



Australian Capital Territory

Public Health (Cervical Cytology) Regulations¹ (Amendment)

Subordinate Law No. 33 of 1995²

The Australian Capital Territory Executive makes the following Regulations under the *Public Health Act 1928*.

Dated 23 August 1995.

KATE CARNELL
Minister

BILL STEFANIAK
Minister

Commencement

1. These Regulations commence on the day on which they are notified in the *Gazette*.

Principal Regulations

2. In these Regulations, “Principal Regulations” means the Public Health (Cervical Cytology) Regulations.

Interpretation

3. Regulation 3 of the Principal Regulations is amended—

- (a) by omitting the definition of “cervical material”; and
- (b) by inserting the following definition:
 - “ ‘cervical tissue’ means cervical tissue taken from a woman to determine whether she has cervical cancer;”.

Obligations of health practitioner and person in charge of laboratory

- 4. Regulation 4 of the Principal Regulations is amended—
 - (a) by omitting from subregulation (1) (being the subregulation added by resolution of the Legislative Assembly published in *Gazette* No. S3 of 4 January 1995) “the patient” and substituting “each woman from whom a cervical smear or cervical tissue is to be taken”;
 - (b) by omitting from subregulation (1) (being the subregulation included in Subordinate Law No. 30 of 1994) “material” and substituting “tissue”; and
 - (c) by renumbering subregulation (1) (being the subregulation included in Subordinate Law No. 30 of 1994) as subregulation (1A).

Disclosure of identifying information—women

- 5. Regulation 8 of the Principal Regulations is amended—
 - (a) by omitting from paragraph (2) (a) “material” and substituting “tissue”; and
 - (b) by omitting from paragraph (2) (b) “material” and substituting “tissue”.

NOTES

Principal Regulations

- 1. Reprinted as at 31 March 1995.

Notification

- 2. Notified in the ACT Gazette on 1 September 1995.