stated under subsection (1) (a), extend the period within which the further information must be provided once only, for a period not longer than 20 working days.				
8 9 10		<i>Note</i> The certifier may extend the period within which further information must be provided after the end of the period being extended (see Legislation Act, s 151C (3)).				
11 12	26C	Applications for building approval—effect of failure to provide further information				
13	(1)	This section applies if—				
14 15		(a) a certifier has asked for further information under section 26A in relation to an application; and				
16 17		(b) the applicant has not provided some or all of the information in accordance with the request; and				
18 19		(c) the applicant and the certifier have not agreed that the certifier will obtain the further information.				
20 21	(2)	The certifier may refuse to issue a building approval under section 28.				
22	[1.17]	Section 27 (1) (b)				
23		substitute				
24 25 26		(b) if a regulation requires the advice of an entity to be sought on the application—the entity's advice has been sought as prescribed by regulation; and				

Amendment [1.18]

1	[1.18]	Section 28 (1) (c)
2		substitute
3 4 5 6		(c) section 30 (When building approvals not to be issued— general) and section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued—advice on referral) do not prevent the issue of the approval; and
7 8 9 10 11		(d) if there is a written agreement between the certifier and applicant for the payment of an amount for deciding the application and the agreement states that the amount is to be paid before the application is decided—the amount has been paid.
12	[1.19]	Section 28 (2)
13		substitute
14 15	(2)	As soon as practicable after receiving the application for building approval, the certifier must—
16 17		(a) take all reasonable steps to get the information the certifier reasonably needs to decide the application; and
18 19 20		(b) if satisfied on reasonable grounds that the plans meet each applicable approval requirement under section 29 and is not prevented from being issued under section 30 or section 30A—
21 22 23 24		 (i) prepare a notice (the <i>building approval certificate</i>) certifying what approval requirements apply to the application and why the building approval is not prevented from being issued; and
25 26		(ii) issue the building approval and give the building approval certificate to the applicant.
27 28		<i>Note 1</i> If a form is approved under s 151 for this provision, the form must be used.
29		<i>Note 2</i> A fee may be determined under s 150 for this provision.

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004		
	Amendment	[1.20]		
1 2 3 4 5	(2A)	To remove any doubt, a certifier is not required to decide an application for building approval if the applicant has asked the certifier to delay making the decision, whether to allow the applicant to negotiate with an entity to which the application has been referred or for any other reason.		
6	[1.20]	Section 28 (3) to (7)		
7		substitute		
8	28A	Marking building approval		
9	(1)	If a certifier issues a building approval under section 28—		
10 11 12		(a) the approval must be marked on, attached to or partly marked on and partly attached to, each page of the plans it relates to; and		
13		(b) the certifier must—		
14 15		(i) initial, date and mark the certifier's licence number on each page of the plans; and		
16		(ii) attach each accompanying document to the plans; and		
17 18 19		(iii) if the accompanying documents do not include an asbestos assessment report—attach an asbestos advice to the plans.		
20 21		<i>Note</i> If a form is approved under s 151 for a building approval, the form must be used.		
22 23 24 25	(2)	However, if, because of the size of the plans, it is impractical to mark the building approval on each page of the plans, the certifier may, instead of marking the approval under subsection (1) (a), mark each page of the plans with—		
26		(a) the certifier's initials and licence number and the date; and		
27 28		(b) an indication that the approval, or part of the approval, is in a separate document.		

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.20]

1 2 3 4 5 6	(3)	Also, if, because of the size of 1 or more of the accompanying documents (the <i>relevant documents</i>), it is impractical to attach the relevant documents to the plans, the certifier may, instead of attaching the relevant documents under subsection (1) (b) (ii), mark each page of the plans with an indication that the relevant documents are separate.			
7	(4)	If the certifier issues the building approval, the certifier must—			
8		(a) give to the person who applied for the approval a copy of—			
9		(i) the approval; and			
10		(ii) the relevant plans; and			
11 12 13		(iii) if 1 or more of the accompanying documents are not attached to the plans—the accompanying documents that are not attached; and			
14 15		(b) not later than 7 days after the day of issue, give to the construction occupations registrar—			
16		(i) a copy of the approval; and			
17		(ii) the building approval certificate; and			
18		(iii) a copy of the relevant plans; and			
19		(iv) if 1 or more of the accompanying documents are not			
20 21		attached to the plans—a copy of the accompanying documents that are not attached; and			
22		(v) if notification of the certifier's appointment has not			
23 24		previously been given to the registrar—notification of the appointment.			
24		<i>Note 1</i> If a form is approved under s 151 for a notification of appointment, the			
25 26		form must be used.			
27		<i>Note 2</i> A fee may be determined under s 150 for this section.			

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.21]	

1	(5)	In this section:		
2 3 4		<i>accompanying document</i> , in relation to a building approval, means a document required to accompany the application for the building approval.		
5 6 7		<i>Note</i> Section 26 requires certain documents to accompany applications for building approval and allows other material required to accompany applications to be prescribed by regulation.		
8	[1.21]	Section 29 (1) (b)		
9		substitute		
10 11 12		 (b) if the plans are for the erection or alteration of a building—the building, if erected or altered in accordance with the plans, will comply with this Act; 		
13 14		(ba) if the plans are for the demolition of a building—demolition in accordance with the plans will comply with this Act;		
15	[1.22]	New section 29 (1) (f)		
16		insert		
17 18 19		(f) if the plans show site work that, if carried out in accordance with the plans, might be exempt under the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i> from requiring development approval—		
20 21		(i) the plans show all the information necessary to establish that the site work will be exempt; or		
22		(ii) development approval for the site work is attached.		
23 24 25 26 27		Example Plans show a proposed residence and garage, and development approval has not been given. The information in the plans in relation to the residence and garage suggests that the residence and garage might be exempt from the requirement for development approval.		

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1

1				er, the territory plan sets out other requirements that must be satisfied			
2			before the proposed residence and garage will be exempt from requiring				
3 4			development approval, for example, requirements in relation to trees, driveways,				
4 5			car parking, colours and the amount of the land parcel that must not contain				
-			certain buildings.				
6 7			The plans must show all the information necessary for the certifier to be satisfied				
8			that all the requirements for the proposed residence and garage to be exempt from requiring development approval have been met, including the requirements in				
9			relation to trees, driveways and other matters related to the residence and garage				
10			in the territory plan.				
11				lopment approval is given for the proposed residence and the garage, then			
12				ns do not need to include the information necessary to establish that they			
13				mpt from requiring development approval.			
14			Note 1	Section 30 and s 30A prevent building approval from being given in			
15				some cases.			
16			Note 2	An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but			
17				does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see			
18				Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).			
				Legislation Act, \$ 120 and \$ 152).			
	[1 23	81	Secti	•			
19	[1.23	8]		ons 30 and 31			
	[1.23	8]	Secti substi	ons 30 and 31			
19	[1.23 30	8]	substi	ons 30 and 31			
19 20		3] (1)	substi Wher	ons 30 and 31 tute			
19 20 21		-	substi When A cert	ons 30 and 31 tute n building approvals not to be issued—general			
19 20 21 22		-	substi When A cert work	ons 30 and 31 tute h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site			
19 20 21 22 23		-	substi When A cert work in the	ons 30 and 31 <i>tute</i> h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site to which the application for the approval relates would result			
19 20 21 22 23 24		-	substi When A cert work in the becau	ons 30 and 31 tute h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site to which the application for the approval relates would result contravention of this Act or any other law in force in the ACT se of—			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25		-	substi When A cert work in the becau (a) t	ons 30 and 31 <i>tute</i> h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site to which the application for the approval relates would result contravention of this Act or any other law in force in the ACT			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		-	substi When A cert work in the becau (a) t	ons 30 and 31 <i>tute</i> h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site to which the application for the approval relates would result contravention of this Act or any other law in force in the ACT se of— he design or siting of a proposed building or a building as			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		-	substi When A cert work in the becau (a) t I (b) t	ons 30 and 31 <i>tute</i> h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site to which the application for the approval relates would result contravention of this Act or any other law in force in the ACT se of— he design or siting of a proposed building or a building as proposed to be altered; or			
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 		-	substi When A cert work in the becau (a) t (b) t (c) t	ons 30 and 31 <i>tute</i> h building approvals not to be issued—general tifier must not issue a building approval if carrying out the site to which the application for the approval relates would result contravention of this Act or any other law in force in the ACT se of— he design or siting of a proposed building or a building as proposed to be altered; or he material used in the building; or			

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.23]	

1		(d) th	e number of buildings on the land.				
2		Example					
3		Under th	Under the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i> , s 240 leased land must not be				
4			used for a purpose other than a purpose authorised by the lease. A lease provides				
5			eased land may be used only for a single residence.				
6 7			lication for building work on the land contains plans for 2 residences in a uilding, carrying out the site work will result in a contravention of the				
8			d therefore the Planning and Development Act. Accordingly, a certifier				
9			issue the building approval.				
10		If an app	lication for building work on the land indicates that 1 room is to be used				
11			me office, and part of the lounge room is to contain a bar area, the				
12 13			may still be used as a residence and a certifier could issue building , even though conducting a home business may require development				
13		approval					
45		Note 1					
15 16		Note 1	The power to make a statutory instrument includes the power to amend or repeal the instrument in the same way (see Legislation Act, s 46).				
17		Note 2	A reference to an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments				
18 19			made or in force under the Act, including any regulation (see Legislation Act, s 104).				
20		Note 3	See the sustainability guidelines made under s 143.				
21		Note 4	An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but				
22			does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see				
23			Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).				
24	(2)	A regul	ation may prescribe when, apart from this section, a building				
25		approva	al must not be issued.				
26	(3)	In this	section:				
27		design,	of a building, includes anything affecting the appearance of				
28		the building.					

1 2	30A	When building approvals not to be issued—advice on referral	
3 4	(1)	This section applies to an application to a certifier for building approval if—	
5 6		(a) a regulation requires the advice of an entity to be sought on the application; and	
7 8		(b) the entity's advice has been sought as prescribed by regulation; and	
9 10		(c) issuing the approval or carrying out work in accordance with the approval would be inconsistent with the advice; and	
11		(d) the entity has not—	
12		(i) withdrawn the advice; or	
13 14 15 16		(ii) changed or added to the advice so that issuing the approval or carrying out work in accordance with the approval would not be inconsistent with the advice as changed or added to.	
17 18	(2)	The certifier must not issue the building approval unless satisfied on reasonable grounds that—	
19 20		(a) further information or amendments of the application address the advice of the entity; or	
21 22		(b) the advice relates to an area other than an area that the entity giving the advice is authorised by regulation to give advice on.	
23	(3)	A regulation may prescribe the following:	
24 25		(a) when the advice of an entity must be sought on an application to a certifier for building approval;	
26		(b) anything else in relation to the advice.	

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.24]	

1	31	Application for approval of amended plans
2	(1)	This section applies if—
3		(a) a building approval has been issued for building work; and
4 5		(b) the owner of the parcel of land where the building work is being, or is to be, done has amended the plans for the work.
6 7	(2)	The owner may apply, in writing, to a certifier to approve the amended plans.
8 9		<i>Note</i> If a form is approved under s 151 for an application, the form must be used.
10	[1.24]	Section 32 (2)
11		omit
12		plans as amended
13		substitute
14		amended plans
15	[1.25]	Section 32 (2) (b)
16		substitute
17		
		(b) the application would not be refused because of section 30
18 10		(When building approvals not to be issued—general) or
18 19 20		
19		(When building approvals not to be issued—general) or section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued—
19 20	[1.26]	(When building approvals not to be issued—general) or section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued— advice on referral) if it were an application for a building
19 20 21	[1.26]	(When building approvals not to be issued—general) or section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued— advice on referral) if it were an application for a building approval; and
19 20 21 22	[1.26]	 (When building approvals not to be issued—general) or section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued—advice on referral) if it were an application for a building approval; and Section 32 (3)
19 20 21 22 23	[1.26]	 (When building approvals not to be issued—general) or section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued—advice on referral) if it were an application for a building approval; and Section 32 (3) <i>omit</i>
19 20 21 22 23 24	[1.26]	 (When building approvals not to be issued—general) or section 30A (When building approvals not to be issued—advice on referral) if it were an application for a building approval; and Section 32 (3) <i>omit</i> plans as amended

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

Amendment [1.27]

1	[1.27]	New sections 32A to 32C
2		insert
3 4	32A	Application for approved plans amendment—certifier may require further information
5	(1)	This section applies if—
6 7		(a) the owner of a parcel of land (the <i>applicant</i>) has applied to a certifier under section 31 to approve amended plans; and
8 9 10		(b) further information is required for the certifier to be able to decide the application without personally inspecting the land where the building work is being, or is to be, carried out; and
11 12		(c) the applicant and the certifier have not agreed that the certifier will obtain the further information.
13 14 15 16 17 18	(2)	The certifier may, by written notice, ask the applicant to give the certifier stated further information in relation to the application if the certifier believes on reasonable grounds that the information will help the certifier to decide the application without personally inspecting the land where the building work is being, or is to be, carried out.
19 20	(3)	To remove any doubt, this section does not entitle a certifier to require—
21 22		(a) photographs to be taken by someone other than the applicant; or
23 24		(b) photographs to be taken using equipment of the applicant's choice at or near ground level; or
25		(c) further information if—
26 27 28 29		(i) the certifier has, or has reasonable access to, suitable information that allows the certifier to decide the application without personally inspecting the land where the building work is to be carried out; or

New sections 32A to 32C

[1.27]

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004
	Amendment	[1.27]
1 2		(ii) a territory law requires the certifier to personally obtain or be given the information.
3 4 5		<i>Note</i> For examples of suitable information a certifier has or has reasonable access to, see s 26A (Applications for building approval—certifier may require further information).
6 7	(4)	For this section, a certifier that is a partnership inspects land personally if any partner inspects the land.
8	32B	Contents of request for further information
9	(1)	A request under section 32A must—
10 11		(a) state the period within which the further information asked for must be provided; and
12 13		(b) if the further information is not a document—state that the further information must be provided in writing; and
14 15 16 17 18		(c) state that the applicant need not provide the further information, but if the applicant fails to provide some or all of the information in accordance with the request, the certifier may refuse to approve the amended plans to which the application relates; and
19 20 21 22		(d) state that, despite the applicant and certifier having previously not agreed that the certifier would obtain the further information, the applicant and certifier may agree that the certifier will obtain the information.
23 24	(2)	The request may require the applicant to verify all or part of any information provided by statutory declaration.
25 26 27	(3)	The period stated under subsection (1) (a) must be at least 20 working days or, if a shorter period is prescribed by regulation, the shorter period.

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.28]

1 2 3 4	(4)	The certifier may, on application before the end of the period stated under subsection (1) (a), extend the period within which the further information must be provided once only, for a period not longer than 20 working days.
5 6 7		<i>Note</i> The certifier may extend the period within which further information must be provided after the end of the period being extended (see Legislation Act, s 151C (3)).
8 9	32C	Approved plans amendment—effect of failure to provide further information
10	(1)	This section applies if—
11 12		(a) a certifier has asked for further information under section 32A in relation to an application; and
13 14		(b) the applicant has not provided some or all of the information in accordance with the request; and
15 16		(c) the applicant and the certifier have not agreed that the certifier will obtain the further information.
17 18	(2)	The certifier may refuse to approve the amended plans to which the application relates.
19	[1.28]	Section 33 (1)
20		omit
21		plans as amended
22		substitute
23		amended plans
24	[1.29]	Section 33 (1) (b)
25		substitute
26 27		(b) the certifier must initial, date and mark the certifier's licence number on each page of the plans.

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Schedule 1
Part 1.1Legislation amended
Building Act 2004Amendment [1.30]

1	[1.30]	Section 33 (2)
2		substitute
3 4 5 6	(2)	However, if, because of the size of the plans, it is impractical to mark the amended building approval on each page of the plans, the certifier may, instead of marking the approval under subsection (1) (a), mark each page of the plans with—
7		(a) the certifier's initials and licence number and the date; and
8 9		(b) an indication that the approval, or part of the approval, is in a separate document.
10	[1.31]	Section 35
11		substitute
12 13	35	Land to be used in accordance with lease and development approval
14 15		The issue of a building approval for building work on a parcel of land does not authorise—
16 17		(a) for land leased from the Commonwealth—use of the land for a purpose other than that for which the lease was granted; or
18 19		(b) use of the land contrary to a provision, covenant or condition of any lease on the parcel; or
20 21		(c) development on the land for which development approval is required unless there is the required development approval; or
22 23 24		(d) if development on the land requires development approval— development on the land contrary to a required development approval.
25	[1.32]	Section 36 (1) (b)
26		substitute
27		(b) any development period applying to the building work.

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

Amendment [1.33]

1	[1.33]	New section 36 (3A)
2		insert
3 4	(3A)	To remove any doubt, a building approval, or part of the building approval, does not operate while the approval or part is suspended.
5 6		<i>Note</i> A building approval, or part of the approval, may be suspended under s 53.
7	[1.34]	New section 36A
8		in division 3.3, insert
9 10	36A	Requirement to give advice in relation to proposed building work
11	(1)	This section applies if—
12 13		(a) an entity's advice on an application for building approval has been sought as prescribed under section 27 (1) (b); and
14		(b) either—
15		(i) the entity has given advice on the application; or
16 17		(ii) has not given advice within the time prescribed for giving the advice; and
18 19		(c) the certifier is required under section 28 to issue a building approval on the application; and
20		(d) the certifier issues the building approval; and
21 22		(e) the approved plans for the building approval are substantially consistent with the advice.
23 24 25 26 27	(2)	For this section, if an entity fails to give advice sought under section $27(1)$ (b) within the time prescribed by regulation in relation to an application for building approval referred to the entity, the entity is taken to have given advice that the entity supports the application.

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1 Amendment	Legislation amended Building Act 2004 [1.34]
1 2	(3)	The entity must not act inconsistently with the advice in relation to the application for building approval unless—
3 4 5		(a) further information in relation to the building work proposed in the application comes to the entity's attention (other than information mentioned in subsection (4)); and
6 7		(b) the entity did not have the further information when the entity gave the advice; and
8 9		(c) the further information is relevant to the advice the entity gave; and
10 11		(d) the entity would have given different advice if the entity had the further information before giving the advice.
12 13 14	(4)	Subsection (3) (a) does not apply to further information in relation to building work proposed in the application for building approval if the information—
15		(a) was not required in the building approval application; and
16		(b) is required by the entity after the application is approved; and
17 18		(c) is consistent in all significant respects with information already provided by the applicant, except that it is more detailed.
19 20	(5)	For this section, an entity <i>acts inconsistently</i> with advice in relation to an application for building approval if—
21 22		(a) the advice is that the entity will issue or give an approval or other thing in relation to the building work; and
23		(b) the application is approved; and
24		(c) the entity—
25 26		(i) does not issue or give the approval or other thing consistent with the advice; or

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Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.34]

1 2 3	(ii) issues or gives the approval or other thing in a way, or subject to a condition, that prevents the applicant undertaking the building work approved.
-	
4	Example of advice
5	that the entity will agree to the erection of a building over a buried sewer main
6 7 8	<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
9 (6) 10	Also for this section, an entity <i>acts inconsistently</i> with advice in relation to an application if—
11 12 13	(a) the advice is that an activity to which the application relates does not require a particular authorisation (however described); and
14 15 16	(b) the entity prosecutes someone, or takes other compliance action, in relation to the activity because the activity is carried out without the particular authorisation.
17	Example of acting inconsistently
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	An Act prohibits activity A without an approval. The entity responsible for administering the Act gives advice sought under s 27 (1) (b) that the activity (activity B) in the application does not fall within the description of activity A. The application is approved consistent with the advice. The entity can not prosecute a person for carrying out activity B in accordance with the approved application because activity B does fall within the description of activity A and the person did not have approval.
25 (7) 26	For this section, an entity <i>acts inconsistently</i> with advice in relation to an application if the entity—
27 28 29	(a) refuses to do something required to be done by the entity to allow the applicant to undertake the development approved in the application; or
30 31 32	(b) does something in a way, or subject to a condition, that prevents the applicant from undertaking the development approved in the application.

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Schedule 1
Part 1.1Legislation amended
Building Act 2004Amendment [1.35]

1	[1.35]	Section 42 (1) (e)
2		substitute
3 4		(e) for building work required to be done only by a licensed builder—
5 6 7		(i) the building work must be carried out by or under the supervision of the builder mentioned in the building commencement notice; and
8 9		(ii) the builder's licence must authorise the doing of the building work;
10	[1.36]	Sections 43 and 44
11		substitute
12	43	Stages of building work
13	(1)	The regulations may prescribe—
14		(a) stages of building work; and
15 16		(b) for building work done beyond a stage in contravention of this section—
17 18 19		(i) when further building work is exempted from subsection (2) or (3) to allow building work to proceed beyond the stage; and
20		(ii) how the building work may proceed beyond the stage.
21		Example of regulations with s 43 (3)
22		A regulation under section 43 (1) (a) prescribes that a stage of building work is
23		completion of the structural framework before the placement of any internal lining
24		(the <i>structural framework stage</i>). A licensee in charge of building a house
25 26		completes the structural framework for the house, but attaches plasterboard sheets to the inside of the wall frames without giving the certifier for the work notice that
26 27		the structural framework is complete. The certifier has not inspected the work or
28 29		given written permission for the work to proceed, so the licensee has contravened section 43 (3).

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

	Building Act 2004 Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.36]
1 2	If the licensee does further building work on the house, that work would be beyond the structural framework stage.
3	A regulation under section 43 (1) (b) may prescribe to the effect that—
4 5 6 7	(a) further building work is exempt if the further work is to undo all or part of the building work that was done beyond the stage, so that the certifier can inspect the building work for the stage (and give permission for building work to proceed beyond the stage); and
8 9	(b) the building work may proceed if it is otherwise done in accordance with the Act.
10 11 12 13	Under the possible regulation, if all or some of the plasterboard sheets are removed so that the certifier can inspect the structural framework, and the sheets are removed in accordance with the Act, the removal of the sheets would not contravene section 43 (3).
14 15 16	<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
17 (2) 18 19	A building licensee in charge of building work must not do building work above dampcourse level (other than further building work exempted under subsection (1) (b)) unless—
20	(a) the certifier has received—
21 22 23 24	(i) a plan (a <i>survey plan</i>) signed by a registered surveyor stating the position of the building in relation to the boundaries of the parcel of land where the building is to be erected and stating the level that the floor or floors of
25 26	the building will have in relation to a level stated in the approved plans; or
27	(ii) another document prescribed under the regulations; and
28 29	(b) the certifier is satisfied that the position of the building and the level of the floor or floors are in accordance with—
30	(i) the approved plans; and

Legislation amended

Schedule 1

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.36]	

1 2			(ii) the conditions to which any consent or approval mentioned in section 27 (1) (b) is subject.	
3			Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	
4 5 6		(3)	A building licensee in charge of building work that has reached a stage must not do building work beyond the stage (other than further building work exempted under subsection (1) (b)) unless—	
7 8			(a) the licensee has given to the certifier notice that the stage has been reached; and	
9 10			(b) the certifier has inspected the building work and given written permission for the work to proceed.	
11			Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	
12 13 14 15		(4)	If a building licensee in charge of building work is required under section 44 (6) to conduct a test, the licensee must, as soon as practicable after the test is completed, give the person who made the requirement the written results of the test.	
16		(5)	An offence against this section is a strict liability offence.	
17	44		Stage inspections	
18 19 20		(1)	If a certifier receives a notice under section 43 (3) (a) for building work, the certifier must inspect the building work as soon as practicable.	
21 22		(2)	On, or as soon as practicable (but in any case within 2 working days), after inspection, the certifier must—	
23 24 25 26			 (a) if satisfied on reasonable grounds that the building work does not comply with section 42 (Requirements for carrying out building work), give the building licensee in charge of the building work written notice that— 	
27			(i) the work does not comply with section 42; and	

1 2		(ii) includes directions that are reasonable and appropriate for achieving compliance; and
3		(iii) states a reasonable date by which to achieve compliance.
4 5 6 7		(b) if satisfied on reasonable grounds that building work complies with section 42—certify that the work complies and give the certificate to the building licensee in charge of the building work.
8 9	(3)	A certifier commits an offence if the certifier contravenes subsection (1) or (2).
10		Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.
11	(4)	An offence against subsection (3) is a strict liability offence.
12 13 14	(5)	A certifier must certify that building work complies with section 42 and give the certificate to the building licensee in charge of the building work if the certifier—
15 16		(a) has given a notice mentioned in subsection (2) (a) to the licensee; and
17		(b) is satisfied on reasonable grounds that—
18 19 20 21		(i) the building licensee in charge of the building work has done what is reasonable and appropriate to achieve compliance (even if what is done is not in accordance with the directions in the notice); and
22 23		(ii) the building work otherwise complies with section 42; and
24 25		(c) if a regulation prescribes a procedure to be followed in relation to the certification—follows the procedure.
26 27 28 29	(6)	A certifier may, by written notice, require the building licensee in charge of the building work to conduct, on the materials used or to be used in the work, on the structure of the building, or in relation to anything else connected with the work, the tests stated in the notice.

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.37]	

4	[1.37]	Section 45 (1) (c)		
1 2	[1.37]	substitute		
3		(c) tests under section 44 (6).		
4	[1.38]	Section 48 (1)		
5		substitute		
6	(1)	This section applies if—		
7		(a) building work appears to have been completed; and		
8		(b) either—		
9 10		(i) the certifier is satisfied on reasonable grounds that the work has been completed—		
11		(A) in accordance with this Act; and		
12 13		(B) in accordance with, or substantially in accordance with, the approved plans; or		
14		(ii) the certifier is satisfied on reasonable grounds that—		
15 16		(A) the work has not been completed in accordance with this Act; and		
17		(B) the work has been completed in accordance with, or		
18		substantially in accordance with, the approved plans		
19		or plans that have been approved plans for the work,		
20		but are no longer approved plans in the		
21		circumstances prescribed by regulation; and		
22		(c) the building as erected or altered is structurally sufficient,		
23		sound and stable for the purposes for which it is to be occupied		
24		or used.		
25	(1A)	A regulation may prescribe when work is or is not substantially in		
26		accordance with approved plans.		

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Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

Amendment [1.39]

1	[1.39]	Section 48 (2) (b) and (c)
2		substitute
3 4		(b) a copy of the plan or document mentioned in section 43 (2) (a) (i);
5 6		(c) a copy of each certificate issued for the building work under section 44 (2) (b) or (5);
7	[1.40]	Section 48 (2) (e)
8		substitute
9		(e) either—
10 11 12 13		 (i) a certificate by the certifier that the building work has been completed in accordance with this Act and in accordance with, or substantially in accordance with, the approved plans; or
14 15		(ii) if subsection (1) (b) (ii) applies—a certificate prescribed by regulation;
16	[1.41]	Section 48 (2) (h)
17		substitute
18 19 20 21		 (h) if, in the certifier's view, the requirements of section 69 (1), (2) or (3) (Certificates of occupancy) have been satisfied—written advice that the registrar would be justified in issuing a certificate of occupancy for the building under the section;
22 23		(ha) if, in the certifier's view, section 69 (2B) applies—written advice to that effect;

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.42]	

1	[1.42]	Section 50
2		substitute
3 4	50	Notification by certifier of contraventions of building and development approvals—building work
5	(1)	A certifier commits an offence if—
6 7		(a) building work in contravention of a building approval or development approval comes to the certifier's attention; and
8		(b) the certifier is certifier for the building work; and
9 10		(c) the certifier does not tell the construction occupations registrar about the contravention—
11 12 13		 (i) if the building work is fundamentally noncompliant—not later than the next working day after the day the contravention comes to the certifier's attention; or
14 15		(ii) in any other case—within 5 days after the day the contravention comes to the certifier's attention.
16		Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.
17 18 19		<i>Note</i> Notice of a contravention given under this section is taken to be a complaint made under the <i>Construction Occupations (Licensing) Act 2004</i> , s 117.
20 21 22	(2)	Subsection (1) applies whether or not a notice under section 44 (2) (a) (Stage inspections) has been given in relation to the matter.
23 24 25	(3)	However, subsection (1) does not apply to building work only because the work does not comply with section 42 (Requirements for carrying out building work) if—
26		(a) the building work is not fundamentally noncompliant; and

1 2		(b) the certifier gives the building licensee in charge of the building work written notice that—	
3		(i) the work does not comply with section 42; and	
4 5		(ii) includes directions that are reasonable and appropriate for achieving compliance; and	
6		(iii) states a reasonable date by which to achieve compliance.	
7 8 9 10		(c) the certifier is satisfied on reasonable grounds that the building licensee in charge of the building work has done what is reasonable and appropriate to achieve compliance (even if what is done is not in accordance with the directions in the	
11		notice).	
12		Example—s (3)	
13 14 15 16		It comes to a certifier's attention that a builder has done building work above the dampcourse level without a plan or document mentioned in s 43 (2) (a). That contravention of this Act must be reported under s (1). Subsection (3) does not have an effect because the contravention relates to s 43, not s 42.	
17 18		<i>Note 1</i> The certifier has the evidentiary burden of establishing the matters mentioned in s (3) (see Criminal Code, s 58).	
19 20 21		<i>Note 2</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).	
22 23	(4)	A regulation may prescribe when building work is fundamentally noncompliant.	
24	(5)	An offence against this section is a strict liability offence.	

Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.42]	

1 2	50A		Notification by certifier of possible noncompliant site work
3		(1)	A certifier must tell the planning and land authority if—
4			(a) the certifier suspects that—
5 6 7			(i) site work does not comply with, or is likely to produce a building that does not comply with, approved building plans; and
8 9			(ii) the site work is development requiring development approval; and
10			(b) either—
11			(i) there is no development approval for the site work; or
12 13 14 15 16			(ii) if there is development approval in relation to the site work—the site work has been done, or is likely to be done, in a way that will not comply with, or is likely to produce a result that will not comply with, the development approval; and
17 18			(c) the certifier is certifier for building work at the land where the site work has been carried out.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25			Examples The certifier for building work for a residence on land notices that a large tree on the land has been removed to build the residence. The approved plans for the building work indicate that the tree exists and do not indicate that the tree is to be removed. The certifier suspects that removal of the tree required development approval and suspects that there is no development approval for the tree's removal. The certifier must report the suspicion.

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.42]

1 2 3 4 5			2 The certifier for building work on a parcel of land notices that formwork is being set up for a proposed concrete driveway on the same parcel. The driveway requires development approval because of its location. The certifier suspects there is no development approval for the driveway. The certifier must report the suspicion.
6 7 8			<i>Note 1</i> Notice of a suspicion of noncompliant site work given under this section is taken to be a complaint made under the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i> , s 333.
9 10 11			<i>Note 2</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
12 13 14		(2)	Subsection (1) applies whether or not a notice under section 44 (2) (a) (Stage inspections) has been given in relation to the matter.
15		(3)	To remove any doubt, for this section, a certifier is not required to—
16 17 18			 (a) inspect or investigate anything not associated with working out if a building or building work for which the certifier has been appointed certifier complies with this Act; and
19 20 21			(b) work out if something complies, or does not comply, with a law other than this Act (unless this Act requires something to comply with another law); and
22 23			(c) find out whether there is development approval for building work.
24 25	50B		Site work without adequate development approval— people
26		(1)	A certifier who is a person commits an offence if—
27 28			(a) the certifier issues a building approval or approves amended plans; and
29 30			(b) the site work proposed in the approved plans requires development approval; and
31			<i>Note</i> Approved plans includes amended plans (see dict).
	-		

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.42]	

1	(c) when the building approval is issued or the amended plans are
2	approved, there is no development approval for the site work if
3	carried out in accordance with the plans.
4	Maximum penalty: 60 penalty units.
5	Example
6	Plans for a house show the ground level around the house as relatively flat and
7	level, and the house being not more than 9m tall at any point. The plans do not
8	show structural details, but receive development approval for construction of the
9 10	house. Structural plans for the house that accompany the application for building approval show the ground around the house slopes steeply and, because of this,
10	one end of the house is 10m tall.
12	If the house is built in accordance with the structural plans, the building work
13	would not have development approval because the development approval
14	authorises building work that is 9m tall and the house built in accordance with the
15	structural plans is 10m tall. If the certifier issues the building approval, the
16	certifier commits an offence.
17	<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but
18	does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see
19	Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
20	(2) A certifier who is a person commits an offence if—
21	(a) the certifier issues a building approval or approves amended
22	plans; and
22	(b) the approved plans are defective because they—
23	(b) the approved plans are delective because they—
24	(i) contain information that is false or inaccurate in a
25	material respect; or
26	(ii) omit information required to be shown in the plans; and
27	<i>Note</i> Approved plans includes amended plans (see dict).
28	(c) if the plans were not defective, the certifier would have
29	contravened subsection (1).
30	Maximum penalty: 60 penalty units.
	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1 2		(3)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) or (2) if the defendant proves that the defendant—
2			or (2) if the defendant proves that the defendant
3 4 5			(a) took all reasonable steps to find out whether the site work, if carried out in accordance with the approved plans, required development approval; and
6 7			(b) was satisfied on reasonable grounds that the development did not require development approval.
8 9		(4)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (2) if the defendant proves that the defendant—
10 11			(a) took all reasonable steps to find out if the approved plans were defective; and
12 13			(b) was satisfied on reasonable grounds that the plans were not defective.
14 15 16 17		(5)	To remove any doubt, if a building approval indicates that something is not to have work done in relation to it, or is not part of the building approval, the certifier does not commit an offence under this section in relation to the thing.
18		(6)	An offence against subsection (1) or (2) is a strict liability offence.
19 20	50C		Site work without adequate development approval— partners
21		(1)	Each partner commits an offence if—
22			(a) the partnership is a certifier; and
23 24			(b) the certifier issues a building approval or approves amended plans; and
25 26			(c) the site work proposed in the approved plans requires development approval; and
27			<i>Note</i> Approved plans includes amended plans (see dict).

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004
	Amendment	[1.42]
2		(d) when the building approval is issued or the amended plans are approved, there is no development approval for the site work if carried out in accordance with the plans.
		Maximum penalty: 60 penalty units.
i		Example See example for s 50B (1).
;)		<i>Note</i> An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
)	(2)	Each partner commits an offence if—
		(a) the partnership is a certifier; and
2		(b) the certifier issues a building approval or approves amended plans; and
		(c) the approved plans are defective because they—
i		(i) contain information that is false or inaccurate in a material respect; or
		(ii) omit information required to be shown in the plans; and
;		(d) if the plans were not defective, the certifier would have contravened subsection (1).
)		Maximum penalty: 60 penalty units.
!	(3)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) or (2) if the partnership proves that the partnership—
5 - -		(a) took all reasonable steps to find out whether the site work, if carried out in accordance with the approved plans, required development approval; and
; ,		(b) was satisfied on reasonable grounds that the development did not require development approval.

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1 2	(4)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) or (2) if the partner proves—
		(a) that—
3		(a) tilat—
4 5		(i) the partner did not know about the contravention of the subsection involved in the offence; and
6 7		(ii) the partner took reasonable precautions and exercised appropriate diligence to avoid the contravention; or
8 9 10		(b) that the partner was not in a position to influence the partnership in relation to the conduct involved in the contravention.
11 12	(5)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (2) if the partnership proves that the partnership—
13 14		(a) took all reasonable steps to find out if the approved plans were defective; and
15 16		(b) was satisfied on reasonable grounds that the plans were not defective.
17 18 19 20	(6)	To remove any doubt, if a building approval indicates that something is not to have work done in relation to it, or is not part of the building approval, the certifier does not commit an offence under this section in relation to the thing.
21	(7)	An offence against subsection (1) or (2) is a strict liability offence.
22 [1.43]	New section 53 (1) (ba)
23		insert
24 25		(ba) in accordance with a building approval that is, or part of which is, defective because it contains information that—
26		(i) is false, misleading or inaccurate in a material respect; or

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1 Amendment	Legislation amended Building Act 2004 [1.44]
1 2 3 4		 (ii) conflicts with other information in the approval so that carrying out building work, or site work that materially affects the building work, in accordance with the approval or part—
5		(A) is not physically possible; or
6 7		(B) is unlikely to be physically possible without amending the building approval; or
8 9 10 11 12		(C) is likely to contravene this Act, another territory law or a condition of a consent that applies to the building work or a lease, licence, permit or other authority that applies to the land where the building work is being carried out; or
13	[1.44]	Section 53 (1) (e) and (f)
14		substitute
15 16		(e) for building work forming part of a development requiring development approval—without development approval; or
17 18 19		(f) for building work forming part of a development with development approval—contrary to the approval, or a condition of the approval; or
20	[1.45]	New section 53 (2A)
21		insert
22 23	(2A)	A stop notice in relation to building work under a building approval suspends the operation of the building approval—
24 25 26		(a) if the stop notice prohibits the carrying out of any further building work—in relation to all building work under the approval; or
27 28		(b) if the stop notice prohibits the carrying out of stated building work—in relation to the stated building work.

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Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.46]

2		substitute		
3 4		(a) the entity that gave the stop notice cancels the stop notice is writing signed by the entity; or		
5	[1.47]	Sectio	on 53 (4)	
6		substiti	ute	
7 8 9	(4)	A stop notice may not be issued on a ground mentioned subsection (1) (a), (b) or (ba) for work in relation to an exer building.		
10 11 12	(5)	To remove any doubt, the ending of a stop work notice ends the suspension of any building approval suspended because of the stop work notice.		
13 14		Note	A stop work notice automatically suspends a building approval (see s $(2A)$).	
15	[1.48]	Sectio	on 54 (2), note	
16		substiti	ute	
17 18 19 20 21		Note 1	A stop work notice suspends a building approval in relation to all or stated building work under the approval (see s 53 (2A)). This means that building work that contravenes this Act unless done in accordance with a building approval contravenes this Act if a stop work notice has suspended the approval.	
22 23 24		Note 2	An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).	

[1.46]

1

Section 53 (3) (a)

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.49]	

1	[1.49]	New section 57 (4)
2		insert
3	(4)	To remove any doubt, the cancellation of a stop work notice ends
4		the suspension of any building approval suspended because of the
5		stop work notice.
6 7		<i>Note</i> A stop work notice automatically suspends a building approval (see s 53 (2A)).
8	[1.50]	Section 59 (b) and (c)
9		substitute
10		(b) the person by whom the building work mentioned in the notice
11		is being, or is to be, carried out or, if the building work is being
12		carried out by a partnership, any partner; or
13		(c) for a stop notice—
14 15		(i) any person carrying out building work mentioned in the notice; or
16		(ii) if the building work is being carried out by a partnership,
17		any partner; or
18	[1.51]	Section 60 (2)
19		substitute
20	(2)	The construction occupations registrar may give the owner of the
21		parcel of land where the building work was carried out, the person
22		by whom the building work was carried out or, if the work was
23		carried out by a partnership, any partner a notice requiring the
24		person to give to the registrar the plan or document mentioned in
25		section 43 (2) (a) (i).

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1

Amendment [1.52]

1	[1.52]	Section 61 (e) and (f)
2		substitute
3 4 5		(e) building work forming part of a development requiring development approval has been carried out without development approval;
6 7 8	(f) building work forming part of a development wirdevelopment approval has been carried out contrary to t approval, or a condition of the approval;	
9	[1.53]	Section 64
10		substitute
11	64	Compliance with notices under pt 4
12	(1)	A person commits an offence if the person—
13		(a) is given a notice under this part; and
14		(b) contravenes the notice.
15		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
16	(2)	Each partner commits an offence if the partnership—
17		(a) is given a notice under this part; and
18		(b) contravenes the notice.
19		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.
20	(3)	An offence against this section is a strict liability offence.
21 22	(4)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (1) or (2) if the defendant proves that the defendant—
23 24		(a) paid a reasonable amount to have the work done by someone else who was licensed to do the work; and
25 26		(b) believed on reasonable grounds that the other person would do the work.

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

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	Schedule 1 Part 1.1	Legislation amended Building Act 2004
	Amendment	[1.54]
1 2	(5)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence against subsection (2) if the partner proves—
3		(a) that—
4 5		(i) the partner did not know about the contravention of the notice involved in the offence; and
6 7		(ii) the partner took reasonable precautions and exercised appropriate diligence to avoid the contravention; or
8 9 10		(b) that the partner was not in a position to influence the partnership in relation to the conduct involved in the contravention.
11	[1.54]	Section 65 (2) (b)
12		substitute
13		(b) the work is not exempt from this subsection under a regulation.
14	[1.55]	Section 66
15		substitute
16	66	Meaning of prescribed requirements—div 5.1
17		In this division:
18		prescribed requirements, in relation to building work, means—
19 20		(a) if the building work involves handling asbestos or disturbing friable asbestos—the requirements of this Act; or
21		(b) for any other building work—
22		(i) the requirements of this Act; or
23		(ii) the approved plans for the work.
24 25 26		<i>Note</i> A reference to an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under the Act, including any regulation and the building code (see Legislation Act, s 104).

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	Building Act 2004 Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.56]
66A	Prescribed requirements and contraventions of s 43— div 5.1
(1)	This section applies to building work undertaken in contravention of section 43 (Stages of building work).
(2)	To remove any doubt, for this division, the building work is not taken not to comply with the requirements of this Act only because doing the work contravened section 43 if the work has been allowed to proceed beyond the stage where the contravention happened in accordance with a regulation under section 43 (1).
[1.56]	New section 67 (2)
	insert
(2)	To remove any doubt, this section does not limit the matters that the construction occupations registrar may reasonably have regard to.
[1.57]	Section 68
	omit
	relating
	substitute
	in relation
[1.58]	New section 69 (2A) to (2C)
	insert
(2A)	The owner of a parcel of land where building work was carried out may apply for a certificate under subsection (2B).
	<i>Note</i> If a form is approved under s 151 for the application, the form must be used.
(2B)	The construction occupations registrar may issue a certificate in
``	relation to a building that the building as erected or altered is fit for occupation and use as a building of the class stated in the certificate if—

Legislation amended

Schedule 1

Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

page 53

Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.1	Building Act 2004
Amendment [1.59]	

1 2 3 4		 (a) the registrar is not satisfied on reasonable grounds that building work involving the erection or alteration of the building has been completed in accordance, or substantially in accordance, with the prescribed requirements for the building work; and
5		<i>Note</i> Prescribed requirements —see s 66.
6 7 8		(b) the applicant has completed any certification process prescribed by regulation in relation to the building or building work; and
9 10		(c) the building, or building work, is not excluded by regulation from this subsection.
11 12	(2C)	A certificate mentioned in subsection (2B) in relation to a building must include a statement to the effect that—
13 14 15 16 17		(a) the construction occupations registrar is not satisfied on reasonable grounds that building work involving the erection or alteration of the building has been completed in accordance, or substantially in accordance, with the prescribed requirements for the building work; and
18		<i>Note</i> Prescribed requirements —see s 66.
19 20 21		(b) the giving of the certificate does not affect the liability of anyone to comply with the provisions of a territory law (including this Act) in relation to the building; and
22		<i>Note</i> See s 68 (Effect of certificates under div 5.1).
23 24		(c) part 6 (Residential buildings—statutory warranties, insurance and fidelity certificates) may not apply to the building work.
25	[1.59]	Section 73
26		omit
27		Residential building
28		substitute
29		Residential buildings
	page 54	Building Legislation Amendment Bill 2007

Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1

[1.60]	Section 75 (4), definition of <i>qualified licensed</i> construction practitioner
	omit everything before paragraph (a), substitute
(4)	In this section:
	qualified licensed construction practitioner means an entity that—
[1.61]	Section 80 (3)
	omit
	69 (1) or (3)
	substitute
	69
[1.62]	Section 83 (2) (b)
	substitute
	(b) the work is not exempt from this subsection under a regulation.
[1.63]	Section 84, definition of <i>builder</i>
	substitute
	<i>builder</i> , in relation to residential building work or a residential building, means the entity stated to be the builder in the
	commencement notice for the building work or building.
[1.64]	Section 146 (2)
	omit everything before paragraph (a), substitute
(2)	The administrative appeals tribunal must not, in relation to a
	proposed building, or a building as proposed to be altered, forming part of a development—

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Schedule 1
Part 1.1Legislation amended
Building Act 2004Amendment [1.65]

1	[1.65]	Section 146 (3)
2	[1.05]	substitute
	(2)	
3 4	(3)	If the construction occupations registrar or another entity makes an appealable decision, the registrar or other entity must give written
4 5		notice of the decision to the relevant entity in relation to the
6		decision.
7	[1.66]	New section 152 (1A)
8		insert
9 10	(1A)	A regulation may exempt a building from the application of this Act, or part of the Act, whether—
11		(a) directly or by a further instrument; or
12		(b) conditionally or otherwise.
13	[1.67]	New section 152 (2) (c)
14		insert
15		(c) if an entity's advice is required to be sought on an application
16		for building approval—the advice the entity may provide.
17		<i>Note</i> See s 27 (1) (b).
18	[1.68]	Dictionary, definition of certifier, paragraph (a)
19		substitute
20		(a) for building work-means an entity appointed to act as
21		certifier under section 19 (Appointment of certifiers—work not
22 23		begun) or government certifier under section 20 (Appointment of government certifiers) for the work; but
20		-
24	[1.69]	Dictionary, new definition of <i>development</i>
25		insert
26 27		<i>development</i> —see the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i> , section 7.
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Legislation amended	Schedule 1
Building Act 2004	Part 1.1
	Amendment [1.70]

1	[1.70]	Dictionary, new definition of development approval
2		insert
3 4		<i>development approval</i> means development approval under the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i> , chapter 7.
5	[1.71]	Dictionary, definition of eligible person
6		substitute
7 8		<i>eligible entity</i> , for division 3.2 (Certifiers and government certifiers)—see section 17.
9	[1.72]	Dictionary, new definition of information
10		insert
11		<i>information</i> includes documents.
12	[1.73]	Dictionary, new definition of <i>land</i>
13		insert
14		land includes—
15		(a) a place under, on or above the ground; and
16 17		(b) a place in relation to which a permit has been granted under the <i>Roads and Public Places Act 1937</i> ; and
18 19 20		 (c) land, a building or a structure, the use of which is authorised by a licence under the <i>Planning and Development Act 2006</i>, part 9.11 (Licences for unleased land).
21	[1.74]	Dictionary, definitions of Land Act and lease
22		substitute
23		lease—see the Planning and Development Act 2006, section 227.

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Schedule 1
Part 1.1Legislation amended
Building Act 2004Amendment [1.75]

1	[1.75]	Dictionary, definition of owner		
2		substitute		
3		owner, of land, means—		
4 5		(a) if the land is held under a lease from the Commonwealth for a term of years—the lessee; or		
6		(b) if the land is subdivided under the Unit Titles Act 2001—		
7 8 9		(i) if building work has been, is being or is to be carried out on the land for the owners corporation—the owners corporation; or		
10 11		(ii) if building work has been, is being or is to be carried out on the land for the proprietor of a unit—the proprietor; or		
12		(iii) in any other case—the owners corporation; or		
13 14		(c) if the land is occupied under a tenancy from the Territory or the Commonwealth—the occupier; or		
15 16		(d) if the land is subject to a permit under the <i>Roads and Public</i> <i>Places Act 1937</i> —the permit-holder; or		
17 18 19		 (e) if the land is subject to a licence under the <i>Planning and</i> <i>Development Act 2006</i>, part 9.11 (Licences for unleased land)—the licensee; or 		
20 21		(f) if the Territory carries out or proposes to carry out building work on the land—the Territory; or		
22 23		(g) if the Commonwealth carries out or proposes to carry out building work on the land—the Commonwealth.		
24	[1.76]	Dictionary, new definition of site work		
25		insert		
26		<i>site work</i> —see section 7A.		

1	[1.77]	Dictionary, definition of stage
2		substitute
3 4		<i>stage</i> , of building work, means a stage prescribed under section 43 (1) (a).
5 6	Part 1.	2 Building and Construction Industry Training Levy Act 1999
7	[1.78]	Section 15, definition of exempt work, paragraph (c), note
8		omit
9 10	[1.79]	Section 15, definition of <i>exempt work</i> , paragraphs (d) to (f)
11		substitute
12 13 14		(d) building work in relation to a building to which the Building Act does not apply because that Act exempts the building from the application of that Act; or
15 16 17 18		 Note 1 A reference to an Act includes a reference to the statutory instruments made or in force under the Act, including any regulation (see Legislation Act, s 104). Note 2 See the Building Act, s 152 (1A).
19 20 21		(e) building work to which the Building Act, part 3 (Building work) does not apply because of that Act, section 15 (Application of pt 3 to building work).

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Schedule 1
Part 1.3Legislation amended
Construction Occupations (Licensing) Act 2004Amendment [1.80]

Part 1.3 Construction Occupations (Licensing) Act 2004

d from deciding in relation to a	
in relation to a	
construction service only because the registrar, planning and land authority, a certifier or another entity has—	
nal Act; or	
nder which, the	
nd Development	
tional Act or the	
er the registrar,	
y has—	
onal Act; or	
nder which, the	
nd Development	
tional Act or the	

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	Amendment [1.82]
1 [1.82]	New section 117 (2)
2	insert
3 (2 4 5 6) Notice of a contravention given under the <i>Building Act 2004</i> , section 50 (Notification by certifier of contraventions of building and development approvals—building work) is taken to be a complaint made under this section.
7 [1.83]	Section 118 (2)
8	substitute
o (2) However, the registrar—
1	(a) may accept a complaint for consideration even if it does not comply with subsection (1); and
	(b) must accept a complaint for consideration even if it does not comply with subsection (1) if the complaint is notice given under the <i>Building Act 2004</i> , section 50 (Notification by certifier of contraventions of building and development approvals—building work).
[1.84]	New section 120 (4)
3	insert
9 (4) 1 2) To remove any doubt, this section also applies to a complaint that is a notice given under the <i>Building Act 2004</i> , section 50 (Notification by certifier of contraventions of building and development approvals—building work).
3 [1.85]	New section 122 (2)
4	insert
5 (2 3) To remove any doubt, this section also applies to a complaint that is a notice given under the <i>Building Act 2004</i> , section 50 (Notification by certifier of contraventions of building and development approvals—building work).

Legislation amended Construction Occupations (Licensing) Act 2004

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Schedule 1 Part 1.3

Schedule 1 Legislation amended Part 1.4 Construction Occupations (Licensing) Regulation 2004

Amendment [1.86]

1	[1.86]	New section 123 (1) (c)	
2		insert	
3 4		(c) if the complaint was a notice given under the <i>Building</i> Act 2004, section 50 (Notification by certifier of	
5		contraventions of building and development approvals-	
6		building work) and the registrar is satisfied it should be	
7 8		referred to the planning and land authority—refer the complaint to the planning and land authority.	
9	[1.87]	New section 123 (3)	
10		insert	
11 12	(3)	The registrar refers a complaint to the planning and development authority by giving the authority—	
13 14		(a) a copy of the complaint or a summary of the information provided in the complaint; and	
15 16		(b) any information relating to the complaint that the registrar considers may be helpful to the authority; and	
17 18 19		(c) a statement about why the registrar considers that the authority is more appropriate to deal with the complaint than the registrar.	
20	Part 1.	4 Construction Occupations	

21

(Licensing) Regulation 2004

22	[1.88]	Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.1, column 2
23		omit
24		s 28 (5)
25		substitute
26		s 28A (4)

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1	[1.89]	Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.3, column 2
2		omit
3		s 28 (3) or (4)
4		substitute
5		s 28A (1) or (2)
6	[1.90]	Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.7, column 2
7		substitute
8 9		fail to comply with <i>Building Act 2004</i> , s 44 (2) (a)—certifier satisfied that building work not compliant with <i>Building Act 2004</i> ,
10 11		s 42, but did not give licensee in charge of building work written notice in accordance with s 44 (2) (a)
12	[1.91]	Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.7, column 3
13		substitute
14 15		failure to give written notice in accordance with <i>Building Act 2004</i> , s 44 (2) (a)
16	[1.92]	Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.8, column 2
17		substitute
18 19		fail to comply with <i>Building Act 2004</i> , s 44 (2) (b)—building work complied with <i>Building Act 2004</i> , s 42, but certifier did not certify
20 21		compliant or give certificate of compliance to licensee in charge of work
22	[1.93]	Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.9, column 2
23		substitute
24 25 26		fail to comply with <i>Building Act 2004</i> , s 50—certifier failed to notify registrar of contravention of building approval or development approval in accordance with s 50

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Schedule 1	Legislation amended
Part 1.5	Planning and Development Act 2006
Amendment [1.94]	

1[1.94]Schedule 2, part 2.2, item 2.2.9, column 32substitute3failure to notify registrar of known contravention of building
approval or development approval

Part 1.5 Planning and Development Act 2006

[1.95] New section 333 (2) 7 8 insert (2) The following are taken to be complaints made under this section: 9 (a) notice of a contravention given under the *Building Act 2004*, 10 section 50A (Notification by certifier of possible noncompliant 11 site work); 12 (b) a complaint referred to the planning and land authority under 13 Occupations (Licensing) the Construction Act 2004,14 section 123 (Action after investigating complaint). 15 [1.96] Section 334 (2) 16 substitute 17 (2) However, the planning and land authority— 18 (a) may accept a complaint for consideration even if it does not 19 comply with subsection (1); and 20 21 (b) must accept a complaint for consideration even if it does not comply with subsection (1) if the complaint is notice given 22 under the Building Act 2004, section 50A (Notification by 23 certifier of possible noncompliant site work). 24

Amendment [1.97]

1	[1.97]	New section 336 (4)
2		insert
3 4 5	(4)	To remove any doubt, this section also applies to a complaint that is a notice given under the <i>Building Act 2004</i> , section 50A (Notification by certifier of possible noncompliant site work).
6	[1.98]	New section 339 (2)
6 7	[1.98]	New section 339 (2) insert

Endnotes

1	Presentation speech	2005
	Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on	2007.
2	Notification	
	Notified under the Legislation Act on	2007.
3	Republications of amended laws	

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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