2023

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Special Minister of State)

Motor Accident Injuries Amendment Bill 2023

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2023

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Special Minister of State)

Motor Accident Injuries Amendment Bill 2023

A Bill for

An Act to amend the Motor Accident Injuries Act 2019

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

1	1	Name of Act
2		This Act is the Motor Accident Injuries Amendment Act 2023.
3	2	Commencement
4		This Act commences on the 7th day after its notification day.
5 6		Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
7	3	Legislation amended
8		This Act amends the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2019</i> .
9	4	Meaning of <i>AWE indexed</i> for amount Section 18 (1), definition of <i>AWE indexed</i> , paragraph (c)
1		substitute
2		(c) rounded up to the nearest—
3 4		(i) for an amount referred to in section 96, section 97 or section 103—dollar; or
5		(ii) in any other case—whole \$10.
6 7 8	5	Duty to act in good faith—applicants, claimants and insurers Section 20 (5)
9		after
20		court
21		insert
22		or the ACAT

1 2	6		Delegation by MAI commission Section 30 (1) (a)
3			omit
4 5	7		Definitions—div 2.2.2 Section 42, new definition of <i>found guilty</i>
6			insert
7			found guilty, of an offence—
8 9 0			(a) includes having the offence taken into account under the <i>Crimes</i> (<i>Sentencing</i>) <i>Act</i> 2005, section 57 (Outstanding additional offences taken into account in sentencing); but
1 2 3			(b) does not include having an order made for the offence under the <i>Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005</i> , section 17 (Non-conviction orders—general).
4	8		Section 42, definition of non-conviction order
5			omit
6 7	9		Entitlement limited—single driving offence Section 44 (5)
8			omit
9	10		No entitlement—multiple driving offences Section 45 (5)
1			substitute
22 23 24		(5)	If the injured person is convicted or found guilty of only 1 driving offence, any entitlement to income replacement benefits or quality of life benefits by the injured person ends—
25 26			(a) if the injured person does not appeal the conviction or finding of guilt—at the end of the appeal period for the offence; or

1 2 3		(b) if the injured person appeals the conviction or finding of guilt—when the appeal is finalised and the conviction or finding of guilt is upheld.
4 5	11	No entitlement—serious offences Section 48 (5)
6		omit
7 8	12	Entitlement limited—workers compensation applicant Section 50 (3), new note
9		insert
10		Note 2 See also the withdrawal requirements under s 73 (4).
11 12	13	When entitlement to certain benefits ends Section 51 (2), new note
13		insert
14 15		Note 1A See also divs 2.6.2 and 2.6.3, which provide for when a quality of life benefits application is finally dealt with.
16 17 18 19	14	Meaning of authority to disclose personal health information Section 54 (1), definition of authority to disclose personal health information, paragraph (b) (i) (E)
20		omit
21		independent health assessor
22		substitute
23		independent assessor

1	15	Application for defined benefits—authority to disclose
2		personal health information
3 4		Section 57 (5), definition of <i>information disclosure</i> content, paragraph (a) (i) (E)
7		
5		omit
6		independent health assessor
7		substitute
8		independent assessor
9	16	Dispute about liability for application
10		Section 70 (5) (b)
11		substitute
12		(b) any defined benefits already paid;
13	17	Application for defined benefits—notification of
14		application under workers compensation scheme
15		Section 73 (4), note
16		omit
17	18	Section 73 (5), new note
18		insert
19 20 21 22		Note A person's entitlement to certain defined benefits ends on the day an application is accepted, however may be revived if the person's workers compensation application is withdrawn within 13 weeks after the date of the motor accident or denied (see s 50 (3)).

1	19	Meaning of <i>AWE adjusted</i> —div 2.4.3 Section 94 (4), example
3		substitute
4		Example—adjustments
5 6		On 30 September 2020, Penny has pre-injury income of \$1 500 per week. Penny's entitlement to income replacement benefits started on 15 June 2020.
7		The adjustment days prescribed for pre-injury income are 1 April and 1 October.
8 9 10		The AWE last published before 1 October 2020 (for May 2020) is \$1 884.30. The AWE published for November 2019 (being 6 months before May 2020) is \$1 856.80.
11		The AWE adjustment factor for Penny's pre-injury income is calculated as follows:
12		$1884.30 \div 1856.0 = 1.015$ (rounded to 3 decimal places).
13 14		The amount of Penny's pre-injury income on the 1 October 2020 adjustment date is calculated as follows:
15		$1500 \times 1.015 = 1522.50$.
16 17		Penny's benefit from the adjustment date of 1 October 2020 is \$1 522.50, rounded to \$1 523.
18 19 20	20	Notice required to reduce or stop income replacement benefit payments Section 107 (2) (b)
21		substitute
22 23		(b) the income replacement benefit payments have been suspended under—
24 25		(i) section 105 (Suspension of benefit payments—failure to comply with request for assessment); or
26 27		(ii) section 121 (3) (Assessment of injured person's injuries); or
28		(iii) section 124A (Recovery plan—suspension of benefits);

1 2	21	Assessment of injured person's injuries Section 121 (3)
3		substitute
4 5 6	(3)	If the injured person fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with the relevant insurer's request, the relevant insurer may suspend either or both of the following until the person complies with the request:
7		(a) the person's treatment and care benefits;
8		(b) the person's income replacement benefit payments.
9	22	Section 121 (4) (b)
10		after
11		the benefits
12		insert
13		or payments
14	23	New section 124A
14 15	23	New section 124A insert
	23 124A	
15		insert
15 16 17 18	124A	insert Recovery plan—suspension of benefits If an injured person fails, without reasonable excuse, to undergo the treatment and care stated in the person's recovery plan, the relevant insurer may suspend either or both of the following until the person
15 16 17 18 19	124A	Recovery plan—suspension of benefits If an injured person fails, without reasonable excuse, to undergo the treatment and care stated in the person's recovery plan, the relevant insurer may suspend either or both of the following until the person undergoes the treatment and care:
15 16 17 18 19 20	124A	Recovery plan—suspension of benefits If an injured person fails, without reasonable excuse, to undergo the treatment and care stated in the person's recovery plan, the relevant insurer may suspend either or both of the following until the person undergoes the treatment and care: (a) the person's treatment and care benefits;

2			payments being suspended; and
3			(c) the date the suspension takes effect; and
4 5 6			(d) that the injured person may seek internal review of the suspension under part 2.10 (Defined benefits—dispute resolution).
7 8		(3)	A suspension notice must be given to the injured person at least 2 weeks before the date the suspension takes effect.
9 0 1		(4)	The MAI guidelines may provide for the matters that must be taken into consideration by an insurer in deciding to suspend an injured person's benefits or payments.
3	24		Quality of life benefits application Section 137 (1)
4			substitute
-			
5 6 7		(1)	A person may apply to the relevant insurer for a motor accident for quality of life benefits (a <i>quality of life benefits application</i>) if the insurer accepts, or is taken to have accepted, liability for defined benefits under section 65.
5 6 7	25	(1)	A person may apply to the relevant insurer for a motor accident for quality of life benefits (a <i>quality of life benefits application</i>) if the insurer accepts, or is taken to have accepted, liability for defined
5 6 7 8	25	(1)	A person may apply to the relevant insurer for a motor accident for quality of life benefits (a <i>quality of life benefits application</i>) if the insurer accepts, or is taken to have accepted, liability for defined benefits under section 65.

1	26		New se	ction	137 (4)
2			insert		
3		(4)	To remo		y doubt, if a person makes a quality of life benefits
5 6 7			aut	horised	ant insurer must refer the injured person to an d IME provider for a first WPI assessment in the with this division; and
8 9 10 11			Note	as m	a person has injuries to more than 1 body system, the WPI seessment of each body system may be carried out by different edical examiners or combined in accordance with the WPI seessment guidelines (see s 151).
12 13 14			to	carry o	d person may arrange for a private medical examiner out a second or subsequent WPI assessment only in the with section 158 (Second WPI report).
15 16	27		WPI as		nent 4 years 6 months after motor accident (1) (a)
17			substitut	e	
18 19					nt insurer for a motor accident receives a quality of life pplication from a person injured in the accident and—
20			(i)	secti	ion 138 applies to the person; or
21			(ii)	secti	ion 140 applies to the person; or
22			(iii)	both	of the following apply:
23				(A)	the person is receiving income replacement benefits
24					or, because of the circumstances prescribed by
25 26					regulation, would have been eligible to receive income replacement benefits;
27				(B)	the person's injuries may have a significant
28					occupational impact on the person's ability to
29					undertake employment; and

1	28	Section 141 (4) (a)
2		substitute
3		(a) either of the following applies:
4 5 6 7		 (i) if separate reports from an independent medical examiner assess an injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—the higher estimated WPI is at least 5%;
8 9 0		(ii) if only 1 WPI report from an independent medical examiner assesses an injured person's WPI—the estimated WPI is at least 5%; and
1	29	WPI assessment—multiple body systems affected Section 151 (d)
3		substitute
4 5 6		(d) the WPI assessments for a primary psychological injury must be conducted in accordance with the WPI guidelines to decide the person's WPI for their psychological injuries.
7	30	New section 151 (2)
8		insert
9	(2) In this section:
20 21		<i>injury</i> , to a person's body system, includes a primary psychological injury to the person.
22		primary psychological injury—see section 150 (6).

the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and			
 WPI less than 5%—insurer may make offer Section 154 (2) (b) omit , taking into account each WPI report Section 154 (4) substitute (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insure the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or Section 155 heading 	31		Section 154 heading
32 Section 154 (2) (b) omit , taking into account each WPI report 33 Section 154 (4) substitute (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insure the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading			substitute
omit , taking into account each WPI report 33 Section 154 (4) substitute (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insure the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading	154		WPI less than 5%—insurer may make offer
, taking into account each WPI report 33 Section 154 (4) substitute (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insurer the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading	32		Section 154 (2) (b)
 33 Section 154 (4) substitute (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insurer the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading 			omit
substitute (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insurer the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading			, taking into account each WPI report
 (4) If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insurer the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading 	33		Section 154 (4)
the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted— (a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and (b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading			substitute
(b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading		(4)	If the injured person does not notify the insurer, and give the insurer the second WPI report, within the 26 weeks, the person is taken to have accepted—
in the notice under subsection (2). 34 Section 154 (6) before the report insert the offer or 35 Section 155 heading			(a) if the relevant insurer has made an offer—the offer; and
the report insert the offer or Section 155 heading			(b) if the relevant insurer has not made an offer—each report stated in the notice under subsection (2).
the report insert the offer or Section 155 heading	34		Section 154 (6)
insert the offer or Section 155 heading			before
the offer or Section 155 heading			the report
35 Section 155 heading			insert
			the offer or
155 WPI 5% to 9%—insurer must make offer	35		Section 155 heading
	155		WPI 5% to 9%—insurer must make offer

1 2 3	36	WPI 10% or more—injured person entitled to make motor accident claim Section 157 (8), definition of <i>due date</i> , new paragraph (c)
4		insert
5 6		(c) if the injured person gives a complying notice of claim—6 weeks after the date the claim is finally decided.
7 8	37	Section 157 (8), new definition of complying notice of claim
9		insert
10		complying notice of claim—see section 257.
11 12 13	38	Second WPI report—original WPI may be affirmed or increased Section 159 (1) (a)
14		substitute
15		(a) the relevant insurer for a motor accident receives—
16 17 18		 (i) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—at least 1 second WPI report; or
19 20		(ii) if only 1 first WPI report is provided—a second WPI report; and
21 22	39	Final offer WPI less than 5% New section 161 (1) (b) (iii)
23		insert
24 25 26		(iii) if separate WPI reports assess an injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—how the final offer WPI was determined.

1	40		Sec	tion 161 (1) (c)
2			omit	t e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
3	41		Sec	etion 161 (2)
4			subs	stitute
5		(2)	In th	nis section:
6			state	ed time means—
7 8 9 10			(a)	if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review of only 1 report under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase; or
12 13 14 15			(b)	if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review of both reports under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase for both reports; or
17 18 19 20			(c)	if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase; or
21 22 23 24 25			(d)	if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer did not request the IME provider arrange a review of either report under section 159—28 days after receiving the later of the second WPI reports; or
26 27 28			(e)	if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer did not request the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—28 days after receiving the second WPI report.

1 2	42	Final offer WPI 5% to 9% New section 162 (1) (b) (iii)
3		insert
4 5 6		(iii) if separate WPI reports assess an injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—how the final offer WPI was determined; and
7	43	Section 162 (5), definition of stated time
8		substitute
9		stated time means—
10 11 12 13 14		(a) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review of only 1 report under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase; or
15 16 17 18 19		(b) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review of both reports under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase for both reports; or
20 21 22 23		(c) if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase; or
24 25 26 27 28		(d) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer did not request the IME provider arrange a review of either report under section 159—28 days after receiving the later of the second WPI reports; or

1 2 3		 (e) if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer did not request the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—28 days after receiving the second WPI report.
4 5 6	44	Final offer WPI 10% or more—injured person not entitled to make motor accident claim New section 163 (2) (b) (iii)
7		insert
8 9 10		(iii) if separate WPI reports assess an injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—how the final offer WPI was determined; and
11	45	Section 163 (6), definition of stated time
12		substitute
13		stated time means—
14 15 16 17 18		(a) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review of only 1 report under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase; or
19 20 21 22 23		(b) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review of both reports under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase for both reports; or
24 25 26 27		(c) if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer requests the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or increase; or

1 2 3 4 5			(d) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer did not request the IME provider arrange a review of either report under section 159—28 days after receiving the later of the second WPI reports; or
6 7 8			(e) if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer did not request the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—28 days after receiving the second WPI report.
9 10 11	46		Final offer WPI 10% or more—injured person entitled to make motor accident claim New section 164 (2) (b) (iii)
12			insert
13 14 15			(iii) if separate WPI reports assess an injured person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—how the final offer WPI was determined; and
16	47		Section 164 (6)
17			substitute
18		(6)	In this section:
19			complying notice of claim—see section 257.
20			due date means the later of—
21			(a) 5 years after the date of the motor accident; and
22			(b) 26 weeks after the person receives the notice; and
23 24			(c) if the injured person gives a complying notice of claim—6 weeks after the date the claim is finally decided.

stated time means— 1 (a) if separate WPI reports were provided for the injured person's 2 physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer 3 requested the IME provider arrange a review of only 1 report 4 under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME provider's 5 notice of affirmation or increase; or 6 (b) if separate first WPI reports were provided for the injured 7 person's physical injuries and psychological injuries and the 8 insurer requested the IME provider arrange a review of both 9 reports under section 159—14 days after receiving the IME 10 provider's notice of affirmation or increase for both reports; or 11 (c) if only 1 first WPI report was provided and the insurer requested 12 the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—14 days 13 after receiving the IME provider's notice of affirmation or 14 increase; or 15 (d) if separate first WPI reports are provided for the injured person's 16 physical injuries and psychological injuries and the insurer did 17 not request the IME provider arrange a review of either report 18 under section 159-28 days after receiving the later of the 19 second WPI reports; or 20

21

22

23

(e) if only 1 first WPI report is provided and the insurer did not

28 days after receiving the second WPI report.

request the IME provider arrange a review under section 159—

1 2	48		WPI assessment—relevant insurer to pay Section 165 (2) and (3)
3			substitute
4 5		(2)	If section 151 does not apply, the relevant insurer is only liable for the costs of—
6			(a) 1 WPI assessment of the person's physical injuries; and
7 8 9			(b) if the person may request a WPI assessment of the person's primary psychological injury under section 150—1 WPI assessment of the person's primary psychological injury.
0		(3)	If section 151 applies, the relevant insurer is only liable for the costs of 1 WPI assessment for each affected body system.
2		(4)	In this section:
3 4			<i>injury</i> , to a person's body system, includes a primary psychological injury to the person.
5			primary psychological injury—see section 150 (6).
6 7 8	49		Effect of certain WPI assessments on motor accident claim Section 166 (b)
9			omit
20			section 157 (2)
21			substitute
22			section 157 (3)

1	50	Section 206
2		substitute
3	206	Meaning of independent assessor
4		In this Act:
5		independent assessor—
6 7		(a) means a person who conducts SOI assessments under an arrangement with an authorised IME provider; but
8		(b) does not include a person prescribed by regulation.
9 10	51	Meaning of <i>SOI assessment</i> and <i>SOI report</i> Section 207 (1), definition of <i>SOI assessment</i>
11		omit
12		a health assessment
13		substitute
14		an assessment
15	52	Section 207 (1), definition of SOI report
16		omit
17		independent health assessor
18		substitute
19		independent assessor
20	53	Section 207 (2)
21		omit

1 2	54		SOI assessment guidelines Section 208 (2) (a)
3			substitute
4 5			(a) state procedures and principles to be followed in making an SOI assessment; and
6 7	55		SOI assessment 4 years 6 months after motor accident Section 209 (1)
8			substitute
9		(1)	This section applies if—
10 11 12 13			(a) a person injured in a motor accident is receiving income replacement benefits or, because of the circumstances prescribed by regulation, would have been eligible to receive income replacement benefits; and
14			(b) the person made a quality of life benefits application and—
15 16 17 18			 (i) if separate WPI reports from an independent medical examiner assess the person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—the higher WPI assessment assesses the person's WPI as less than 10%; or
19 20 21			(ii) if only 1 WPI report from an independent medical examiner assesses the person's WPI—the person's WPI is less than 10%; and
22 23 24			(c) the relevant insurer has not previously referred the injured person to an authorised IME provider under this section for an SOI assessment in relation to the injuries; and
25 26			(d) 4 years and 6 months has passed since the date of the motor accident; and
27 28			(e) the person consents to the relevant insurer referring the injured person to an authorised IME provider for an SOI assessment.

1 2	56		Arrangement of SOI assessment Section 210 (2) (a)
3			omit
4			independent health assessors
5			substitute
6			independent assessors
7	57		Sections 211 (1) and 212 (1)
8			omit
9			independent health assessor
10			substitute
11			independent assessor
12 13	58		SOI report—injury has significant occupational impact Section 213 (1)
14			substitute
15		(1)	This section applies if—
16 17			(a) a relevant insurer refers an injured person to an authorised IME provider for an SOI assessment; and
18 19 20			(b) the authorised IME provider arranges for an independent medical examiner or independent assessor to carry out an SOI assessment of the person; and
21 22 23 24			(c) an SOI report from the independent medical examiner or independent assessor confirms the person's injury has a significant occupational impact on the person's ability to undertake employment.

59		Section 213 (3)
		omit
		making
		substitute
		reviving
60		SOI report—no significant occupational impact—ACAT review New section 215 (3)
		insert
	(3)	The independent medical examiner or independent assessor who carries out the SOI assessment of the injured person must not be—
		(a) named as a respondent to an application made under subsection (1); or
		(b) joined as a party to an application made under subsection (1).
61		ACAT review—decision Section 218 (2) and (3)
		omit
		independent health assessor
		substitute
		independent assessor
62		New section 218 (4A)
		insert
	(4A)	To remove any doubt, if the ACAT makes an order under subsection (1) (b), section 213 applies as if the decision of the ACAT is an SOI report from an independent medical examiner or independent assessor.

1 2	63	Future treatment payment—assessment and calculation Section 223 (d)
3		before
4		give the applicant
5		insert
6		within 2 months after the day the application is made,
7	64	New section 223 (d) (iv) (C)
8		insert
9 10 11		(C) an amount agreed to under this section (including a negotiated amount) applies only to future medical treatment.
12 13	65	Award of damages—requirements Section 239 (1) (a)
14		substitute
15 16 17		(a) has made a quality of life benefits application under division 2.6.2 (Quality of life benefits—application) and either—
18 19 20 21 22		(i) an assessment has been conducted by an independent medical examiner under division 2.6.3 (Quality of life benefits—WPI assessment) and the person has been assessed as having a WPI of at least 10% as a result of the accident; or
23 24		(ii) the insurer has decided the person has a WPI of at least 10% and has made a final offer WPI; or

66	Section 239 (3)
	substitute
(3)	For this section, a person has been assessed as having a WPI of at least 10% as a result of the accident if—
	(a) if separate WPI reports assess the person's physical injuries and psychological injuries—the higher WPI assessment assesses the person's WPI as at least 10%; or
	(b) if only 1 WPI report assesses the person's WPI—the person's WPI assessment assesses the person's WPI as at least 10%.
	Note If an injured person has physical and psychological injuries, a WPI assessment of a physical injury may take into account a secondary psychological injury (see s 150 (4)).
67	WPI assessment—application and assessment Section 241 (3) (c)
	substitute
	(c) a reference in section 137 (1) (Quality of life benefits application) to an insurer accepting liability were a reference to receiving an acknowledgement notice; and
68	Section 241 (3) (e)
	omit
69	Section 241 (4) (a)
	substitute
	(a) section 154 (2) (b) (WPI less than 5%—insurer may make offer);
	oner),

1	70		New section 241 (4) (ca)
2			before the note, insert
3		((ca) section 161 (1) (c) (Final offer WPI less than 5%);
4	71		New section 241 (5)
5			insert
6 7 8			If the injured person makes an application under subsection (1), a reference to income benefits in section 209 (1) (a) (SOI assessment 4 years 6 months after motor accident) is taken to be a reference to
9 10			payments for the loss of income under a workers compensation scheme.
11 12	72		Establishment of nominal defendant fund Section 330 (2) (a)
13			substitute
14 15			(a) any penalties or penalty interest imposed under this Act, other than a penalty imposed under part 7.6A (Financial penalties);
16 17	73		Compliance with certain provisions New section 365 (h)
18			before the note, insert
19			(h) section 412A (Notice of reportable conduct).

74	New section 366A
	insert
366A	Compliance with directions and remediation plans
	It is a condition of an MAI insurer licence that the licensed insurer complies with the following:
	(a) any direction given to the insurer by the MAI commission under section 394G;
	(b) any remediation plan approved by the MAI commission under section 394I (5) (a).
75	Suspended insurer selected after suspension Section 389 (1)
	omit
	road transport authority
	substitute
	MAI commissioner
76	Section 389 (4)
	omit
	must allocate
	substitute
	must not allocate

1 2 3	77	MAI commission may choose occupational discipline instead of prosecution Section 391
4		omit
5		MAI insurer
6		substitute
7		MAI commission
8	78	Occupational discipline orders Section 394 (2), except note
10		substitute
11 12 13	(2)	In addition to any other occupational discipline order that the ACAT may make, the ACAT may require the licensed insurer to pay an amount of not more than \$100 000 to the Territory or someone else.
14	79	New parts 7.6A and 7.6B
15		insert
16	Part 7.	6A Financial penalties
17	394A	Definitions—pt 7.6A
18		In this part:
19		financial penalty notice—see section 394D (3).
20		ground for financial penalty—see section 394B.
21 22 23		<i>minor contravention</i> means conduct by a licensed insurer that constitutes a ground for financial penalty that does not involve a serious contravention.

1 2 3		<i>serious contravention</i> means conduct by a licensed insurer that constitutes a ground for financial penalty that involves any of the following:
4		(a) dishonest or misleading conduct by the licensed insurer;
5 6		(b) underpayment or delay in paying defined benefits by the licensed insurer;
7 8		(c) failure by the licensed insurer to ensure protected information is disclosed only in accordance with section 371;
9 10		(d) failure by the licensed insurer to comply with an order of the ACAT made for this Act;
11		(e) anything else prescribed by regulation.
12	394B	Meaning of ground for financial penalty—pt 7.6A
13 14		For this part, each of the following is a <i>ground for financial penalty</i> in relation to a licensed insurer:
15		(a) the licensed insurer has contravened this Act;
16 17		(b) the licensed insurer has contravened a condition of the MAI insurer licence;
18 19		(c) the licensed insurer has contravened the insurance industry deed.
20	394C	Notice of proposed financial penalty
21 22	(1)	The MAI commission may propose to impose a financial penalty on the insurer if the commission is satisfied that—
23 24		(a) a ground for financial penalty exists in relation to the insurer; and
25		(b) the imposition of the financial penalty is in the public interest.

1	(2)		MAI commission must give the insurer a written notice about the osed financial penalty (a <i>show cause notice</i>) stating—
3		(a)	the grounds on which the commission is proposing to impose a financial penalty; and
5 6		(b)	whether the proposed financial penalty is for a minor or serious contravention; and
7		(c)	the amount of the proposed financial penalty; and
8 9		(d)	that the insurer may give the commission a written submission about the proposed financial penalty not later than—
10 11			(i) for a minor contravention—15 business days after the day the insurer is given the notice; or
12 13			(ii) for a serious contravention—20 business days after the day the insurer is given the notice; or
14			(iii) if the commission agrees to a longer period—the agreed
15			period.
	394D	lmp	period. osing financial penalties
15	394D (1)	The	•
15 16 17		The	osing financial penalties MAI commission may impose a financial penalty on a licensed
15 16 17 18		The	osing financial penalties MAI commission may impose a financial penalty on a licensed rer if the commission—
15 16 17 18 19		The insur	osing financial penalties MAI commission may impose a financial penalty on a licensed rer if the commission— has given the insurer a show cause notice; and has considered any written submission given by the insurer in
15 16 17 18 19 20 21		The insur (a) (b)	osing financial penalties MAI commission may impose a financial penalty on a licensed rer if the commission— has given the insurer a show cause notice; and has considered any written submission given by the insurer in accordance with section 394C (1) (d); and
115 116 117 118 119 220 221		The insur (a) (b)	osing financial penalties MAI commission may impose a financial penalty on a licensed rer if the commission— has given the insurer a show cause notice; and has considered any written submission given by the insurer in accordance with section 394C (1) (d); and has considered the matters prescribed by regulation; and

1		(ii) the imposition of the financial penalty is—
2		(A) in the public interest; and
3 4		(B) appropriate taking into account the nature of the contravention.
5	(2)	A financial penalty must not be more than—
6		(a) for a minor contravention—\$20 000; or
7		(b) for a serious contravention—\$100 000.
8 9 10	(3)	If the MAI commission imposes a financial penalty on a licensed insurer, the commission must give the insurer a notice (a <i>financial penalty notice</i>) stating—
11 12		(a) that the commission has decided to impose a financial penalty on the insurer; and
13		(b) the amount of the financial penalty; and
14		(c) the grounds on which the penalty is being imposed; and
15 16		(d) that the notice is a financial penalty notice under this section; and
17 18 19		(e) for a serious contravention—that the insurer may request a mediation under section 394E if the insurer disagrees with the financial penalty; and
20 21		(f) that the penalty must be paid to the MAI commission in accordance with section 394F.
22	(4)	In this section:
23		show cause notice—see section 394C (2).

1 2	394E	Mediation for serious contravention financial penalty notice
3 4 5	(1)	If the MAI commission imposes a financial penalty on a licensed insurer for a serious contravention, the insurer may make a written request to the commission for the matter to be mediated.
6 7	(2)	A request under subsection (2) must be made within 10 business days after the day the insurer is given the financial penalty notice.
8 9	(3)	A mediation under this section must be mediated by an accredited mediator.
10	(4)	The mediator must be—
11 12		(a) a person who is independent of the MAI commission and the licensed insurer; and
13 14		(b) decided by agreement between the MAI commission and the licensed insurer.
15	(5)	The fees and expenses of the mediator must be paid—
16 17		(a) as agreed between the MAI commission and the licensed insurer; or
18		(b) if there is no agreement—by each of them in equal proportions.
19 20	(6)	After mediation, the MAI commission must give the mediator and the licensed insurer a written notice that—
21 22 23		(a) if the commission and insurer reach an agreement—confirms, varies or withdraws the financial penalty notice in accordance with the agreement; or
24 25		(b) if no agreement is reached—confirms the financial penalty notice.
26	(7)	In this section:
27		accredited mediator—see section 321 (6).

1	394F	Payment of financial penalty
2	(1)	This section applies if the MAI commission imposes a financial penalty on a licensed insurer under section 394D (2).
4 5	(2)	The licensed insurer must pay the financial penalty to the MAI commission not later than 15 business days after the later of—
6 7 8		(a) if the insurer requests a mediation under section 394E—the day the financial penalty is confirmed or varied under section 394E (6); and
9		(b) in any other case—the day the financial penalty notice is given to the insurer.
1	(3)	A financial penalty may be recovered as a debt payable to the MAI commission.
3		Note An amount owing under a law may be recovered as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction or the ACAT (see Legislation Act, s 177).
4		
	Part 7.	6B MAI insurer licences—directions to licensed insurers
14	Part 7.	
5		to licensed insurers
15 6 17 18 19	394G	to licensed insurers Directions to licensed insurers—general This section applies if the MAI commission believes on reasonable grounds that a licensed insurer is contravening, has contravened or is
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	394G	to licensed insurers Directions to licensed insurers—general This section applies if the MAI commission believes on reasonable grounds that a licensed insurer is contravening, has contravened or is likely to contravene—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	394G	to licensed insurers Directions to licensed insurers—general This section applies if the MAI commission believes on reasonable grounds that a licensed insurer is contravening, has contravened or is likely to contravene— (a) this Act; or
14 15 16 17 18 19 19 20 21	394G	to licensed insurers Directions to licensed insurers—general This section applies if the MAI commission believes on reasonable grounds that a licensed insurer is contravening, has contravened or is likely to contravene— (a) this Act; or (b) a condition of the MAI insurer licence; or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	394G (1)	to licensed insurers Directions to licensed insurers—general This section applies if the MAI commission believes on reasonable grounds that a licensed insurer is contravening, has contravened or is likely to contravene— (a) this Act; or (b) a condition of the MAI insurer licence; or (c) the insurance industry deed. The MAI commission may direct the licensed insurer to do 1 or more

1 2	(b) comply with the Act, condition of the licence or insurance industry deed.
3 (3	A direction must be in writing and include the following:
4 5	(a) details of the licensed insurer's contravention or likely contravention;
6 7	(b) details of the thing required to be done or not done by the licensed insurer;
8 9	(c) the day by which the licensed insurer must comply with the direction;
10 11	(d) a statement that, under section 394H, the insurer may object to the direction.
12 (4	The licensed insurer must comply with the direction by the later of—
13	(a) the day stated in the direction; and
14 15	(b) if a later day is agreed between the MAI commission and the insurer—that day.
16 394H	Objection to direction
17 (1 18 19	A licensed insurer may make a written objection to the MAI commission about a direction given to the insurer under section 394G.
20 (2 21) However, an objection may only be made on 1 or more of the following grounds:
22 23	(a) the stated contravention did not happen or the stated likely contravention is unlikely to happen;
24 25	(b) doing or not doing the stated thing would place an unreasonable cost burden on the insurer;
	(c) the stated time for compliance is either not reasonable or not

1 2	(3)	An objection does not operate to stay the direction or otherwise prevent action being taken based on the direction.	
3 4	(4)	As soon as practicable after receiving an objection, the MAI commission must review the direction and decide to—	
5		(a) affirm the direction; or	
6		(b) amend the direction; or	
7		(c) set aside the direction and make a different direction; or	
8		(d) withdraw the direction.	
9 10	(5)	After making a decision under subsection (4), the MAI commission must give the licensed insurer a written notice that states—	
11		(a) the commission's decision; and	
12		(b) the reasons for the decision; and	
13 14 15		(c) if the decision is to amend the direction or set aside the direction and substitute it for a different direction—the day the amended or different direction takes effect.	
16 3 9	941	Directions to licensed insurers—remediation plans	
17 18 19 20	(1)	The MAI commission may direct a licensed insurer to give the commission a proposed remediation plan if the commission believes on reasonable grounds that the insurer is contravening, has contravened or is likely to contravene—	
21		(a) this Act; or	
22		(b) a condition of the MAI insurer licence; or	
23		(c) the insurance industry deed.	
24	(2)	A direction must be in writing and include the following:	
25 26		(a) details of the licensed insurer's contravention or likely contravention (the <i>identified contravention</i>);	

1 2		(b) a statement that the licensed insurer must give the MAI commission a proposed remediation plan;
3 4		(c) the day by which the licensed insurer must give the MAI commission the proposed remediation plan.
5 6	(3)	The licensed insurer must give the MAI commission the proposed remediation plan by the later of—
7 8		(a) 15 business days after the day the direction is given to the insurer; and
9 10		(b) if a later day is agreed between the MAI commission and the insurer—that day.
11 12	(4)	A licensed insurer must include the following details in a proposed remediation plan:
13		(a) the nature and extent of—
14 15		(i) the identified contravention mentioned in the direction given to the insurer; and
16 17 18		 (ii) any other contravention or likely contravention (a <i>further contravention</i>) that is the same as or similar to the identified contravention mentioned in the direction; and
19 20 21		(b) any action the insurer has taken, or proposes to take, to remediate the identified contravention and further contravention;
22 23		(c) the insurer's assessment of the risk of the further contravention happening;
24 25		(d) any action the insurer has taken, or proposes to take, to remove or minimise the risk of the further contravention happening;
26 27		(e) the timeframes for the insurer taking the actions mentioned in paragraph (b) and (d).

1 2 3	(3)	remediation plan (including an amended proposed remediation plan), the commission must—
4		(a) approve the proposed plan; or
5		(b) require the insurer to amend the proposed plan.
6 7	(6)	However, the MAI commission must not approve a proposed remediation plan unless the proposed plan—
8		(a) complies with subsection (4); and
9 10		(b) identifies appropriate actions and timeframes for responding to the risks identified in the proposed plan.
11 12	(7)	If the MAI commission approves a proposed remediation plan, the commission must give the insurer a written notice stating—
13		(a) that the proposed plan has been approved; and
14 15		(b) that the insurer must comply with the approved remediation plan.
16 17 18	(8)	If the MAI commission requires the licensed insurer to amend a proposed remediation plan, the commission must give the insurer a written notice stating—
19 20		(a) what amendments the commission requires the insurer to make to the proposed plan; and
21 22		(b) the day by which the insurer must submit the amended proposed remediation plan.

 New section 412A insert 412A Notice of reportable conduct (1) If a licensed insurer becomes aware of reportable conduct to the insurer, the insurer must give the MAI commiss notice about the reportable conduct that includes— (a) the known details about the reportable conduct; and (b) details about any action the licensed insurer has proposes to take to— (i) investigate the nature and extent of the report and any other conduct that is the same as or a reportable conduct; and (ii) remediate the reportable conduct and any of identified as a result of an investigation resubparagraph (i); and (iii) remove or mitigate the risk of the same reportable conduct happening; and (c) any other information required by the MAI guidelities (2) The MAI guidelines may make provision in relation to the licensed insurer happening; and 				
(1) If a licensed insurer becomes aware of reportable conduct to the insurer, the insurer must give the MAI commiss notice about the reportable conduct that includes— (a) the known details about the reportable conduct; and (b) details about any action the licensed insurer has proposes to take to— (i) investigate the nature and extent of the report and any other conduct that is the same as or same reportable conduct; and (ii) remediate the reportable conduct and any of identified as a result of an investigation resubparagraph (i); and (iii) remove or mitigate the risk of the same reportable conduct happening; and (c) any other information required by the MAI guidelice. (The MAI guidelines may make provision in relation to the same reportable.				
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(2) The MAI guidelines may make provision in relation to the	e or similar			
• • •	nes.			
(a) what constitutes a significant contravention;	he following:			
(b) information a licensed insurer must include in a under subsection (1).	notice given			
(3) In this section:				
reportable conduct means conduct by a licensed insure or is likely to cause, a significant contravention of—	r that causes,			
(a) this Act; or				

1		(b) a condition of	f the MAI insurer licence; or
2		(c) the insurance	industry deed.
3 4 5	81		ission is to make request definition of <i>certificate of correctness</i> , (d)
6		before the note, in	sert
7		(d) an executive	officer of the licensed insurer.
8 9	82	Internally review Schedule 1, par	vable decisions t 1.1, new item 20A
10		insert	
	20A	re	spend payment of treatment and care benefits and income placement benefits because injured person fails to comply ith a recovery plan for the person
11 12	83	ACAT reviewab Schedule 1, par	le decisions t 1.2, new item 25A
	83		
12	83 25A	Schedule 1, par insert 124A (1) su re	
12	25A	insert 124A (1) su re wi	spend payment of treatment and care benefits and income placement benefits because injured person fails to comply the a recovery plan for the person
12		insert 124A (1) su re wi	spend payment of treatment and care benefits and income placement benefits because injured person fails to comply ith a recovery plan for the person definitions of financial penalty notice and
12 13 14	25A	insert 124A (1) Dictionary, new	spend payment of treatment and care benefits and income placement benefits because injured person fails to comply ith a recovery plan for the person definitions of financial penalty notice and
12 13 14 15	25A	Schedule 1, par insert 124A (1) Dictionary, new ground for final insert	spend payment of treatment and care benefits and income placement benefits because injured person fails to comply ith a recovery plan for the person definitions of financial penalty notice and
12 13 14 15 16 17	25A	Dictionary, new ground for financial penalty section 394D (3).	spend payment of treatment and care benefits and income placement benefits because injured person fails to comply ith a recovery plan for the person definitions of financial penalty notice and incial penalty

85	Dictionary, new definition of independent assessor
	insert
	independent assessor—see section 206.
86	Dictionary, definition of independent health assessor
	omit
87	Dictionary, new definition of minor contravention
	insert
	<i>minor contravention</i> , for part 7.6A (Financial penalties)—see section 394A.
88	Dictionary, definition of <i>non-conviction order</i>
	omit
89	Dictionary, definition of serious contravention
	insert
	<i>serious contravention</i> , for part 7.6A (Financial penalties)—see section 394A.

Endnotes

1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 9 February 2023.

2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on

2023.

3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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Motor Accident Injuries Amendment Bill 2023