



Australian Capital Territory

Charitable Collections Regulations 2003 No 33

made under the

Charitable Collections Act 2003

Republication No 1

Effective: 9 October 2003 – 2 November 2004

Republication date: 9 October 2003

Regulations not amended

Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel

About this republication

The republished law

This is a republication of the *Charitable Collections Regulations 2003*, made under the *Charitable Collections Act 2003* (including any amendment made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 (Editorial changes)) as in force on 9 October 2003. It also includes any commencement, repeal or expiry affecting the republished law.

The legislation history and amendment history of the republished law are set out in endnotes 3 and 4.

Kinds of republications

The Parliamentary Counsel's Office prepares 2 kinds of republications of ACT laws (see the ACT legislation register at www.legislation.act.gov.au):

- authorised republications to which the *Legislation Act 2001* applies
- unauthorised republications.

The status of this republication appears on the bottom of each page.

Editorial amendments

The *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 authorises the Parliamentary Counsel to make editorial amendments and other changes of a formal nature when preparing a law for republication. Editorial changes do not change the effect of the law, but have effect as if they had been made by an Act commencing on the republication date (see *Legislation Act 2001*, s 115 and s 117). The changes are made if the Parliamentary Counsel considers they are desirable to bring the law into line, or more closely into line, with current legislative drafting practice.

This republication does not include amendments made under part 11.3 (see endnote 1).

Uncommenced provisions and amendments

If a provision of the republished law has not commenced or is affected by an uncommenced amendment, the symbol **U** appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the uncommenced provision or amendment appears only in the last endnote.

Modifications

If a provision of the republished law is affected by a current modification, the symbol **M** appears immediately before the provision heading. The text of the modifying provision appears in the endnotes. For the legal status of modifications, see *Legislation Act 2001*, section 95.

Penalties

The value of a penalty unit for an offence against this republished law at the republication date is—

- (a) if the person charged is an individual—\$100; or
- (b) if the person charged is a corporation—\$500.



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Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of regulations

These regulations are the *Charitable Collections Regulations 2003*.

3 Dictionary

The dictionary at the end of these regulations is part of these regulations.

Note 1 The dictionary at the end of these regulations defines certain terms used in these regulations, and includes references (*signpost definitions*) to other terms defined elsewhere.

For example, the signpost definition ‘**motor vehicle**’—see the *Road Transport (General) Act 1999*, dictionary.’ means that the term ‘motor vehicle’ is defined in that dictionary and the definition applies to these regulations.

Note 2 A definition in the dictionary (including a signpost definition) applies to the entire regulations unless the definition, or another provision of the regulations, provides otherwise or the contrary intention otherwise appears (see Legislation Act, s 155 and s 156 (1)).

4 Notes

A note included in these regulations is explanatory and is not part of these regulations.

Note See Legislation Act, s 127 (1), (4) and (5) for the legal status of notes.

5 Offences against regulations—application of Criminal Code etc

Other legislation applies in relation to offences against these regulations.

Note 1 Criminal Code

The Criminal Code, ch 2 applies to all offences against these regulations (see Code, pt 2.1).

The chapter sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility (including burdens of proof and general defences), and defines terms used for offences to which the Code applies (eg *conduct, intention, recklessness* and *strict liability*).

Note 2 Penalty units

The Legislation Act, s 133 deals with the meaning of offence penalties that are expressed in penalty units.

Part 2

Exempt collections

6 What are not collections—Act, s 7 (3) (g)

- (1) The following are declared not to be a collection:
 - (a) the soliciting or receiving of money by a school if the money is—
 - (i) a genuine fee or charge by the school for educational purposes; or
 - (ii) a voluntary contribution to the school for educational purposes that is solicited or received from a person with parental responsibility for a child who is enrolled at the school;
 - (b) the soliciting or receiving of money by a body affiliated with a school for the educational purposes of the school;

Examples of bodies for par (b)

- 1 a parents and citizens association, or a parents and friends association, for the school
- 2 an association of former students, former staff, or parents of former students, of the school

Note

An example is part of the regulations, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

- (c) the soliciting or receiving of money or a benefit by an entity if the proceeds received from collections conducted by the entity is less than \$15 000 in a financial year;
- (d) the receiving of money or a benefit by an entity that—
 - (i) is not solicited by the entity; or

Regulation 6

- (ii) is not received by the entity because of a collection conducted by the entity;
 - (e) the soliciting or receiving of money or a benefit by a non-government organisation accredited with the Australian Agency for International Development (AusAID) (whether or not the money or benefit is used, or intended to be used, solely for aid in a foreign country);
 - (f) the solicitation or receipt of sponsorship from a corporation.
- (2) In this regulation:

school means an entity that provides education at the pre-school, primary school, high school or secondary college level.

Part 3

Conduct of collections

7 Meaning of *licensee* for pt 3

In this part:

licensee, for a collection, means—

- (a) if the licence to conduct the collection is issued to an individual or a corporation—the holder of the licence; or
- (b) if the licence to conduct the collection is issued to an unincorporated body—the body.

Note Under the Act, the licensee for an unincorporated body is the nominated person for the body (see the Act, s 31).

8 Complying identifying tags—Act, s 16 (4), def complying identifying tag, par (b)

Note The requirements below are additional to anything else required by the conditions of the licence for the collection, see the def, par (a).

The following requirements are prescribed for a person taking part in a collection:

- (a) the person's surname or a unique number given to the person by a person who conducts the collection;
- (b) either—
 - (i) the licensee's name; or
 - (ii) if the licensee has a logo that is reasonably well known by the general public—the logo;
- (c) if the applicable information mentioned in paragraph (b) does not indicate the purpose of the collection—the purpose of the collection;

Regulation 9

- (d) if the person has received, or will receive, money or a benefit for taking part in the collection—a statement that the collector is a ‘paid collector’.

9 Information to be given for collections—Act, s 17 (3), def *required information*, par (b)

Note The requirements below are additional to anything else required by the conditions of the licence for the collection, see the def, par (a).

- (1) The following information is required for a collection carried out personally:
 - (a) the purpose of the collection;
 - (b) how and where the net proceeds of the collection will be spent;
 - (c) a business telephone number for the licensee.
- (2) The following information is required for a collection carried out by telephone:
 - (a) the purpose of the collection;
 - (b) if the purpose of the collection does not indicate the licensee’s name—the licensee’s name;
 - (c) if the person soliciting or receiving money or a benefit for the purposes of the collection has received, or will receive, money or a benefit for taking part in the collection—the person is a ‘paid collector’;
 - (d) how and where the net proceeds of the collection will be spent;
 - (e) a business telephone number for the licensee.
- (3) The following information is required for a collection carried out by a written request:
 - (a) the licensee’s name;

Regulation 9

- (b) the purpose of the collection;
- (c) how and where the net proceeds of the collection will be spent;
- (d) a business telephone number for the licensee.

Examples of written requests

- 1 a request personally addressed to a person
- 2 a request sent to ‘The Occupier’ or ‘The Householder’ of premises
- 3 a pamphlet asking for donations handed to a person or left in a person’s letterbox
- 4 a fax sent to a person or an entity
- 5 a message sent to a person over the internet

Note 1 **Writing** includes any way of representing or reproducing words in visible form (see Legislation Act, dict, pt 1, def *writing*).

Note 2 An example is part of the regulations, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

- (4) The following information is required for a collection carried out from or through a web site:
 - (a) the licensee’s name;
 - (b) the purpose of the collection;
 - (c) how and where the net proceeds of the collection will be spent;
 - (d) a business telephone number for the licensee.
- (5) The following information is required for a collection carried out through a collection bin:
 - (a) the licensee’s name;
 - (b) if the purpose of the collection is not indicated by the licensee’s name—the purpose of the collection;
 - (c) a business telephone number for the licensee.

Regulation 10

(6) In this regulation:

net proceeds, of a collection—see regulation 13 (2).

10 Statutory conditions about children taking part in collections—sch 1

A licence, or a document stated by the licence to form part of the licence, may indicate that the conditions mentioned in schedule 1 apply to a collection conducted under the licence.

Note For provisions about the employment of children, see the *Children and Young People Act 1999*, ch 10.

Part 4

Proceeds of collections

11 Issue of receipts

- (1) A person who is taking part in a collection (the *collector*) commits an offence if—
 - (a) someone else (the *donor*) personally gives the collector more than \$2 in cash for the purposes of the collection (the *donation*); and
 - (b) the donor asks the collector for a receipt for the donation; and
 - (c) the collector does not give the donor an authorised receipt for the amount of the donation.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

- (2) This regulation does not apply if the donor receives goods or services of substantially the same value as the amount given to the collector.

Example

the purchase price of an item of food from a fast food company that includes a donation to a charity

Note An example is part of the regulations, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

- (3) An offence against this regulation is a strict liability offence.

(4) In this regulation:

authorised receipt means a printed receipt or anything else given to the collector by a person conducting the collection for the purpose of acknowledging a donation of a particular amount.

Example of something that is not a printed receipt

badges of different colours or designs to indicate the amount of a donation

12 Lawful and proper expenses—Act, s 44 (4)

The following are lawful and proper expenses for a collection:

- (a) the reasonable expenses incurred by the licensee in—
 - (i) conducting and carrying out the collection; and
 - (ii) administering and distributing the proceeds of the collection; and
 - (iii) complying with this Act; and
- (b) any other expenses stated in the application for the licence for the collection.

Example of other expenses for par (b)

how a commercial fundraisers fee is calculated

Note An example is part of the regulations, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

13 Finalised accounts—Act, s 47 (6), def required accounts, par (b)

- (1) The required accounts for a collection are accounts that show the following:
 - (a) the proceeds of the collection (including any amounts realised from benefits received for the purposes of the collection);

Regulation 14

- (b) the amount of lawful and proper expenses under the Act, section 44 (3) for the collection;
 - (c) the net proceeds of the collection;
 - (d) the amount applied for the purposes of the collection.
- (2) In this regulation:
- net proceeds*, of a collection, means the amount obtained by subtracting the expenses mentioned in subregulation (1) (b) from the proceeds mentioned in subregulation (1) (a).
- 14 Reports by licensee to chief executive—Act, s 48 (5), def required information**
- (1) The required information for a report to the chief executive about a collection is a statement of the following amounts for the collection:
 - (a) the proceeds of the collection (including any amounts realised from benefits received for the purposes of the collection);
 - (b) the amount of lawful and proper expenses under the Act, section 44 (3) for the collection;
 - (c) the net proceeds of the collection;
 - (d) the amount applied for the purposes of the collection.
 - (2) To remove any doubt, subregulation (1) does not limit the information that may be included in the report to the chief executive.
 - (3) In this regulation:
- net proceeds*, of a collection, means the amount obtained by subtracting the expenses mentioned in subregulation (1) (b) from the proceeds mentioned in subregulation (1) (a).

15 When annual audited accounts are required

- (1) This regulation applies to a licensee if the proceeds received in the ACT by the licensee from collections carried out partly or wholly in the ACT is, in any 12-month period, more than \$50 000.
- (2) The licensee must give the chief executive audited annual accounts for the year or years in which the collections were carried out.
- (3) However, if the annual accounts include the proceeds of collections carried out in both the ACT and a State, the accounts need not separately identify the amount collected in the ACT.

Part 5 Miscellaneous

16 Internet access to material on register of licences

- (1) The chief executive may arrange for the material mentioned in the Act, section 40 (2) and (3) to be accessible on a web site approved by the chief executive.
- (2) Access under subregulation (1) is to be provided without charge by the Territory.

Schedule 1**Statutory conditions about
children taking part in
collections**

(see reg 10)

1 Consent to take part in collections

- (1) A child who is under 12 years old must not take part in a collection unless a person with parental responsibility for the child has given written consent to the child taking part in the collection.
- (2) A child who is at least 12 years old must not take part in a collection unless—
 - (a) the child has given his or her written consent to taking part in the collection; and
 - (b) a person with parental responsibility for the child has given written consent to the child taking part in the collection.

2 Supervision of children under 6 years old

A child under 6 years old who is taking part in a collection must be directly supervised by a person with parental responsibility for the child.

3 Supervision of children 6 years old or older

- (1) This clause applies in relation to a child who is 6 years old or older who is taking part in a collection.
- (2) The child must be adequately supervised having regard to the age, sex and maturity of the child.
- (3) The person supervising the child (the *supervisor*) must be an adult.

Schedule 1 Statutory conditions about children taking part in collections

Clause 4

- (4) The supervisor must—
 - (a) supervise no more than 6 children; and
 - (b) ensure that each child is accompanied by another child who is at least 6 years old or by an adult; and
 - (c) be in close proximity to each child being supervised; and
 - (d) know the whereabouts of each child; and
 - (e) take all reasonable steps to ensure that each child does not—
 - (i) enter a private dwelling; or
 - (ii) solicit or receive money or a benefit from a person in a motor vehicle; and
 - (f) make contact with each child at intervals of not longer than 30 minutes.
- (5) Subclause (4) does not apply if a child is accompanied by an adult while taking part in the collection.

4 Contact by person with parental responsibility

A collection must be carried out in such a way as to give a person with parental responsibility for a child taking part in the collection a reasonable opportunity to contact the child.

5 Hours of participation

- (1) A child must not take part in a collection—
 - (a) before 6 am or sunrise (whichever is later); and
 - (b) after 7 pm or sunset (whichever is earlier).
- (2) This clause does not apply if a child is accompanied by an adult while taking part in the collection.

6 Maximum periods

- (1) A child under 12 years old must not take part in a collection for more than 3 hours (including any rest breaks) on any 1 day.
- (2) A child who is at least 12 years old—
 - (a) must not take part in a collection for more than 7 hours (including any rest breaks) on any 1 day; and
 - (b) must not take part in a collection for more than 3 hours without a rest break of at least 30 minutes.

Dictionary

(see reg 3)

Note 1 The Legislation Act contains definitions and other provisions relevant to these regulations.

Note 2 For example, the Legislation Act, dict, pt 1, defines the following terms:

- adult
- body
- chief executive
- financial year
- foreign country
- penalty unit
- State
- writing.

Note 3 Terms used in these regulations have the same meaning that they have in the *Charitable Collections Act 2003* (see Legislation Act, s 148). For example, the following terms are defined in the *Charitable Collections Act 2003*, dict:

- benefit
- collection
- commercial fundraiser
- conducts, for a collection
- licence
- proceeds, of a collection
- takes part, in a collection.

licensee, for part 3 (Conduct of collections)—see regulation 7.

motor vehicle—see the *Road Transport (General) Act 1999*, dictionary.

parental responsibility, for a child, means a person who has parental responsibility for the child under the *Children and Young People Act 1999*, section 18.

Endnotes

1 About the endnotes

Amending and modifying laws are annotated in the legislation history and the amendment history. Current modifications are not included in the republished law but are set out in the endnotes.

Not all editorial amendments made under the *Legislation Act 2001*, part 11.3 are annotated in the amendment history. Full details of any amendments can be obtained from the Parliamentary Counsel's Office.

Uncommenced amending laws and expiries are listed in the legislation history and the amendment history. These details are underlined. Uncommenced provisions and amendments are not included in the republished law but are set out in the last endnote.

If all the provisions of the law have been renumbered, a table of renumbered provisions gives details of previous and current numbering.

The endnotes also include a table of earlier republications.

If the republished law includes penalties, current information about penalty unit values appears on the republication inside front cover.

2 Abbreviation key

am = amended	ord = ordinance
amdt = amendment	orig = original
ch = chapter	p = page
cl = clause	par = paragraph
def = definition	pres = present
dict = dictionary	prev = previous
disallowed = disallowed by the Legislative Assembly	(prev...) = previously
div = division	prov = provision
exp = expires/expired	pt = part
Gaz = Gazette	r = rule/subrule
hdg = heading	reg = regulation/subregulation
IA = Interpretation Act 1967	renum = renumbered
ins = inserted/added	reloc = relocated
LA = Legislation Act 2001	R[X] = Republication No
LR = legislation register	RI = reissue
LRA = Legislation (Republication) Act 1996	s = section/subsection
mod = modified / modification	sch = schedule
No = number	sdiv = subdivision
num = numbered	sub = substituted
o = order	SL = Subordinate Law
om = omitted/repealed	<u>underlining</u> = whole or part not commenced or to be expired

Endnotes

3 Legislation history

3 Legislation history

Charitable Collections Regulations 2003 SL2003-33

notified LR 22 September 2003

reg 1, reg 2 commenced 22 September 2003 (LA s 75 (1))

remainder commenced 9 October 2003 (reg 2 and see Charitable Collections Act 2003 A2003-17, s 2 and LA s 79)

4 Amendment history

Commencement

reg 2 om LA s 89 (4)

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