2021

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Police and Emergency Services)

Crimes (Policing) Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

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2021

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Police and Emergency Services)

Crimes (Policing) Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

A Bill for

An Act to amend legislation about crime, and for other purposes

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

J2021-1275

Part 1 Preliminary

Section 1

Part 1 Preliminary

2	1		Name of Act
3			This Act is the Crimes (Policing) Legislation Amendment Act 2021.
4	2		Commencement
5 6		(1)	This Act (other than sections 35 and 36 and part 5) commences on the day after its notification day.
7 8			<i>Note</i> The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
9 10		(2)	Sections 35 and 36 and part 5 (Firearms Regulation 2008) commence 12 months after this Act's notification day.
11	3		Legislation emerded
			Legislation amended
12			This Act amends the following legislation:
13			This Act amends the following legislation:
13 14			 This Act amends the following legislation: <i>Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005</i>
13 14 15			 This Act amends the following legislation: <i>Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005</i> <i>Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Regulation 2005</i>
12 13 14 15 16 17	4		 This Act amends the following legislation: Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005 Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Regulation 2005 Firearms Act 1996

1 2	Part 2	Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005
3 4	5	What is a <i>reporting obligation</i> ? Section 19, definition of <i>reporting obligation</i>
5		omit
6		reporting offence provision
7		substitute
8		reporting obligation provision
9	6	Section 20
10		substitute
11	20	What is a reporting obligation provision?
12		In this Act, each of the following is a <i>reporting obligation provision</i> :
13 14		(a) section 22 (Offender in custody at commencement of Act must report);
15		(b) section 23 (Offender must report after sentencing);
16		(c) section 24 (Offender entering ACT must report);
17		(d) section 25 (Prescribed corresponding offender must report);
18 19		(e) section 28 (Offender later sentenced for registrable offence must report);
20 21		(f) section 29 (Offender who later becomes prescribed corresponding offender must report);
22 23		(g) section 30 (Offender whose reporting suspension ceases must report);
24		(h) section 34 (Offender entering ACT must make contact);

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1			(i)	section 37 (Offender must report annually);
2			(j)	section 42 (Offender leaving ACT must report travel details);
3			(k)	section 45 (Offender outside ACT must report travel details);
4 5			(1)	section 46 (Offender outside ACT must report change of travel details);
6		((m)	section 47 (Offender must report return to ACT);
7			(n)	section 48 (Offender must report decision not to leave ACT);
8			(0)	section 49 (Offender must report regular travel);
9			(p)	section 54 (Offender in ACT must report change of details);
10 11			(q)	section 55 (Offender returning to ACT must report change of details);
12			(r)	section 56 (Offender leaving custody must report).
			(-)	
13	7	;		tions 22 to 25
	7		Sec	
13	7 22		Sec subs	tions 22 to 25
13 14	_		Sec subs Offe	tions 22 to 25
13 14 15	_	(1)	Sec subs Offe	tions 22 to 25 titute ender in custody at commencement of Act must report
13 14 15 16 17	_	(1)	Sec subs Offe This (a)	tions 22 to 25 titute ender in custody at commencement of Act must report section applies to a registrable offender who— was in government custody immediately before the
13 14 15 16 17 18	_	(1)	Sec subs Offe This (a) (b) The	tions 22 to 25 titute ender in custody at commencement of Act must report section applies to a registrable offender who— was in government custody immediately before the commencement of this Act; and

1 2			(b) if the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government custody) within the 7 days—before leaving the ACT.
3 4 5		(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the 7 days mentioned in subsection (2) (a).
6			<i>Note 1</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
7 8 9 10			<i>Note 2</i> A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
11			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
12	23		Offender must report after sentencing
13 14 15		(1)	A registrable offender who is sentenced in the ACT for a registrable offence must report the offender's personal details, in person, to the chief police officer at an approved reporting place—
16 17 18 19 20			 (a) if the offender is not in, or does not begin, full-time government custody on the day the offender is sentenced for the registrable offence—within 7 days after the day the offender is sentenced for the registrable offence (excluding days in government custody); or
21 22 23 24 25 26			 (b) if the offender is in, or begins, full-time government custody on the day the offender is sentenced for the registrable offence and later stops being in full-time government custody in the ACT— within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in full-time government custody (excluding days in government custody); or
27 28			(c) if the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government custody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b)—

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1 2 3		(2)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
4			<i>Note 1</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
5 6 7 8			<i>Note 2</i> A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
9			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
10	24		Offender entering ACT must report
11		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender who—
12 13			(a) enters the ACT, and remains in the ACT for 7 or more consecutive days (excluding days in government custody); and
14 15			(b) has not previously reported the offender's personal details to the chief police officer.
16 17		(2)	The registrable offender must report the offender's personal details, in person, to the chief police officer at an approved reporting place—
18 19 20 21			 (a) if the offender is not in government custody on the day the offender has been in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody)—within 7 days after that day (excluding days in government custody); or
22 23 24 25 26 27			(b) if the offender is in government custody on the day the offender has been in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody), and later stops being in government custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in government custody (excluding days in government custody); or
28 29 30			(c) if the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government custody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b)—before leaving the ACT.

Part 2

1 2 3		(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
4			<i>Note 1</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
5 6 7 8			Note 2A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
9			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
10	25		Prescribed corresponding offender must report
11		(1)	This section applies to a prescribed corresponding offender who-
12 13			(a) is in the ACT on the day the offender becomes a prescribed corresponding offender; and
14 15			(b) has not previously reported the offender's personal details to the chief police officer.
16 17 18		(2)	The prescribed corresponding offender must report the offender's personal details, in person, to the chief police officer at an approved reporting place—
19 20 21 22 23			 (a) if the offender is not in government custody on the day the offender becomes a prescribed corresponding offender—within 7 days after the day the offender becomes a prescribed corresponding offender (excluding days in government custody); or
24 25 26 27 28			(b) if the offender is in government custody on the day the offender becomes a prescribed corresponding offender and later stops being in government custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in government custody (excluding days in government custody); or

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1 2 3			cı	the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government ustody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b)—efore leaving the ACT.
4 5 6		(3)	reporti	ection does not apply if the prescribed corresponding offender's ng period has ended before the end of the period within which ort must be given.
7			Note 1	For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
8 9 10 11			Note 2	A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
12			Note 3	For approved reporting places, see s 64.
13	8		Sectio	ons 28 to 30
14			substit	ute
15 16	28		Offen report	der later sentenced for registrable offence must
	28	(1)	A regist sentence offence	-
16 17 18 19	28	(1)	A regist sentence offence chief p (a) if of 7	t strable offender whose reporting period has ended and is later ced in the ACT for a registrable offence (the <i>later registrable</i> e) must report the offender's personal details, in person, to the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	28	(1)	A regis sentence offence chief p (a) if of 7 re (b) if is in th	t strable offender whose reporting period has ended and is ced in the ACT for a registrable offence (the <i>later registr</i> e) must report the offender's personal details, in person, to olice officer at an approved reporting place— T the offender is not in government custody on the day ffender is sentenced for the later registrable offence—w days after the day the offender is sentenced for the egistrable offence (excluding days in government custody the offender is in government custody on the day the offen sentenced for the later registrable offence and later stops to a government custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	28	(1)	A regis sentence offence chief p (a) if of 7 re (b) if is in th	t strable offender whose reporting period has ended and is later ced in the ACT for a registrable offence (the <i>later registrable</i> e) must report the offender's personal details, in person, to the olice officer at an approved reporting place— The offender is not in government custody on the day the ffender is sentenced for the later registrable offence—within days after the day the offender is sentenced for the later egistrable offence (excluding days in government custody); or The offender is in government custody on the day the offender esentenced for the later registrable offence and later stops being a government custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in government custody (excluding days

1 2 3			cu	the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government astody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b)—efore leaving the ACT.
4 5 6		(2)	period	ection does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting in relation to the later registrable offence has ended before the the period within which the report must be given.
7			Note 1	For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
8 9 10 11			Note 2	A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
12			Note 3	For approved reporting places, see s 64.
13 14	29			der who later becomes prescribed corresponding ler must report
15		(1)	This se	ction applies to a registrable offender if—
15 16		(1)		ction applies to a registrable offender if— e offender's reporting has ended; and
		(1)	(a) th(b) th	
16 17		(1)	 (a) th (b) th (c) th 	e offender's reporting has ended; and e offender is in the ACT on the day the offender later becomes
16 17 18 19		(1)	 (a) th (b) th (c) th defined 	e offender's reporting has ended; and e offender is in the ACT on the day the offender later becomes prescribed corresponding offender; and e offender has not previously reported the offender's personal

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			 (b) if the offender is in government custody on the day the offender later becomes a prescribed corresponding offender and later stops being in government custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in government custody (excluding days in government custody); or (c) if the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government custody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b)—before leaving the ACT.
9 10 11		(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period for the later offence has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
12			<i>Note 1</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
13 14 15 16			Note 2 A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
17			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
18	30		Offender whose reporting suspension ceases must report
19		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender if—
20 21 22			 (a) the offender's reporting obligations are suspended by a suspension order, or an equivalent order under a corresponding law; and
23 24 25 26			(b) the offender is in the ACT on the day the suspension order ceases to have effect under section 101 (Suspension order ceases if offender reoffends) or an equivalent provision of a corresponding law.

1 2	(2)		gistrable offender must report the offender's personal details, on, to the chief police officer at an approved reporting place—
3 4 5		su	the offender is not in government custody on the day the aspension order ceases to have effect—within 7 days after the ay the suspension order ceases to have effect (excluding days
6		in	government custody); or
7 8		su	the offender is in government custody on the day the ispension order ceases to have effect and later stops being in
9 10		-	overnment custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the day e offender stops being in government custody (excluding days
11			government custody); or
12			the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government
13 14			stody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b)—efore leaving the ACT.
15	(3)		ection does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting
16		-	has ended before the end of the period within which the report
17		must be	e given.
18		Note 1	For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
19 20 21 22		Note 2	A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
23		Note 3	For approved reporting places, see s 64.

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Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005

Section 9

1	9		Section 34
2			substitute
3	34		Offender entering ACT must make contact
4 5		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender (other than a protected registrable offender) who—
6 7			(a) has, at any time, been required to report under this Act or a corresponding law; and
8 9			(b) enters the ACT, and remains in the ACT for 7 or more consecutive days (excluding days in government custody).
10		(2)	The registrable offender must—
11			(a) either—
12 13			(i) contact a contact person (by telephone or another way prescribed by regulation); or
14 15			(ii) report the offender's personal details, in person, to the chief police officer at an approved reporting place; and
16			(b) must make the contact or report—
17 18 19 20			 (i) if the offender is not in government custody on the day the offender has been in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody)—within 7 days after that day (excluding days in government custody); or
21 22 23 24 25 26			 (ii) if the offender is in government custody on the day the offender has been in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody), and later stops being in government custody in the ACT—within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in government custody); or

Part 2

1 2 3			(iii) if the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government custody) within the 7 days mentioned in subparagraph (i) or (ii)—before leaving the ACT.
4 5 6		(3)	This section does not apply if the offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
7			<i>Note 1</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
8 9 10 11			Note 2 A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
12			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
13	10		Section 37 heading
14			substitute
15	37		Offender must report annually
40			
16	11		Section 37 (2) and (3)
16	11		Section 37 (2) and (3) omit
	11 12		
17			omit
17 18			omit Section 42
17 18 19	12	(1)	omit Section 42 substitute
17 18 19 20	12	(1)	omit Section 42 substitute Offender leaving ACT must report travel details
17 18 19 20 21	12	(1)	omit Section 42 substitute Offender leaving ACT must report travel details This section applies to a registrable offender who—
17 18 19 20 21 22	12	(1)	omit Section 42 substitute Offender leaving ACT must report travel details This section applies to a registrable offender who— (a) leaves the ACT; and

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Part 2

1 2 3	(2)	-	gistrable offender must report the following details (the <i>travel</i>), in person, to the chief police officer at least 7 days before ::
4 5		. ,	tends to go while outside the ACT;
6 7			e approximate dates when the offender intends to be in each tate, Territory or foreign country;
8 9 10 11		co ar	ach address or location in each State, Territory or foreign puntry where the offender intends to live (to the extent that they e known) and the approximate dates when the offender intends live at the addresses or locations;
12 13			the offender intends to return to the ACT—the approximate ate when the offender intends to return;
14 15		. ,	the offender does not intend to return to the ACT—a statement that intention.
16 17	(3)		ection does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting has ended before the offender leaves the ACT.
18		Note 1	For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
19 20 21 22		Note 2	A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
23		Note 3	For approved reporting places, see s 64.

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Part 2

1 2	13		Defence—impracticable to report 7 days before leaving Section 43
3			omit
4			section 42
5			substitute
6 7			section 58A (Offence—fail to report as required), in relation to a reporting obligation under section 42,
8	14		Section 44
9			substitute
10 11	44		Offender not to be punished twice for failing to report travel
12 13 14 15 16 17			A registrable offender is not liable to be punished for an offence against section 58A (Offence—fail to report as required), in relation to a reporting obligation under section 42, for travel outside the ACT if, in relation to that travel, the offender has been punished for failing to report the offender's presence in a foreign jurisdiction as required under a corresponding law.
18	15		Sections 45 to 49
19			substitute
20	45		Offender outside ACT must report travel details
21		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender who—
22			(a) is outside the ACT; and
23 24			(b) decides to stay outside the ACT but within Australia for 7 or more days.

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1 2 3 4		(2)	The registrable offender must report the offender's travel details (including details about the travel that has already been completed) to the chief police officer, in a way required under subsection (3), within 7 days after the day the decision to stay outside the ACT is made.
4			
5 6		(3)	The registrable offender must make the report in 1 of the following ways:
7 8			(a) by sending it by prepaid post, addressed as required by regulation;
9			(b) by faxing it to a fax number prescribed by regulation;
10			(c) by emailing it to an email address prescribed by regulation;
11			(d) in another way prescribed by regulation.
12 13 14		(4)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
15		(5)	In this section:
16			<i>travel details</i> , for travel by a registrable offender—see section 42 (2).
17 18	46		Offender outside ACT must report change of travel details
19		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender if the offender—
20			(a) is outside the ACT; and
21 22			(b) decides to change any of the travel details given to the chief police officer.
23 24 25		(2)	The registrable offender must report the changed travel details to the chief police officer, in a way required under subsection (3), within 7 days after the day the decision to change the travel details is made.

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Part 2

1 2		(3)	The registrable offender must make the report in 1 of the following ways:
3 4			(a) by sending it by prepaid post, addressed as required by regulation;
5			(b) by faxing it to a fax number prescribed by regulation;
6			(c) by emailing it to an email address prescribed by regulation;
7			(d) in another way prescribed by regulation.
8 9 10		(4)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
11	47		Offender must report return to ACT
12		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender who—
13 14			(a) reported the offender's travel details under section 42 (Offender leaving ACT must report travel details); and
15			(b) leaves the ACT; and
16 17			(c) returns to the ACT and remains in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody).
18 19		(2)	The registrable offender must, within 7 days after returning to the ACT—
20 21			(a) report the offender's return to the ACT to the chief police officer, in an approved way; and
22 23 24			<i>Note</i> For approved ways of reporting, see s 63. Special provision is made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).

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1 2 3			(b) if the offender travelled outside Australia—give the chief police officer a copy of the offender's passport and documents that verify or support the offender's travel details.
4			Examples—documents
5			1 an airline ticket
6			2 a receipt for payment of accommodation
7		(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting
8			period has ended before the end of the 7 days mentioned in
9			subsection (2).
10	48		Offender must report decision not to leave ACT
11		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender if the offender—
12 13 14			 (a) reported the offender's travel details under section 42 (Offender leaving ACT must report travel details) in relation to a proposed departure from the ACT; and
15			(b) later decides not to leave the ACT.
16 17 18		(2)	The registrable offender must report the change of decision to the chief police officer, in an approved way, within 7 days after the offender decides not to leave the ACT.
19 20			<i>Note</i> For approved ways of reporting, see s 63. Special provision is made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
21		(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting
22			period has ended before the end of the 7 days mentioned in
23			subsection (2).
24	49		Offender must report regular travel
25		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender who—
26			(a) is required to make a report under a reporting obligation
27			provision; and

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Part 2

1 2 3			(b) when making the report, intends to travel outside the ACT, but within Australia, on an average of at least once a month (irrespective of the length of the absence).
4 5 6		(2)	The registrable offender must report the frequency and destination of the travel, in general terms, to the chief police officer in an approved way.
7			Note 1 Reporting obligation provision—see s 20.
8 9			<i>Note 2</i> For approved ways of reporting, see s 63. Special provision is made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
10	16		Sections 54 to 56
11			substitute
12	54		Offender in ACT must report change of details
13 14 15		(1)	If a registrable offender's personal details change while the offender is in the ACT, the offender must report the change to the chief police officer, in the way required under subsection (2)—
16 17 18			 (a) for personal details mentioned in section 59 (1) (e)—within 24 hours after the day the change happens (excluding days in government custody); or
19 20			(b) for any other personal details—within 7 days after the day the change happens (excluding days in government custody).
21		(2)	The registrable offender must report the change—
22 23			(a) in person, at an approved reporting place, if the report is about a change in relation to—
24 25 26 27			(i) the address of any of the premises where the offender generally lives or, if the offender does not generally live at a particular premises, the name of any of the localities where the offender can generally be found; or

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1 2 3		 (ii) details of any tattoo or permanent distinguishing mark that the offender has (including details of a tattoo or mark that has been acquired or removed); or
4		(b) for any other change—in an approved way.
5		Examples—other changes in personal details
6		1 ceasing employment with a particular employer
7		2 starting new employment
8 9		<i>Note 1</i> The personal details in s (2) (a) (i) and (ii) are required under s 59 (1), def <i>personal details</i> , par (d) and (i).
10 11 12 13		Note 2 A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
14		<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
15		<i>Note 4</i> For approved ways of reporting, see s 63.
16 17	(3)	A change happens in the following personal details only at the end of the relevant 7 days or 3 days mentioned in section 60:
18		(a) the premises where the offender generally lives;
19		(b) the household in which the offender and a child generally live;
20		(c) when the offender has unsupervised contact with a child;
21		(d) the premises where the offender is generally employed;
22		(e) the motor vehicle that the offender generally drives.
23 24	(4)	The Legislation Act, section 151A (Periods of time ending on non-working days) does not apply to subsection (1) (a).
25 26 27	(5)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.

1	55		Offender returning to ACT must report change of details
2		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender if—
3 4			(a) any of the offender's personal details change while the offender is outside the ACT; and
5 6			(b) the offender enters the ACT, and remains in the ACT for 7 or more consecutive days (excluding days in government custody).
7 8		(2)	The registrable offender must report the change to the chief police officer, in the way required under subsection (3) —
9 10 11 12			 (a) for personal details mentioned in section 59 (1) (e)—within 24 hours after the day the offender has been in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody); or
13 14 15			(b) for any other personal details—within 7 days after the day the offender has been in the ACT for 7 consecutive days (excluding days in government custody).
16			<i>Note</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
17		(3)	The registrable offender must report the change—
18 19			(a) in person, at an approved reporting place, if the report is about a change in relation to—
20 21 22			(i) the address of any of the premises where the offender generally lives or, if the offender does not generally live at a particular premises, the name of any of the localities
23			where the offender can generally be found; or
24 25 26			(ii) details of any tattoo or permanent distinguishing mark that the offender has (including details of a tattoo or mark that has been acquired or removed); or

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1			(b) for any other change—in an approved way.
2 3			<i>Note 1</i> The personal details in s (3) (a) (i) and (ii) are required under s 59 (1), def <i>personal details</i> , par (d) and (i).
4 5 6 7			<i>Note 2</i> A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
8			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.
9			<i>Note 4</i> For approved ways of reporting, see s 63.
10 11 12		(4)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
13	56		Offender leaving custody must report
14		(1)	This section applies to a registrable offender who—
15			(a) is in government custody for 7 or more consecutive days; and
16			(b) leaves government custody in the ACT.
17 18		(2)	The registrable offender must report the offender's personal details, in person, to the chief police officer at an approved reporting place—
19 20 21			 (a) within 7 days after the day the offender stops being in government custody in the ACT (excluding days in government custody); or
22 23 24			(b) if the offender leaves the ACT (other than in government custody) within the 7 days mentioned in paragraph (a)—before leaving the ACT.
25			<i>Note 1</i> For the offender's personal details, see s 59.
26 27 28 29			<i>Note 2</i> A registrable offender reports in person at a place only if the offender reports by personally attending at the place (see dict, def <i>in person</i>). However, special provision has been made for young offenders and offenders with a disability (see s 65 and s 66).
30			<i>Note 3</i> For approved reporting places, see s 64.

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1 2 3	(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender's reporting period has ended before the end of the period within which the report must be given.
4	17	New division 3.3.4
5		insert
6	Divisior	n 3.3.4 Failing to report
7	58A	Offence—fail to report as required
8	(1)	A registrable offender commits an offence if the offender—
9		(a) is required to report under a reporting obligation provision; and
10		(b) is reckless as to whether the offender is required to report; and
11		(c) fails to report as required by the reporting obligation provision.
12 13		Maximum penalty: 500 penalty units, imprisonment for 5 years or both.
14	(2)	Strict liability applies to subsection (1) (c).
15 16 17	(3)	This section does not apply if the registrable offender has a reasonable excuse for failing to report as required by a reporting obligation provision.
18 19		<i>Note</i> The defendant has an evidential burden in relation to the matters mentioned in s (3) (see Criminal Code, s 58).
20 21 22	(4)	In deciding whether a registrable offender has a reasonable excuse for failing to report as required by a reporting obligation provision, the court must have regard to the following:
23		(a) the offender's age;
24 25 26		(b) whether the offender had, at the time of the failure to report, a disability that affected the offender's ability to understand, or to comply with, the reporting provision;

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Part 2	Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005

1		(c) whether the form of notice given to the offender about the
2		reporting provision was adequate to tell the offender about the
3 4		offender's obligations under the reporting obligation provision, having regard to the offender's circumstances;
5		(d) any other matter the court considers appropriate.
6 7	18	Meaning of employment in s 59 New section 61 (1) (ca)
8		insert
9		(ca) carries out work for a business without pay or as a volunteer; or
10	19	New section 61 (2) (c)
11		insert
12 13		(c) engages the offender to carry out work without pay or as a volunteer.
14 15 16	20	Offence—offender reporting in person must provide identification etc Section 70 (a)
17		omit
18		reporting offence provision
19		substitute
20		reporting obligation provision
21	21	Section 70, note
22		omit

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1	22		New section 70 (2)
2			insert
3 4 5		(2)	In deciding whether a registrable offender took all reasonable steps to comply with subsection (1) (c), the court must have regard to the following:
6			(a) the offender's age;
7 8 9			(b) whether the offender had, at the time of failing to comply with subsection (1) (c), a disability that affected the offender's ability to understand, or to comply with, that subsection;
10 11 12 13			(c) whether the form of notice given to the offender about the offender's obligation under subsection (1) (c) was adequate to tell the offender about the obligation, having regard to the offender's circumstances;
14			(d) any other matter the court considers appropriate.
15 16 17	23		Offence—person reporting in person for offender must provide identification Section 71 (a)
18			omit
19			reporting offence provision
20			substitute
21			reporting obligation provision
22	24		Section 71, note 2
23			omit

Crimes (Policing) Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

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Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Act 2005

Section 25

1	25	New section 71 (2)
2		insert
3 4	(In deciding whether a person took all reasonable steps to comply with subsection (1) (c), the court must have regard to the following:
5		(a) the person's age;
6 7		(b) whether the person had a disability that affected the person's ability to understand, or to comply with, subsection (1) (c);
8 9 10 11		 (c) whether the form of notice given to the person about the person's obligation under subsection (1) (c) was adequate to tell the person about the obligation, having regard to the person's circumstances;
12		(d) any other matter the court considers appropriate.
13 14 15	26	What is a <i>reporting obligations notice?</i> Section 103, definition of <i>reporting obligations notice</i> , paragraph (b)
16		substitute
17 18		(b) the consequences that may arise if the offender does not comply with the obligations.
19 20	27	Reasonable steps to comply with reporting obligations Part 3.9
21		omit
22 23	28	Dictionary, new definition of <i>reporting obligation</i> provision
24		insert
25		<i>reporting obligation provision</i> —see section 20.

Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel-also accessible at www.legislation.act.gov.au

Part 2

1 2	29	Dictionary, definitions of <i>reporting offence</i> and <i>reporting</i> offence provision
3		omit
4	30	Dictionary, definition of travel details
5		omit
6		section 42 (c)
7		substitute
8		section 42 (2)

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Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Regulation 2005

Section 31

Part 3

Crimes (Child Sex Offenders) Part 3 1 **Regulation 2005** 2 Sections 5, 7, 8 and 11 headings 31 3 substitute 4 5 How offender entering ACT may contact contact person-5 Act, s 34 (2) (a) (i) 6 How offender may report travel details—Act, s 45 (3) 7 7 How offender may report changed travel details—Act, 8 8 s 46 (3) 9 10 11 Identification documents for person reporting for offender—Act, s 71 (1) (c) 11 Details to be included in reporting obligations notice-32 12 Act, s 104 and s 137 (2) (b) and (f) (i) 13 Section 13 (c) (v) 14 substitute 15 the obligations of the registrable offender to report under (\mathbf{v}) 16 the following sections of the Act (including the periods 17 within which the reports must be made): 18 section 37 (Offender must report annually) 19 • section 42 (Offender leaving ACT must report travel 20 details) 21 section 45 (Offender outside ACT must report travel 22 details) 23 section 46 (Offender outside ACT must report change 24 of travel details) 25 section 47 (Offender must report return to ACT) 26

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1 2 3		 section 48 (Offender must report decision not to leave ACT) section 49 (Offender must report regular travel); and
4	33	Section 13 (e)
5		omit
6		section 45 (2) or section 46 (2)
7		substitute
8		section 45 (3) or section 46 (3)

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Part 4 Firearms Act 1996

Section 34

1 Part 4 Firearms Act 1996

2	34		Section 38
3			substitute
4	38		Amnesty
5 6		(1)	A person who is not authorised by a licence or permit to possess a firearm may surrender the firearm to a police officer.
7 8 9		(2)	A proceeding does not lie against a person in relation to the possession of a firearm under either of the following sections if the firearm is surrendered to a police officer under subsection (1):
10 11			 (a) section 42 (Offence—unauthorised possession or use of prohibited firearms);
12 13			(b) section 43 (Offence—unauthorised possession or use of firearms other than prohibited firearms).
14 15 16	35		Offence—storage requirements for category C, D and H licences Section 182 (1)
17			after
18			category H licence
19			insert
20 21			, other than the holder of a category H licence mentioned in subsection (1A),

1	36	New section 182 (1A)
2		insert
3 4 5 6	(1A)	The holder of a category H licence that is an entity that carries on business in the ACT as a security organisation must comply with the following requirements in relation to each registered firearm held under the licence:
7 8		(a) when the firearm is not being used or carried, it must be stored in a container prescribed by regulation;
9 10 11		(b) any ammunition for the firearm must be stored in a locked container of a type approved by the registrar and that is kept separate from the container prescribed for paragraph (a);
12 13		(c) the other requirements relating to security and safe storage that are prescribed by regulation.
14		Maximum penalty: imprisonment for 2 years.
15	37	Section 262 heading
16		substitute
17	262	Destruction or disposal of seized or surrendered firearms
18	38	Section 262 (2)
19		omit
20		A police officer
21		substitute
22 23		For a firearm other than a firearm mentioned in subsection (3A), a police officer

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Firearms Act 1996

Section 39

Part 4

1	39	New section 262 (3A) and (3B)
2		insert
3 4 5	(3A)	For a firearm surrendered under section 38 (Amnesty), the registrar may destroy or otherwise dispose of the firearm as soon as practicable after it is surrendered if—
6		(a) the person surrendering the firearm—
7 8		(i) stated, when surrendering it, that they did not intend to seek authority to possess the firearm; or
9 10		(ii) made no statement about whether they would seek authority to possess the firearm; and
11 12		(b) there are no circumstances that would preclude the destruction or disposal of the firearm.
13 14 15	(3B)	However, if on surrendering a firearm, the person surrendering it states that they intend to seek authority to possess the firearm, the registrar may only destroy or otherwise dispose of the firearm if—
16 17		(a) the registrar has been in possession of the firearm for at least 6 months; and
18 19		(b) the person who surrendered the firearm has not obtained authority to possess the firearm; and
20 21		(c) there are no circumstances that would preclude the destruction or disposal of the firearm.

Part 5Firearms Regulation 2008

2	40		New section 47A					
3			insert					
4 5 6	47A		Composite entity licence conditions, category H licences for safe storage of firearms by security organisations— Act, s 182 (1A) (a) and (c)					
7 8		(1)	This section applies to the holder of a category H licence that is an entity that carries on business in the ACT as a security organisation.					
9		(2)	If not more than 1 registered firearm is held under the licence—					
10			(a) when the firearm is not being used or carried, it must be—					
11			(i) stored in a locked steel safe—					
12			(A) of a type approved by the registrar; and					
13 14			(B) bolted to the structure of the registered premises for the firearm; and					
15 16			(ii) fitted with a trigger or barrel lock that prevents the firearm from being discharged; and					
17			(iii) secured on, or in, a locked device within the safe; and					
18			(b) the safe must be fitted with an alarm of a type that is—					
19			(i) approved by the registrar; and					
20 21			(ii) monitored at a place separate from the registered premises and					
22 23			(c) the registered premises must be approved by the registrar for storing the firearms.					

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Firearms Regulation 2008

Section 40

Part 5

1 2	(3)	If more than 1, but not more than 5, registered firearms are held under the licence—		
3		(a)	when	n a firearm is not being used or carried, it must be—
4 5			(i)	stored in a safe of a type that meets the requirements mentioned in paragraph (b); and
6 7			(ii)	fitted with a trigger or barrel lock that prevents the firearm from being discharged; and
8 9			(iii)	secured individually on, or in, a locked device within the safe; and
10		(b)	the s	afe must be—
11			(i)	a steel safe weighing at least 150kg; and
12			(ii)	of a type approved by the registrar; and
13 14			(iii)	bolted to the structure of the registered premises for the firearm; and
15 16			(iv)	fitted with an alarm of a type approved by the registrar that—
17 18				(A) is monitored at a place separate from the registered premises; and
19 20				(B) is separate from an alarm for the registered premises; and
21 22			(v)	locked at all times except when accessed for the purpose of distributing a firearm; and
23 24		(c)		registered premises must be approved by the registrar for ng the firearms.

1 2	(4)	If more than 5, but not more than 15, registered firearms are held under the licence—			
3		(a) when a firearm is not being used or carried, it must be—			
4 5			(i)	stored in a safe of a type that meets the requirements mentioned in paragraph (b); and	
6 7			(ii)	fitted with a trigger or barrel lock that prevents the firearm from being discharged; and	
8 9			(iii)	secured individually on, or in, a locked device within the safe; and	
10		(b)	the s	afe must be—	
11			(i)	a steel safe weighing at least 500kg; and	
12			(ii)	of a type approved by the registrar; and	
13 14			(iii)	bolted to the structure of the registered premises for the firearm; and	
15 16			(iv)	fitted with an alarm of a type approved by the registrar that—	
17 18				(A) is monitored at a place separate from the registered premises; and	
19 20				(B) is separate from an alarm for the registered premises; and	
21 22			(v)	locked at all times except when accessed for the purpose of distributing a firearm; and	
23			(vi)	fitted with 15-minute time delay locks; and	
24 25		(c)		egistered premises must be approved by the registrar for ng the firearms.	

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Firearms Regulation 2008

Section 40

Part 5

1	(5)	If more than 15 registered firearms are held under the licence—			
2		(a) when a firearm is not being used or carried, it must be—			
3			(i)	stored in—	
4				(A) a safe of a type that meets the requirements	
5				mentioned in paragraph (b); or	
6 7				(B) within a vault or control room of a type approved by the registrar; and	
8 9			(ii)	fitted with a trigger or barrel lock that prevents the firearm from being discharged; and	
10 11			(iii)	secured individually on, or in, a locked device within the safe, or vault or control room; and	
12		(b)	if a s	afe is used to store the firearms, the safe must be—	
13 14			(i)	a steel safe, weighing at least 500kg, of a type approved by the registrar; and	
15 16			(ii)	bolted to the structure of the registered premises for the firearm; and	
17 18			(iii)	fitted with an alarm of a type approved by the registrar that—	
19				(A) is monitored at a place separate from the registered	
20				premises; and	
21				(B) is separate from an alarm for the registered premises;	
22				and	
23			(iv)	locked at all times except when accessed for the purpose	
24				of distributing a firearm; and	
25 26		(c)		registered premises must be approved by the registrar for ng the firearms.	
26			51011	ng me meanns.	

1 2	(6)	The registrar must not approve registered premises for storing registered firearms under the licence unless—					
3 4		(a)	0	trar is satisfied that t	1 1	able of being	
5 6 7		(b)	a place	ises have an intruder eparate from the regionsiders appropriate	istered premises in a		
8 9 10		(c)	duress	gistrar considers it acility that is monito in a way that the reg	ored at a place separ	rate from the	
11 12		(d)	-	trar is satisfied that p e of the firearm by th		for the nature	
13 14		(e)	U	trar is otherwise satis s a place for the safe	-	es are suitable	
15 16			Note	In determining the suitab satisfied that the place is s			

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Endnotes

1	Presentation speech							
	Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 1 December 2021.							
2	Notification							
	Notified under the Legislation Act on 2021.							
3	Republications of amended laws							
	For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.							

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