

Australian Capital Territory

Public Place Names (Greenway) Determination 2016

Disallowable instrument DI2016–172

made under the

Public Place Names Act 1989, s 3 (Minister to determine names)

1 Name of instrument

This instrument is the *Public Place Names (Greenway) Determination 2016*.

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on the day after notification.

3 Determination of Place Names

I determine the name of the public place specified in the schedule.

Gary Rake
Delegate of the Minister
27 June 2016

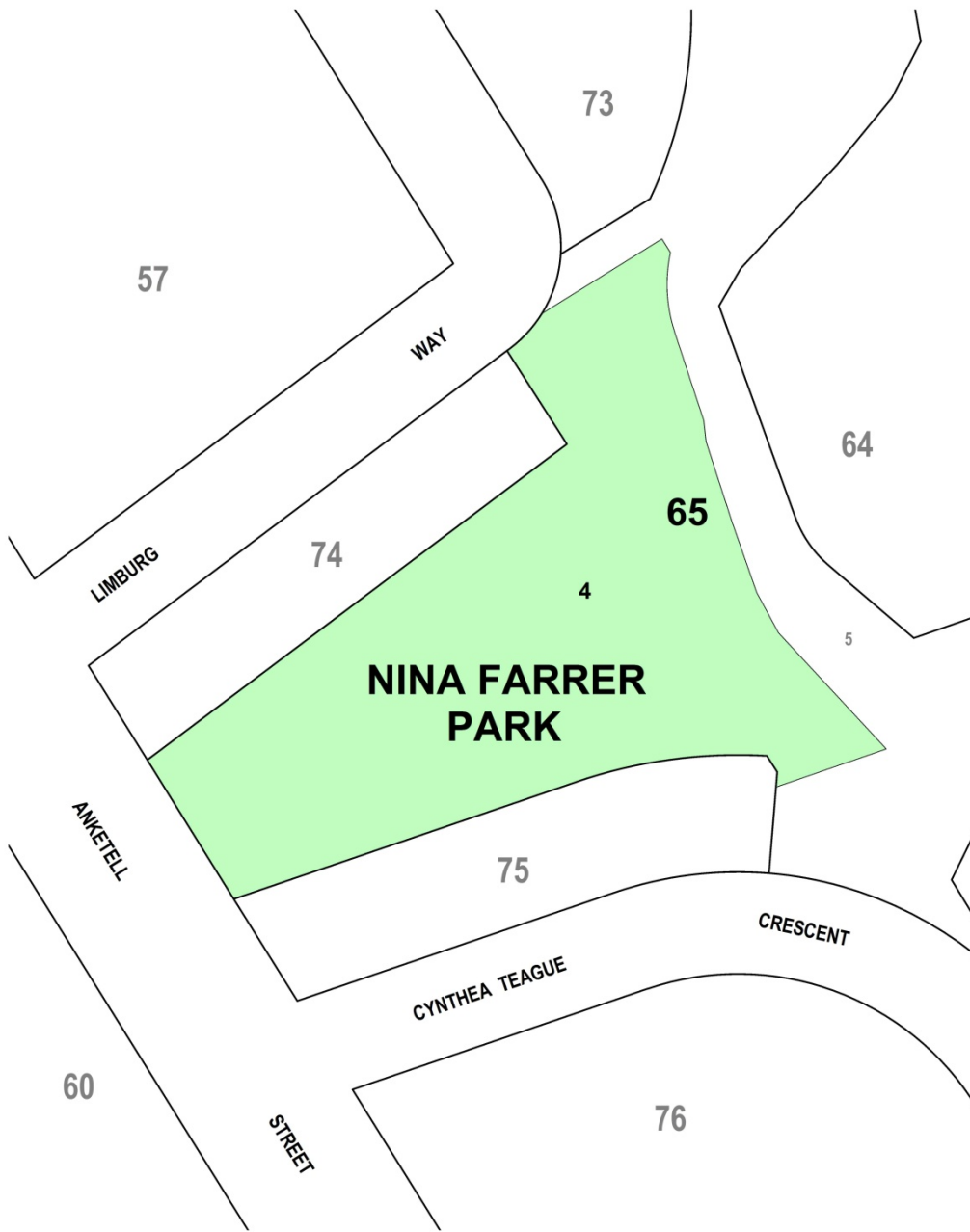
SCHEDULE

See section 3 of the *Public Place Names (Greenway) Determination 2016*.

Division of Greenway

The location of the public place with the following name is indicated on the associated plan.

NAME	ORIGIN	SIGNIFICANCE
Nina Farrer Park	Henrietta Sarah Nina Sophia Farrer (née Fane De Salis) (1848-1929)	Local pioneer Nina Fane De Salis arrived in the district in 1855 with parents Leopold and Charlotte Fane De Salis and settled on the Cuppacumbalong property near Tharwa. She assumed responsibility for managing the household after her mother's death in 1878. Nina married William Farrer in 1882 and the couple lived at Cuppacumbalong until the house on Lambrigg, originally part of the Cuppacumbalong holding, was completed in 1894. Nina was the prudent owner and manager of Lambrigg, on the Murrumbidgee River, where William established his experimental wheat plantings and laboratory. It is recorded that "...his wife was a true mate, who helped and stimulated him in his work and whose loyal support must have been a great solace when his aims were misunderstood...". Nina Farrer was held in high esteem by the local community and was often invited to present prizes and trophies at local functions. She lived at Lambrigg until her death in 1929 and is buried on the property alongside her husband. Their graves are marked by a memorial obelisk funded by the Commonwealth Government and unveiled in 1939.



DIVISION OF GREENWAY

Diagrammatic Plan