

# Public Place Names (Taylor) Determination 2017

## Disallowable Instrument DI2017–34

made under the

Public Place Names Act 1989, s 3 (Minister to determine names)

## EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

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### Overview

#### *Background*

The *Public Place Names Act 1989* (the Act) sets out the process and criteria for the naming of divisions and public places. Section 2 of the Act defines a “public place” as including “an avenue, road, street, geographical feature or place that the public is entitled to use, and any unleased land”.

Section 3 of the Act gives the Minister the power to determine the name of a division or public place. The determination of the Minister is a disallowable instrument and as such must be notified in the ACT Legislation Register.

The factors that the Minister must have regard to in determining a name are set out in sections 3 and 4 of the Act. Section 3(3)(a) of the Act requires the Minister to consider the *Public Place Names (Naming of Public Places) Guidelines 2014 (No 1)* (guidelines) when naming a public place. The guidelines are made under section 4A of the Act and are notified at <http://www.legislation.act.gov.au/ni/2014-643/default.asp>.

#### *The Determination*

The *Public Place Names (Taylor) Determination 2017* determines the names of seven roads for the Division of Taylor indicated in the diagram in the schedule to the determination.

The names are consistent with the theme for Taylor which is architects, town planners and urban designers. The purpose of this determination is to commemorate the names of eight people, for their contribution to Australian architecture and town planning. One road name co-commemorates two architects.

The number of women and men after whom divisions or public places have been named in the last 10 years, and whether the names of women are well represented, has

been considered as required by section 3(2) of the Act. This instrument commemorates the names of three women and five men.

#### Consultation

If a public place is proposed to be named after a particular person reasonable steps are taken to obtain prior permission from the person's relatives, close colleagues or a relevant professional organisation. This consultation and related steps are taken in accordance with the guidelines. This determination has involved consultation with family members and advice from professional organisations and notable Australian architectural historians.

#### Regulatory Impact Statement (RIS)

The *Legislation Act 2001* (Legislation Act) requires a RIS for regulations and disallowable instruments subject to specified exceptions. In this case, a RIS is not required because the determination does not impose any appreciable costs on the community or part of the community (s 34(1) of the Legislation Act). Further, a RIS is also not required because while the determination of place names is culturally and socially significant it does not adversely affect rights or impose liabilities on a person (s 36(1)(b) of the Legislation Act).

#### Human Rights

Section 12 of the *Human Rights Act 2004* creates a right to privacy and reputation. Conceivably, the naming of a place has the potential to infringe the right to privacy and reputation of a person after whom a place is named. In this case the process through which places are named ensures that this right is not infringed and that only appropriate information is included in a determination. This process includes the consultation described above. Additionally, in relation to places named after people, only the names of deceased persons are determined.

#### Delegation

This determination is made by a delegate of the Minister. The Minister has delegated the power under section 3 of the Act to name a division or public place to the Director-General of the Environment, Planning and Sustainable Development Directorate and other senior officers within the Directorate, refer to the *Legislation (Environment and Planning Directorate) Delegation 2016 (No 2)*, notifiable instrument NI2016-289.

#### Status of this Explanatory Statement

This explanatory statement relates to the *Public Place Names (Taylor) Determination 2017* as made by the delegate of the Minister and presented to the ACT Legislative Assembly. It has been prepared in order to assist the reader of the disallowable instrument. It does not form part of the disallowable instrument and has not been endorsed by the Assembly.

## **Clause Notes**

### ***Clause 1 – Name of Instrument***

This clause names the instrument.

### ***Clause 2 – Commencement***

This clause provides for the commencement of the instrument.

### ***Clause 3 – Determination of Place Names***

This clause names the public places as specified in the schedule.