THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Health)

Health Amendment Bill 2003

Contents

		Page
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
3	Act amended	2
4	New part 6A	2
5	New section 37A	8
6	Dictionary, new definitions	8

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Health)

Health Amendment Bill 2003

A Bill for

An Act to amend the Health Act 1993

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

Name of Act

	This Act is the Health Amendment Act 2003.
2	Commencement
	This Act commences on the day after its notification day.
	Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
3	Act amended
	This Act amends the <i>Health Act 1993</i> .
4	New part 6A
	insert
Part	6A VMO service contracts
33A	Definitions for pt 6A
	In this part:
	<i>authorised representative</i> means a corporation authorised as a representative under section 33F.
	core conditions means conditions determined under section 33C.
	<i>negotiating agent</i> means a corporation approved as a negotiating agent under section 33E.
	negotiating period—see section 33D (2).
	practice corporation, of a VMO, means a corporation that is controlled or conducted by the VMO and by which the VMO
	conducts his or her practice as a doctor or dentist.

- service contract means a contract for services, between the Territory and a VMO (or the VMO's practice corporation), under which the VMO is to provide health services to or for the Territory.
- *VMO* (visiting medical officer) means a doctor or dentist who is engaged, or who the Territory proposes to engage, under a service contract.

33B Service contracts

7

20

- 8 (1) The Territory must not enter into a service contract unless it includes the core conditions that apply to the contract.
- 10 (2) A service contract entered into in contravention of subsection (1) is void.
- 12 (3) A condition of a service contract that is inconsistent with a core condition that applies to the contract is void to the extent of the inconsistency.

15 33C Core conditions

- 16 (1) The Minister may, in writing, determine core conditions for service contracts.
- 18 (2) The Minister must not determine a condition as a core condition unless the condition has been—
 - (a) agreed in collective negotiations under section 33D; or
- 21 (b) decided by arbitration under section 33G.
- 22 (3) A determination of core conditions is a notifiable instrument.
- Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act.

1	33D	Collective negotiations
2	(1)	The Territory may negotiate with a negotiating agent, or negotiating agents, to establish proposed core conditions for service contracts.
4 5	(2)	Before beginning collective negotiations, the Minister must determine a period (the <i>negotiating period</i>) for the negotiations.
6	(3)	A determination of a negotiating period is a notifiable instrument.
7		<i>Note</i> A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act.
8	33E	Negotiating agents
9 10	(1)	The Minister may, in writing, approve a corporation as a negotiating agent.
11 12	(2)	The Minister must not approve a corporation as a negotiating agent unless the Minister is satisfied that—
13 14 15		(a) the corporation is the authorised representative of at least 50 VMOs who, between them, belong to at least 3 of the following categories:
16		(i) physician;
17		(ii) surgeon;
18		(iii) obstetrician and gynaecologist;
19		(iv) anaesthetist;
20		(v) general practitioner or other doctor or dentist; and
21		(b) the corporation is not disqualified under subsection (3); and
22 23 24		(c) the corporation is otherwise suitable to be a negotiating agent having regard to anything that may reasonably influence that decision, including the following:

page 4

25

26

27

been concerned in the previous 10 years;

(i) any criminal or civil court proceedings in which the

corporation or an executive officer of the corporation has

1 2	(ii	any levy of execution against the corporation or an executive officer of the corporation that is not satisfied;
3 4	(iii	ceased to carry on business, or has been involved in the
5		management of a corporation that has ceased to carry on
6 7		business, with the result that creditors were not fully paid or are unlikely to be fully paid;
8 9	(iv	any previous performance of the corporation as a negotiating agent.
10	(3) For sub	section (2) (b), a corporation is disqualified if—
11 12		e corporation, or an executive officer of the corporation, has en convicted, in the ACT or elsewhere, of—
13 14	(i	an offence punishable by imprisonment for longer than 1 year; or
15 16	(ii	an offence that involves dishonesty and is punishable by imprisonment for 3 months or longer; or
17	(b) the	e corporation has a receiver, receiver and manager, or
18	, ,	ovisional liquidator appointed over part or all of its affairs, or
19	is	otherwise under external administration; or
20	(c) the	e corporation is insolvent, enters into voluntary
21		ministration or makes an arrangement with its creditors or
22	tal	tes the benefit of any law for the relief of insolvent debtors;
23	or	
24	(d) an	y of the following apply to an executive officer of the
25	co	rporation:
26	(i) the executive officer has been disqualified under the
27		Corporations Act from managing a corporation;
28	(ii	,
29		the law of Australia or elsewhere;

6

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

26

1	(iii)	the executive officer has executed a deed or arrangement
2		under the Bankruptcy Act 1966 (Cwlth) (or a similar law
3		of an external Territory or foreign country) and the terms
1		of the deed have not been fully complied with;

- (iv) the executive officer's creditors have accepted a composition under that Act (or a similar law of an external Territory or foreign country) and final payment has not been made under the composition.
- (4) In this section:

executive officer, of a corporation, means a person, by whatever name called and whether or not the person is a director of the corporation, who is concerned with or takes part in the management of the corporation.

33F Authorised representatives

- (1) A VMO may, in writing, authorise 1 corporation to represent the VMO in collective negotiations under section 33D.
- 17 *Note* If a form is approved under s 37A for an authorisation, the form must be used.
- 19 (2) The authorisation must nominate 1 of the categories mentioned in section 33E (2) (a) as the category to which the VMO belongs.

21 33G Arbitration

- 22 (1) This section applies if agreement is not reached in collective 23 negotiations between the Territory and a negotiating agent or 24 negotiating agents in relation to a matter before the end of the 25 negotiating period.
 - (2) The matter must be decided by arbitration.
- 27 (3) The arbitration must be conducted under the *Commercial*28 *Arbitration Act 1986* and in accordance with principles and rules
 29 determined, in writing, by the Minister.

- 1 (4) That Act applies to the arbitration as if the determined principles 2 and rules were an arbitration agreement between the Territory and 3 the negotiating agent or negotiating agents.
- 4 (5) The principles and rules—

6

8

9

10

11

13

19

- (a) must be determined by the Minister having regard to the objective of improving the efficiency, effectiveness and quality of health services, and other public interest considerations; and
 - (b) must include a requirement that the arbitrator has appropriate experience.
- (6) A determination of principles and rules for arbitration is a notifiable instrument.
- 12 Note A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act.

33H Trade Practices Act authorisation

- For the *Trade Practices Act 1974* (Cwlth) and the Competition Code of the ACT, the following are authorised:
- 16 (a) collective negotiations between the Territory and an approved negotiating agents, or approved negotiating agents, under this part;
 - (b) the conditions agreed in those negotiations;
- 20 (c) service contracts containing core conditions;
- 21 (d) everything done under a service contract.

New section 37A

2		insert
3	37A	Approved forms
4	(1)	The Minister may, in writing, approve forms for this Act.
5 6	(2)	If the Minister approves a form for a particular purpose, the form must be used for that purpose.
7		<i>Note</i> For other provisions about forms, see Legislation Act, s 255.
8	(3)	An approved form is a notifiable instrument.
9		<i>Note</i> A notifiable instrument must be notified under the Legislation Act.
10	6	Dictionary, new definitions
11		insert
12 13		authorised representative, for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33A.
14 15		<i>core conditions</i> , for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33A.
16 17		<i>negotiating agent</i> , for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33A.
18 19		<i>negotiating period</i> , for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33D (2).
20 21		<i>practice corporation</i> , for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33A.
22 23		<i>service contract</i> , for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33A.
24 25		VMO (visiting medical officer), for part 6A (VMO service contracts)—see section 33A.

Repub					
	olications of ame				
	For the latest rep	ublication of a	mended laws, s	see www.legislation	act.gov.au.
		© Australia	n Capital Territo	ry 2003	