



Australian Capital Territory

Heritage Amendment Regulation 2014 (No 1)

Subordinate Law SL2014-24

The Australian Capital Territory Executive makes the following regulation under the [Heritage Act 2004](#).

Dated 1 October 2014.

MICK GENTLEMAN
Minister

SIMON CORBELL
Minister



Australian Capital Territory

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Subordinate Law SL2014-24

made under the

[Heritage Act 2004](#)

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Authorised by the ACT Parliamentary Counsel—also accessible at www.legislation.act.gov.au

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1 Name of regulation

This regulation is the *Heritage Amendment Regulation 2014 (No 1)*.

2 Commencement

This regulation commences on the commencement of the *Heritage Legislation Amendment Act 2014*.

Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see [Legislation Act](#), s 75 (1)).

3 Legislation amended

This regulation amends the *Heritage Regulation 2006*.

4 Section 5 (3)

after

deputy chairperson

insert

(the *convenor*)

5 Section 5 (4)

substitute

- (4) The convenor must give the other members written notice of particulars of the meeting—
- (a) if the meeting is not urgent—at least 5 working days before the day of the meeting; or
 - (b) if the meeting is urgent—as soon as practicable before the meeting.

(5) In subsection (4):

particulars of the meeting includes the following:

- (a) the date and time of the meeting;
- (b) details about—
 - (i) if members are required to attend the meeting in person—where the meeting will be held; or
 - (ii) if members are not required to attend the meeting in person—the way in which members may take part in the meeting;
- (c) an agenda for the meeting.

6 Section 6 (3)

substitute

- (3) If the chairperson and the deputy chairperson are absent, the voting member chosen by a majority of voting members present presides.

7 Section 7

Substitute

7 Quorum of council meetings

Business may be carried on at a meeting of the council only if at least 5 voting members are able to take part in the meeting.

8 Section 8

omit

appointed

substitute

voting

9 Section 9 (4) and example

substitute

- (4) A resolution is a valid resolution of the council, even if it is not passed at a meeting of the council, if—
- (a) at least 5 voting members consider a proposal for the resolution; and
 - (b) the resolution is passed by a majority of the voting members who considered the proposal.
- (4A) A voting member who considers the proposal may agree or disagree with the proposal in writing or by electronic communication.

Example—electronic communication

telephone or email

- (4B) If the votes in a decision about the proposal are equal, the voting member presiding has a casting vote.

10 Section 9 (6), note

omit

11 Dictionary, definition of *appointed member*

omit

12 Dictionary, new definition of *voting member*

insert

voting member means a member other than—

- (a) the conservator of flora or fauna; or
- (b) the chief planning executive; or

- (c) for a particular issue to be considered or decided by the council at a council meeting—a member who, under section 10 (Disclosure of interests by council members), is not entitled to be present at council’s consideration of, or decision on, the issue.

Endnotes

1 Notification

Notified under the [Legislation Act](#) on 2 October 2014.

2 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.
