

# Taxation Administration (Amounts Payable - Pensioner Duty Concession Scheme) Determination 2014 (No 1)

## Disallowable instrument DI2014-85

made under the

*Taxation Administration Act 1999*, s 139 (Determination of amounts payable under tax laws)

## EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

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### Introduction

1. This instrument is the *Taxation Administration (Amounts Payable - Pensioner Duty Concession Scheme) Determination 2014 (No 1)*.
2. The instrument commences on 4 June 2014. The Pensioner Duty Concession was extended for a further three years from 1 July 2012, as announced in the 2012-13 Budget. The Pensioner Duty Concession Scheme will run in conjunction with the Over 60s Home Bonus (which is available to eligible applicants aged 60 years and over).
3. The *Taxation Administration Act 1999* (the TAA) deals with the administration of various tax laws relating to the imposition of certain taxes, duties and fees. These tax laws are specified in section 4 of the TAA. Section 139 of the TAA empowers the Minister to determine amounts payable for taxes, duties and fees, and the method by which an amount is to be calculated.
4. One of the specified tax laws is the *Duties Act 1999* (the Act). Chapter 2 of the Act deals with the grant of a Crown lease and the transfer or agreement for the transfer of a Crown lease which are subject to duty. Section 12 of the Act states that the duty is payable by the transferee (that is, the eligible home buyer), and section 5 of the Act states that the duty is payable to the Territory.
5. This instrument determines, for the purposes of the Pensioner Duty Concession Scheme:
  - (a) the eligibility criteria;
  - (b) the determination of amounts;
  - (c) the conditions;
  - (d) the method of calculation of duty payable under section 31 of the Act; and
  - (e) the time limit for applications.

## Thresholds and calculation

6. The concessional rates of duty ensure that the amount of the concession progressively reduces to zero at and above the upper dutiable value thresholds. The dutiable value thresholds (i.e. the lower threshold and the upper threshold) are shown in this instrument, for both vacant land and property.
7. If the dutiable value of the eligible property or eligible vacant block is not higher than the lower threshold, an eligible home buyer is entitled to the maximum duty concession, and minimum duty of \$20 is payable.
8. A partial concession is available for purchases of eligible properties or eligible vacant blocks with a dutiable value more than the lower threshold, but less than the upper threshold. The concessional duty payable is the concessional rate of duty for each \$100 (or part thereof) of the difference between the dutiable value of the eligible property or the eligible vacant block, and the lower threshold. At and above the upper threshold, no concession is available.
9. The property value threshold amounts for the calculation of concessional duty for eligible property are as follows:
  - i. the lower threshold is equal to the lowest sale price of the highest 25% of all sale prices for ACT residential properties for the 2 quarters between October 2013 and March 2014. The determined value for the lower threshold is \$595,000 which is an increase of 2.4273% from the previous threshold of \$580,900; and
  - ii. the upper threshold is equal to the lowest sale price of the highest 10% of all sale prices for ACT residential properties for the 2 quarters between October 2013 and March 2014. The determined value for the upper threshold is \$765,000 which is an increase of 3.0997% from the previous threshold of \$742,000.
10. The land value threshold amounts applicable to the calculation of concessional duty for an eligible vacant block have been determined using the same percentile values as those applying to the property value threshold for eligible property in paragraph 10, rounded up to the nearest \$100. They are as follows:
  - i. the lower threshold is determined at \$316,100. It reflects a 2.4273% increase from the previous threshold of \$308,600; and
  - ii. the upper threshold is determined at \$371,200. It reflects a 3.0997% increase from the previous threshold of \$360,000.

## Residency and other criteria

11. An applicant is not eligible for the concession if the applicant holds an interest in land other than the subject property and the property from where the applicant is moving. The applicant must sell or have sold the property from where the applicant is moving within 1 year of the date of completion of the transfer or the date of the certificate of occupancy of the subject property, or a longer period approved by the Commissioner for ACT Revenue (the Commissioner).
12. Ownership of the property being purchased must be in the same name or names as the property being sold.

13. At least one of the applicants, who is also an owner of the existing property is an eligible pensioner. An eligible pensioner is someone who:
  - (a) receives an Australian Centrelink age pension or a Department of Veterans' Affairs age pension equivalent; or
  - (b) receives a Centrelink disability support pension and is 50 years of age or over; or
  - (c) holds a Department of Veterans' Affairs Gold Card and has done so for at least 1 year prior to the first of the—
    - (i) date of the grant; or
    - (ii) date of the transfer; or
    - (iii) date of the agreement for the transfer—  
of the subject property.
14. The concession is restricted to a single concession for each applicant. An applicant must not receive this concession more than once.
15. An applicant for the Pensioner Duty Concession Scheme cannot have previously received the Over 60s Home Bonus. An applicant cannot receive both the Pensioner Duty Concession and the Over 60s Home Bonus.
16. At least one of the applicants must reside in the subject property as their principal place of residence continuously for a period of not less than 6 months. That period must commence within 1 year of completion of the transfer for an eligible property, or the date of the certificate of occupancy that is issued following completion of construction of the residence on the eligible vacant block.
17. This instrument gives the Commissioner a discretion to extend the time for an applicant to meet the residency requirement in the event of an unforeseen circumstance (such as a health-related issue), or to approve a residency period shorter than 6 months, or to exempt the applicant from the residency requirements.
18. However, these discretions can only be exercised by the Commissioner where a written request to exercise them is made within 18 months of completion of the transfer for an eligible property, or the date of the certificate of occupancy, that is issued following completion of construction of the residence on the eligible vacant block.

### **Time limits for applications**

19. Section 9 of this instrument clarifies that an application for concessional duty under the scheme must be received by the Commissioner:
  - (a) for a grant, transfer or an agreement for the transfer of a lease, within 90 days;
  - (b) for an 'off the plan' purchase, if one of the events in section 16A(1) of the Act happens, the concession application must be received within 14 days of the first such event. Otherwise, it must be received within 1 year of the grant, transfer, or agreement for the transfer of the lease.
  - (c) If an application is not received within the relevant time limit required by section 9, the eligible home buyer is not eligible for concessional

duty under this instrument, unless the Commissioner is satisfied that it would have been “unduly onerous” for the application to have been lodged within time – section 40, *Taxation Administration Act 1999*.

## **Revocation**

20. This instrument revokes both DI2013-321 and DI2013-322. Previously, the Territory’s home buyer assistance schemes (the Pensioner Duty Concession and Home Buyer Concession) have been administered via two disallowable instruments, one determining the eligibility for the scheme and one determining the property thresholds.
21. These two instruments have been amalgamated and the one instrument now determines both the eligibility and threshold values.
22. DI2013-321 and DI2013-322 continue to apply to transactions that took place between 1 January 2014 and 3 June 2014, inclusive.

Authorised by Treasurer  
Andrew Barr MLA