# Public Place Names (Greenway) Determination 2018

#### Disallowable instrument DI2018-41

made under the

Public Place Names Act 1989, s 3 (Minister to determine names)

### 1 Name of instrument

This instrument is the *Public Place Names (Greenway) Determination 2018*.

## 2 Commencement

This instrument commences on the day after its notification day.

#### 3 Determination of Place Name

I determine the place name as indicated in the schedule.

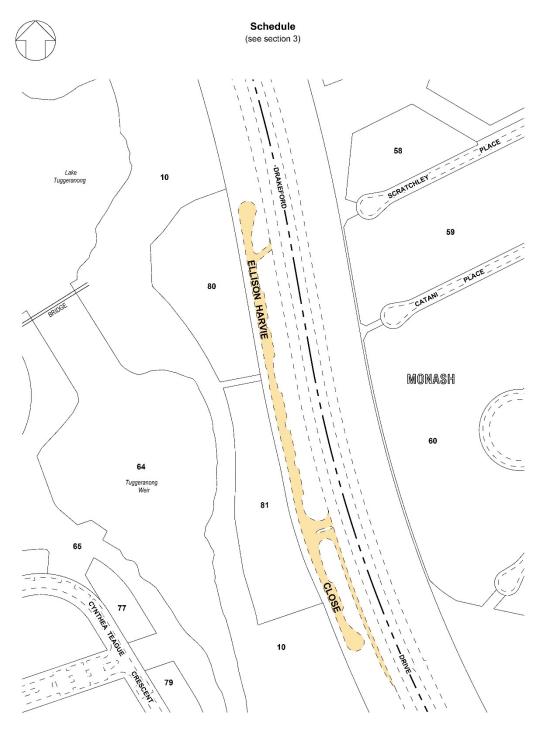
Ben Ponton Delegate of the Minister 07 March 2018 (See section 3)

# **Division of Greenway – Architects**

The location of the public place with the following name is indicated on the associated diagram.

NAME	ORIGIN	SIGNIFICANCE
Ellison Harvie Close	Edythe Ellison Harvie	Architect
	(1902-1984)	Ellison Harvie was articled to Stephenson & Meldrum in 1921, having started architectural studies at Swinburne Technical College in 1920. She completed further study at the University of Melbourne's Architectural Atelier and was awarded the Atelier award in 1927. Ellison Harvie became an associate of the Royal Victorian Institute of Architects in 1928. In 1938, she was appointed the first Associate of the firm Stephenson & Turner. She was made full partner in 1946, the same year she was elected a Fellow of the Royal Victorian Institute of Architecture, the first female fellow of an architectural institute in Australia. Responsible for, and specialising in, many of the major hospital projects the firm undertook, she worked on buildings such as the Royal Melbourne Hospital, the Jessie McPherson wing of the Queen Victoria Hospital and the Mercy, Freemason's and St Vincent's hospitals in Melbourne. She was commissioned in her own right, although the firm undertook the work, to design the Lyceum Club building in Melbourne and St Hilda's College at the University of

Melbourne.



DIVISION OF GREENWAY